Section 12

Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings

This section presents statistics on the labor force; its distribution by occupation and industry affiliation; and the supply of, demand for, and conditions of labor. The chief source of these data is the Current Population Survey (CPS) conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), Comprehensive historical and current data are available from the BLS Internet site http://www.ntp.../ .bls.gov/cps/>. These data are published on a current basis in the BLS monthly publication Employment and Earnings. Detailed data on the labor force are also available from the Census Bureau's decennial census of population.

Types of data—Most statistics in this section are obtained by two methods: household interviews or questionnaires and reports of establishment payroll records. Each method provides data that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtainable only from the household survey, while detailed industrial classifications can be readily derived only from establishment records.

Household data are obtained from a monthly sample survey of the population. The CPS is used to gather data for the calendar week including the 12th of the month and provides current comprehensive data on the labor force (see text, Section 1, Population). The CPS provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, according to the job at which they worked the most hours during the survey week.

Monthly, quarterly, and annual data from the CPS are published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in Employment and Earnings. Data presented include national totals of the number of persons in the civilian labor force by sex, race, Hispanic

or Latino origin, and age; the number employed; hours of work; industry and occupational groups; and the number unemployed, reasons for, and duration of unemployment. Annual data shown in this section are averages of monthly figures for each calendar year, unless otherwise specified. Historical national CPS data are available on the site http://www.bls .gov/cps/>.

The CPS also produces annual estimates of employment and unemployment for each state, 50 large metropolitan statistical areas, and selected cities. These estimates are published by BLS in its annual Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment available at http://www.unemployment availabl .bls.gov/opub/gp/laugp.htm>. More detailed geographic data (e.g., for counties and cities) are provided by the decennial population censuses.

Data based on establishment records are compiled by BLS and cooperating state agencies as part of an ongoing Current Employment Statistics program, Survey data, gathered monthly from a sample of employers through electronic interviewing (including electronic data interchange. touchtone data entry, and computerassisted telephone interviewing) or by mail, fax, on magnetic tape or computer diskette, are supplemented by data from other government agencies and adjusted at intervals to data from government social insurance program reports. The estimates exclude self-employed persons, private household workers, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and the Armed Forces. In March 2003, reporting establishments employed 5 million manufacturing workers (34 percent of the total manufacturing employment at the time), 21 million workers in private nonmanufacturing industries (23 percent of the total in private nonmanufacturing), and 16 million federal, state, and local government employees (71 percent of total government).

The establishment survey counts workers each time they appear on a payroll during the reference period (the payroll period that includes the 12th of the month). Thus, unlike the CPS, a person with two jobs is counted twice. The establishment survey is designed to provide detailed industry information for the nation, states, and metropolitan areas on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, and average hourly and weekly earnings. Establishment survey data also are published in Employment and Earnings. Historical national data are available on the site http://www.bls.gov/ces/. Historical data for states and metropolitan areas are available on the site .

In June 2003, BLS completed a comprehensive sample redesign of the establishment survey begun in June 2000, changing from a quota-based sample to a probability-based sample. Also in June 2003, all establishment survey employment, hours, and earnings series were converted from being classified by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system to being classified by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The NAICS conversion resulted in major definitional changes to many of the previously published SIC-based series. All establishment survey historical time series were reconstructed as part of the NAICS conversion process and all published series have a NAICS-based history extending back to at least 1990. For total nonfarm industries and other high-level aggregates, NAICS history was reconstructed back to the previously existing start date for the series, 1939 in most cases. More information on the sample redesign, the conversion to NAICS, and other changes to the establishment survey implemented in June 2003 appears in "Revisions to the Current **Employment Statistics National Estimates** Effective May 2003" in the June 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings*, as well as the Establishment Data portion of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings.

The completion of the sample redesign and the conversion to NAICS for state and metropolitan area establishment survey

data was implemented in March 2003 with the release of January 2003 estimates. For a discussion of the changes to the state and area establishment survey data, see "Revisions to the Current Employment Statistics State and Area Estimates Effective January 2003" in the March 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings.

Labor force—According to the CPS definitions, the civilian labor force comprises all civilians in the noninstitutional population 16 years and over classified as "employed" or "unemployed" according to the following criteria: Employed civilians comprise (a) all civilians, who, during the reference week, did any work for pay or profit (minimum of an hour's work) or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in a family enterprise and (b) all civilians who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent for noneconomic reasons (illness, weather conditions, vacation, labor-management dispute, etc.) whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Unemployed persons comprise all civilians who had no employment during the reference week. who made specific efforts to find a job within the previous 4 weeks (such as applying directly to an employer or to a public employment service or checking with friends) and who were available for work during that week, except for temporary illness. Persons on layoff from a job and expecting recall also are classified as unemployed. All other civilian persons, 16 years old and over, are classified as "not in the labor force."

Various breaks in the CPS data series have occurred over time due to the introduction of population adjustments and other changes. For details on these breaks in series and the effect that they had on the CPS data, see the section on noncomparability of labor force levels in the Household Data portion of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings available on the site http://www.bls.gov/cps/eetech_methods.pdf>.

Beginning in January 2003, the CPS reflects the introduction of Census 2000-based population controls. These new

population controls substantially increased the size of the civilian noninstitutional population and the civilian labor force. Data from January 2000 through December 2002 were revised to reflect the higher population estimates from Census 2000 and the higher rates of population growth since the census. At the start of the revision period (lanuary 2000), the new population controls raised the civilian noninstitutional population and the civilian labor force by 2.6 and 1.6 million, respectively. By December 2002, the civilian population and labor force were 3.8 and 2.5 million, respectively, higher than originally estimated. An additional population control adjustment, introduced with data for January 2003, had the effect of increasing the civilian population and labor force by about 950,000 and 600,000 respectively. The unemployment rate and other ratios were not substantially affected by either of these population control adjustments. An explanation of the changes and their effects on labor force estimates appears in "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings, available on the site http://www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf.

Hours and earnings—Average hourly earnings, based on establishment data, are gross earnings (i.e., earnings before payroll deductions) and include overtime premiums; they exclude irregular bonuses and value of payments in kind. Hours are those for which pay was received. Wages and salaries from the CPS consist of total monies received for work performed by an employee during the income year. It includes wages, salaries, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, union dues, etc. Persons who worked 35 hours or more are classified as working full time.

Industry and occupational groups— Industry data derived from the CPS for 1983-91 utilize the 1980 census industrial classification developed from the 1972 SIC. CPS data from 1971 to 1982 were based on the 1970 census classification system, which was developed from the 1967 SIC. Most of the industry categories were not affected by the change in classification.

The occupational classification system used in the 1980 census and in the CPS for 1983-91, evolved from the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system, first introduced in 1977. Occupational categories used in the 1980 census classification system are so radically different from the 1970 census system used in the CPS through 1982, that their implementation represented a break in historical data series. In cases where data have not vet been converted to the 1980 classifications and still reflect the 1970 classifications (e.g., Table 643), comparisons between the two systems should not be made.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification and the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Systems, respectively.)

Beginning in 2003, the 2002 Census Bureau occupational and industrial classification systems were introduced into the CPS. These systems were derived from the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The composition of detailed occupational and and industrial classifications in the new classification systems was substantially changed from the previous systems in use, as was the structure for aggregating them into broad groups. Consequently, the use if the new classification systems created breaks in existing data series at all levels of aggregation. CPS data using the new classification systems are available beginning 2000. Additional information on the 2002 Census Bureau occupational and industrial classifications systems appears in "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings, available on the BLS web site http://www.bls.gov /cps/rvcps03.pdf>.

For details on the changes over time in the industrial and occupational classification systems used in the CPS, see the section on changes in the occupational and industrial classification systems in the

Household Data portion of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of *Employment and Earnings* available on the site http://www.bls.gov/cps/eetech_methods.pdf>.

Establishments responding to the establishment survey are classified according to the 2002 North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS). Previously they were classified according to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). See text, Section 15, Business Enterprise, for information about the SIC manual and NAICS.

Productivity—BLS publishes data on productivity as measured by output per hour (labor productivity), output per combined unit of labor and capital input (multifactor productivity), and, for manufacturing industries, output per combined unit of capital, labor, energy, materials, and purchased service inputs. Labor productivity and related indexes are published for the business sector as a whole and its major subsectors: nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporations, and for over 200 industries at the NAICS 2; 3-, and 4-digit levels. Labor productivity data were converted to a NAICS classification for the SIC classification in September 2003. Data for the business and nonfarm business sectors were reconstructed back to 1947; data for nonfinancial corporations back to 1958, and data for the specific industry measures and the manufacturing sectors were reconstructed back to 1987. Multifactor productivity and related measures (currently SIC-based) are published for the private business sector and its major subsectors. Productivity indexes that take into account capital, labor, energy, materials, and service inputs are published for the 18 major industry groups that comprise most of the manufacturing sector, the utility services industry group, for 141 three-digit SIC manufacturing industries, and railroad transportation and air transportation. The major sector data are published in the BLS quarterly news release, Productivity and Costs and in the annual Multifactor Productivity Trends release. Industry productivity measures are updated and published annually in the news releases Productivity and Costs by Industry. The

latest data are available at the BLS productivity and costs Web site http://www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm Detailed information on methods, limitations, and data sources appears in the BLS *Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2490 (1997), Chapters 10 and 11.

Unions—As defined here, unions include traditional labor unions and employee associations similar to labor unions. Data on union membership status provided by BLS are for employed wage and salary workers and relate to their principal job. Earnings by union membership status are usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers. The information is collected through the Current Population Survey.

Work stoppages—Work stoppages include all strikes and lockouts known to BLS that last for at least 1 full day or shift and involve 1,000 or more workers. All stoppages, whether or not authorized by a union, legal or illegal, are counted. Excluded are work slowdowns and instances where employees report to work late or leave early to attend mass meetings or mass rallies.

Seasonal adjustment—Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement that can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation (e.g., climate or school openings and closings), it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern—that is. changes in a seasonally adjusted series-it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors, but also are affected by the uncertainties of the adjustment process itself.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability applicable to Census Bureau and BLS data, see Appendix III.

No. 569. Employment Status of the Civilian Population: 1970 to 2003

[In thousands (137,085 represents 137,085,000), except as indicated. Annual averages of monthly figures. For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

				Not in labor force					
Year	Civilian noninsti-				Employ- ment/ -	Unem	ployed	NOT IT! IA	por force
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	population ratio	Number	Percent of labor force	Number	Percent of population
1970 1980 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1989	137,085 167,745 178,206 180,587 182,753 184,613 186,393 189,164	82,771 106,940 115,461 117,834 119,865 121,669 123,869 125,840	60.4 63.8 64.8 65.3 65.6 65.9 66.5	78,678 99,303 107,150 109,597 112,440 114,968 117,342 118,793	57.4 59.2 60.1 60.7 61.5 62.3 63.0 62.8	4,093 7,637 8,312 8,237 7,425 6,701 6,528 7,047	4.9 7.1 7.2 7.0 6.2 5.5 5.3 5.6	54,315 60,806 62,744 62,752 62,888 62,944 62,523 63,324	39.6 36.2 35.2 34.7 34.4 34.1 33.5 33.5
1991	190,925 192,805 194,838 196,814 198,584	126,346 128,105 129,200 131,056 132,304	66.2 66.4 66.3 66.6 66.6	117,718 118,492 120,259 123,060 124,900	61.7 61.5 61.7 62.5 62.9	8,628 9,613 8,940 7,996 7,404	6.8 7.5 6.9 6.1 5.6	64,578 64,700 65,638 65,758 66,280	33.8 33.6 33.7 33.4 33.4
1996 1997 ² 1998 ² 1999 ² 2000 ²	200,591 203,133 205,220 207,753 212,577	133,943 136,297 137,673 139,368 142,583	66.8 67.1 67.1 67.1 67.1	126,708 129,558 131,463 133,488 136,891	63.2 63.8 64.1 64.3 64.4	7,236 6,739 6,210 5,880 5,692	5.4 4.9 4.5 4.2 4.0	66,647 66,837 67,547 68,385 69,994	33.2 32.9 32.9 32.9 32.9
2001	215,092 217,570 221,168	143,734 144,863 146,510	66.8 66.6 66.2	136,933 136,485 137,736	63.7 62.7 62.3	6,801 8,378 8,774	4.7 5.8 6.0	71,359 72,707 74,658	33.2 33.4 33.8

¹ Civilian employed as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. ² Data not strictly comparable with data for earlier years, see text, this section, and February 1994, March 1996, February 1997-99, and February 2003 issues of *Employment and* Earnings.

No. 570. Civilian Labor Force and Participation Rates With Projections: 1980 to 2012

[106.9 represents 106,900,000. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Rates are based on annual average civilian noninstitutional population of each specified group and represent proportion of each specified group in the civilian labor force. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Race, Hispanic origin		Civilia	an labor f	orce (mi	llions)			Parti	icipation i	rate (per	cent)	
sex, and age	1980	1990 ¹	2000 ¹	2002	2003 ¹	2012 , proj.	1980	1990 ¹	2000 ¹	2002	2003 ¹	2012 , proj.
Total ² White ³ Male Female Black ³ Male Female Asian ³ Male Female Asian ⁴ Male Female	106.9 93.6 54.5 39.1 10.9 5.6 5.3 (NA) (NA)	125.8 107.4 59.6 47.8 13.7 6.8 6.9 (NA) (NA)	142.6 118.5 64.5 54.1 16.4 7.7 8.7 6.3 3.4 2.9	144.9 120.2 65.3 54.8 16.6 7.8 8.8 6.6 3.6 3.0	146.5 120.5 65.5 55.0 16.5 7.7 8.8 6.1 3.3 2.8	162.3 130.4 70.6 59.8 19.8 9.3 10.4 9.0 4.9 4.0	63.8 64.1 78.2 51.2 61.0 70.3 53.1 (NA) (NA)	66.5 66.9 77.1 57.4 64.0 71.0 58.3 (NA) (NA)	67.1 67.3 75.5 59.5 65.8 69.2 63.1 67.2 76.1 59.2	66.6 66.8 74.8 59.3 64.8 68.4 61.8 67.2 75.9 59.1	66.2 66.5 74.2 59.2 64.3 67.3 61.9 66.4 75.6 58.3	67.2 66.2 73.5 59.2 66.3 69.1 64.0 68.7 77.3 61.3
Hispanic or Latino ⁵	6.1	10.7	16.7	17.9	18.8	23.8	64.0	67.4	69.7	69.1	68.3	68.8
Male	3.8	6.5	9.9	10.6	11.3	13.7	81.4	81.4	81.5	80.2	80.1	79.0
Female	2.3	4.2	6.8	7.3	7.5	10.1	47.4	53.1	57.5	57.6	55.9	58.6
Male	61.5	69.0	76.3	77.5	78.2	85.3	77.4	76.4	74.8	74.1	73.5	73.1
	5.0	4.1	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.8	60.5	55.7	52.8	47.5	44.3	45.6
	8.6	7.9	7.5	7.8	7.9	8.7	85.9	84.4	82.6	80.7	80.0	81.4
	17.0	19.9	17.8	17.6	17.8	19.1	95.2	94.1	93.4	92.4	91.8	92.5
	11.8	17.5	20.1	19.8	19.8	18.2	95.5	94.3	92.7	92.1	92.1	92.3
	9.9	11.1	16.3	17.1	17.4	19.1	91.2	90.7	88.6	88.5	87.7	88.6
	7.2	6.6	7.8	8.8	9.1	12.7	72.1	67.8	67.3	69.2	68.7	69.9
	1.9	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.7	3.6	19.0	16.3	17.7	17.9	18.6	20.8
Female	45.5	56.8	66.3	67.4	68.3	77.0	51.5	57.5	59.9	59.6	59.5	61.6
	4.4	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.8	52.9	51.6	51.2	47.3	44.8	47.4
	7.3	6.8	6.7	7.0	7.0	8.1	68.9	71.3	73.1	72.1	70.8	75.1
	12.3	16.1	14.9	14.6	14.6	16.3	65.5	73.5	76.1	75.1	74.1	78.2
	8.6	14.7	17.5	17.1	16.9	16.2	65.5	76.4	77.2	76.4	76.0	79.9
	7.0	9.1	14.8	15.5	15.9	17.9	59.9	71.2	76.8	76.0	76.8	79.8
	4.7	4.9	6.6	7.6	8.1	11.9	41.3	45.2	51.9	55.2	56.6	60.6
	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.8	8.1	8.6	9.4	9.8	10.6	12.1

NA Not available.

1 See footnote 2, Table 569.

2 Includes other races, not shown separately.

3 The 2003 Current Population Survey (CPS) allowed respondents to choose more than one race. Beginning 2003, data represent persons who selected this race group only and exclude persons reporting more than one race. The CPS in prior years only allowed respondents to report one race group. See also comments on race in the text for Section 1.

4 Prior to 2003, includes Pacific Islanders. Source: U.S. Rureau of Labor Section 2.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004 issue; Monthly Labor Review, February 2004; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 571. Employment Status of the Civilian Population, by Sex, Race, and Ethnicity: 1970 to 2003

[In thousands (64,304 represents 64,304,000), except as indicated. Annual averages of monthly figures. See table 569 for U.S. totals and coverage.]

	_			Civilian la	bor force			Not in la	bor force
Year, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Civilian noninstitu- tional		Percent of		Employ- ment/ - popu-	Unemp	loyed Percent	INOL III ld	DOI TOTCE
ongin	popula- tion	Total	popula-	Employed	lation ratio 1	Number	of labor force	Number	Percent of population
Male: 1970	64,304	51,228	79.7	48,990	76.2	2,238	4.4	13,076	20.3
late: 1970 1980	79,398 90,377	61,453 69,011	77.4 76.4	57,186 65 104	72.0 72.0	4,267 3,906	6.9 5.7	17,945 21,367	22.6 23.6
1995	95,178	69,011 71,360	75.0	65,104 67,377	70.8	3,906 3,983	5.6	23,818	25.0
2000	101,964 103,282	76,280 76,886	74.8 74.4	73,305 73,196	71.9 70.9	2,975 3,690	3.9 4.8	25,684 26,396	25.2 25.6
2002	103,282	77,500	74.1	72,903	69.7	4,597	5.9	27,085	25.9
2003 ²	106,435 72,782	78,238	73.5	73,332	68.9	4,906	6.3	28,197 41,239	26.5
1980	88,348	31,543 45,487	43.3 51.5	29,688 42,117	40.8 47.7	1,855 3,370	5.9 7.4	42,861	56.7 48.5
1990 2	98,787	56,829	57.5	53,689	54.3	3,140	5.5	41,957	42.5
2000 ²	103,406 110,613	60,944 66,303	58.9 59.9	57,523 63,586	55.6 57.5	3,421 2,717	5.6 4.1	42,462 44,310	41.1 40.1
2001	111,811	66,848	59.8	63,737	57.0	3,111	4.7	44,962	40.2
1980. 1990 ² 1995 . 2000 ² 2001. 2002 . 2003 ² hite: ³	112,985 114,733	67,363 68,272	59.6 59.5	63,582 64,404	56.3 56.1	3,781 3,868	5.6 5.7	45,621 46,461	40.4 40.5
/hite: 3									
1970	122,174 146,122	73,556 93,600	60.2 64.1	70,217 87,715	57.5 60.0	3,339 5,884	4.5 6.3	48,618 52,523	39.8 35.9
1990 2	160,625	107,447	66.9	102,261	63.7	5,186	4.8	53,178	33.1
1995	166,914 176,220	111,950 118,545	67.1 67.3	106,490 114,424	63.8 64.9	5,459 4,121	4.9 3.5	54,965 57,675	32.9 32.7
2001	178,111	119,399	67.0	114,430	64.2	4,969	4.2	58,713	33.0
2002	179,783 181,292	120,150 120,546	66.8 66.5	114,013 114,235	63.4 63.0	6,137 6,311	5.1 5.2	59,633 60,746	33.2 33.5
1970. 1980. 1990. 1995. 2000. 2001. 2002. 2003. 2003. 2003.	101,232								
1973	14,917 17,824	8,976 10,865	60.2 61.0	8,128 9,313	54.5 52.2	846 1,553	9.4 14.3	5,941 6,959	39.8 39.0
1985	19,664	12,364	62.9	10,501	53.4	1,864	15.1	7,299	37.1
1990 2	21,477	13,740	64.0	12,175	56.7	1,565	11.4	7,737	36.0
2000 2	23,246 24,902	14,817 16,397	63.7 65.8	13,279 15,156	57.1 60.9	1,538 1,241	10.4 7.6	8,429 8,505	36.3 34.2
2001	25,138	16,421	65.3	15,006	59.7	1,416	8.6	8,717	34.7
2002	25,578 25,686	16,565 16,526	64.8 64.3	14,872 14,739	58.1 57.4	1,693 1,787	10.2 10.8	9,013 9,161	35.2 35.7
1973. 1980. 1985. 1990. 1995. 2000. 2001. 2002. 2003. 2003. 2009.	0.000								
2000	9,330 9,626	6,270 6,469	67.2 67.2	6,043 6,180	64.8 64.2	227 288	3.6 4.5	3,060 3,158	32.8 32.8
2002	9,833	6,604	67.2	6,215	63.2	389	5.9	3,229	32.8
2001	9,220	6,122	66.4	5,756	62.4	366	6.0	3,098	33.6
ispanic 5 1980. 1985. 1986. 1986. 1995. 1995. 2000 2 2001. 2002. 2003 2 Mexican:	9,598	6,146	64.0	5,527	57.6	620	10.1	3,451	36.0
1985	11,915 12,344	7,698 8,076	64.6 65.4	6,888 7,219	57.8 58.5	811 857	10.5 10.6	4,217 4,268	35.4 34.6
1990 2	15,904	10,720	67.4	9,845	61.9	876	8.2	5,184	32.6
1995	18,629 23,938	12,267 16,689	65.8 69.7	11,127 15,735	59.7 65.7	1,140 954	9.3 5.7	6,362 7,249	34.2 30.3
2001	24,942	17,328 17,943	69.5	16,190	64.9	1,138	6.6	7,614	30.5
2002	25,963 27,551	17,943 18,813	69.1 68.3	16,590 17,372	63.9 63.1	1,353 1,441	7.5 7.7	8,020 8,738	30.9 31.7
Mexican:	27,001			,		,		,	
1986	7,377 9,752	4,941 6,707	67.0 68.8	4,387 6,146	59.5 63.0	555 561	11.2 8.4	2,436 3,045	33.0 31.2
1995 ,	11,609	7,765	66.9	7,016	60.4	750	9.7	3,844	33.1
2000	15,333 15,909	10,783 11,218	70.3 70.5	10,144 10,471	66.2 65.8	639 747	5.9 6.7	4,550 4,691	29.7 29.5
1995 2000 ² 2001 2002 2003 ² 2003 ²	16,420	11.542	70.3	10,673	65.0	869	7.5	4,878	29.7
2003 ²	17,464	12,081	69.2	11,151	63.9	930	7.7	5,383	30.8
1986	1,494	804	53.8	691	46.3	113	14.0	690	46.2
1990 ²	1,718 1,896	960 1,098	55.9 57.9	870 974	50.6 51.4	91 123	9.5 11.2	758 798	44.1 42.1
2000 ²	2,193	1,411	64.3	1,318	60.1	92	6.6	783	35.7
2001	2,367 2,484	1,454 1,546	61.4 62.2	1,341 1,401	56.6 56.4	114 145	7.8 9.4	913 938	38.6 37.8
2002	2,484	1,649	62.2	1,401	56.4 56.4	154	9.4	1,003	37.8 37.8
				,				,	
1986	842 918	570 603	67.7 65.7	533 559	63.3 60.9	36 44	6.4 7.2	272 315	32.3 34.3
1995	1,019	613	60.2	568	55.7	45	7.4	406	39.8
2000	1,174 1,118	740 671	63.1 60.0	707 628	60.3 56.1	33 44	4.5 6.5	434 447	37.0 40.0
2002	1,141	635	55.6	592	51.9	43	6.7	507	44.4
2003 2	1,191	679	57.0	638	53.6	41	6.0	512	43.0

¹ Civilian employed as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. ² See footnote 2, Table 569, ³ Beginning 2003, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. ⁴ Prior to 2003, includes Pacific Islanders. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race. Includes persons of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and *Employment and Earnings*, monthly. January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 572. Civilian Labor Force—Percent Distribution by Sex and Age: 1980 to 2003

[106,940 represents 106,940,000. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

	Civilian			Perd	cent distributi	on		
Year and sex	labor – force (1,000)	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 yrs. and over
Total: 1980 1990 ¹ 1995 . 2000 ¹ 2003 ¹ Male: 1980 1990 ¹ 1995 . 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 1990 ¹ 1995 . 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹ 2003 ¹	106,940 125,840 132,304 142,583 146,510 61,453 69,011 71,360 76,280 78,238 45,487 56,829 60,944	8.8 6.2 5.9 5.8 4.9 5.7 5.6 4.6 9.6 6.5 6.1	14.9 11.7 10.3 10.0 10.2 14.0 11.4 10.3 9.9 10.1 16.1 12.0 10.4	27.3 28.6 25.8 23.0 22.1 27.6 28.8 26.2 23.4 22.7 26.9 28.3 25.5	19.1 25.5 27.0 26.3 25.0 19.3 25.3 26.9 26.3 25.3 19.0 25.8 27.2	15.8 16.1 19.1 21.8 22.7 16.1 16.1 18.8 21.3 22.2 15.4 16.1	9.2 9.0 10.1 11.8 11.8 9.6 9.1 10.2 11.7 10.4 8.7	2.9 2.7 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 2.9 3.1 3.3 2.6 2.6
2000 ¹	66,303 68,272	6.0 5.2	10.2 10.3	22.5 21.3	26.4 24.8	22.3 23.3	9.9 12.0	2.7 3.1

¹ See footnote 2, Table 569.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307, and Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 573. Civilian Labor Force and Participation Rates by Educational Attainment, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1992 to 2003

[106,490 represents 106,490,000 Annual averages of monthly figures For the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years of age and older. See Table 608 for unemployment data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

		Civ	ilian labor f	orce			Par	ticipation ra	ate 1	
			Percent d	listribution						
Year, sex, and race	Total (1,000)	Less than high school diploma	High school graduate, no degree	Less than a bach- elor's degree	College graduate	Total	Less than high school diploma	High school gradu- ates, no degree	Less than a bach- elor's degree	College graduate
Total: 2										
1992 1995 2000 ³ 2002 <u>.</u> 2003 ³ Male:	106,490 110,851 120,061 122,497 124,412	12.6 10.8 10.4 10.3 10.2	35.6 33.1 31.4 30.8 30.5	25.4 27.9 27.7 27.4 27.4	26.4 28.1 30.5 31.4 32.0	66.5 66.7 67.3 67.2 67.2	41.2 39.9 43.5 44.4 44.9	66.4 65.4 64.4 64.2 63.8	75.3 74.5 73.9 73.1 72.8	81.3 81.0 79.4 78.6 78.2
1992 1995 2000 ³ 2002 2003 ³ Female:	58,439 59,986 64,490 65,861 66,717	14.1 12.2 11.8 11.9 11.9	34.0 32.3 31.1 30.7 30.5	24.0 26.1 25.9 25.5 25.4	27.9 29.4 31.2 31.9 32.2	77.0 76.0 76.1 75.9 75.5	54.7 52.1 56.0 57.2 57.7	78.3 76.5 75.1 74.5 74.0	83.9 82.1 80.9 80.2 79.5	86.9 85.8 84.4 84.0 83.2
1992 1995 2000 ³ 2002 2003 ³	48,051 50,865 55,572 56,636 57,695	10.7 9.2 8.8 8.4 8.2	37.5 34.2 31.8 30.9 30.4	27.1 30.0 29.7 29.7 29.6	24.7 26.6 29.7 31.0 31.8	57.1 58.3 59.4 59.4 59.6	29.5 29.2 32.3 32.5 32.7	56.8 56.4 55.5 55.3 55.0	67.8 68.1 68.0 67.2 67.2	74.8 75.4 74.0 73.0 73.1
White: 4 1992 1995 2000 3 2002 2003 3 Black: 4	90,627 94,139 99,964 101,711 102,509	11.8 10.1 10.1 10.0 10.0	35.5 33.0 31.4 30.8 30.4	25.5 27.8 27.5 27.3 27.2	27.2 29.1 31.0 31.9 32.5	66.3 66.7 67.0 67.0 66.9	41.1 40.0 44.1 44.9 45.7	65.4 64.8 63.6 63.4 62.9	74.6 73.8 73.1 72.5 72.2	81.0 80.6 79.0 78.2 77.8
1992 1995 2000 ³ 2002 2003 ³ Asian: ⁴ ⁵	11,583 12,152 13,582 13,787 13,863	18.2 13.9 12.4 12.5 11.5	39.5 37.1 36.0 35.4 35.5	26.4 30.7 31.2 31.5 31.2	15.9 18.3 20.5 20.5 21.8	66.7 66.0 68.2 67.6 67.5	40.6 36.2 39.3 40.8 39.8	72.9 69.7 69.9 68.4 68.1	80.9 79.8 79.3 77.8 77.0	86.2 85.6 84.4 82.8 82.3
2000 ³ 2003 ³ Hispanic: ⁶	5,402 5,420	9.1 8.7	20.7 19.4	20.2 17.3	50.1 54.5	70.9 69.8	46.0 46.3	65.6 65.0	76.4 71.9	79.1 77.4
1992 1995 2000 ³ 2002 2003 ³	8,728 9,599 12,975 14,162 15,181	38.9 37.2 36.7 36.3 36.4	29.6 29.3 29.3 29.4 29.2	20.0 21.7 20.6 20.3 20.4	11.5 11.7 13.4 13.9 14.0	68.3 67.5 71.5 71.0 70.7	56.3 55.3 61.9 61.3 61.6	75.5 74.3 75.0 74.1 73.9	82.2 79.7 80.8 80.7 79.2	83.2 83.1 83.5 83.2 81.8

¹ See headnote, Table 570. ² Includes other races, not shown separately. ³ See footnote 2, Table 569. 2003, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. ⁵ Prior to 2003, includes Pacific Islanders. Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. ³ See footnote 2, Table 569. ⁴ Beginning ⁶ Persons of

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 574. Characteristics of the Civilian Labor Force by State: 2003

[In thousands (146,510 represents 146,510,000), except ratio and rate. For civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, the totals for the United States may differ from results obtained by aggregating totals for states]

	То	Total Employed					Uı	nemploye	d		Participation rate 3	
State				Er	nployed popu	То	tal		Rate ²			
	Num- ber	Female	Total	Female	lation ratio 1	Num- ber	Female	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female
United States. Alabama. Alaska Arizona. Arizona. Arkansas California	146,510 2,147 332 2,690 1,265 17,460	68,272 1,023 155 1,198 574 7,859	137,736 2,023 305 2,539 1,186 16,283	958 145 1,128 540 7,354	62.3 58.8 66.5 61.5 57.3 61.5	8,774 125 27 151 78 1,177	3,868 64 10 70 34 505	6.0 5.8 8.0 5.6 6.2 6.7	6.3 5.4 9.3 5.4 6.4 7.0	5.7 6.3 6.6 5.8 5.9 6.4	73.5 69.3 76.4 73.8 69.7 74.0	59.5 56.2 68.3 56.8 53.2 58.1
Colorado	2,478	1,119	2,328	1,055	67.7	150	64	6.0	6.3	5.8	79.7	64.5
	1,803	861	1,704	820	63.6	99	41	5.5	6.1	4.8	73.9	61.3
	417	203	399	194	63.8	18	9	4.4	4.2	4.5	72.2	61.9
	302	153	281	143	61.9	21	10	7.0	7.2	6.7	71.8	62.1
	8,164	3,816	7,744	3,608	58.6	420	208	5.1	4.9	5.5	68.9	55.3
Georgia	4,414	2,043	4,207	1,954	65.4	207	89	4.7	5.0	4.4	76.8	61.1
Hawaii	618	296	592	284	62.7	27	12	4.3	4.6	3.9	71.2	60.3
Idaho	693	314	655	299	64.6	37	15	5.4	5.8	4.9	75.8	61.1
Illinois	6,330	2,951	5,908	2,783	61.6	422	168	6.7	7.5	5.7	73.2	59.4
Indiana	3,188	1,474	3,024	1,409	64.6	163	65	5.1	5.7	4.4	75.6	61.1
lowa	1,612	763	1,540	732	67.4	72	31	4.5	4.8	4.1	76.5	64.9
Kansas	1,434	681	1,357	645	66.2	77	36	5.4	5.5	5.3	75.6	64.7
Kentucky	1,956	916	1,836	863	58.2	120	52	6.2	6.5	5.7	68.9	55.7
Louisiana	2,037	975	1,904	916	56.9	134	59	6.6	7.0	6.1	67.6	54.9
Maine	693	334	658	320	63.3	35	14	5.1	5.9	4.1	72.0	61.8
Maryland	2,904	1,414	2,773	1,350	66.3	131	63	4.5	4.5	4.5	75.9	63.8
	3,416	1,629	3,217	1,545	64.0	198	84	5.8	6.4	5.2	74.8	61.7
	5,042	2,362	4,674	2,212	60.7	368	150	7.3	8.1	6.4	72.2	59.1
	2,923	1,387	2,778	1,330	71.3	145	57	5.0	5.7	4.1	80.4	69.9
	1,312	621	1,229	580	57.5	83	41	6.3	6.0	6.7	68.9	54.7
Missouri	3,021	1,443	2,850	1,363	65.5	170	80	5.6	5.7	5.5	76.0	63.4
	475	224	452	214	63.3	22	10	4.7	5.1	4.3	71.4	61.7
	976	464	937	446	71.1	39	17	4.0	4.3	3.8	79.8	68.7
	1,141	503	1082	475	64.2	59	28	5.2	5.0	5.5	75.3	60.0
	719	334	688	321	68.5	31	14	4.3	4.5	4.1	78.5	64.9
New Jersey	4,375	2,049	4,118	1,935	62.2	257	114	5.9	6.1	5.6	73.7	59.2
New Mexico	897	430	840	403	59.9	57	27	6.4	6.5	6.2	69.2	59.2
New York	9,315	4,426	8,726	4,157	58.6	589	270	6.3	6.5	6.1	69.4	56.4
North Carolina	4,230	1,984	3,957	1,854	62.5	273	130	6.5	6.4	6.5	74.3	60.0
North Dakota	346	163	333	159	67.9	14	4	4.0	5.1	2.7	76.2	65.5
Ohio	5,915	2,788	5,552	2,627	63.3	363	162	6.1	6.5	5.8	74.5	61.0
	1,696	784	1,600	741	60.5	96	43	5.7	5.8	5.5	71.7	57.1
	1,859	848	1,707	790	61.6	152	58	8.2	9.3	6.8	74.4	60.1
	6,170	2,914	5,826	2,766	60.3	344	148	5.6	6.0	5.1	70.9	57.5
	573	280	543	266	64.3	30	14	5.3	5.7	4.9	73.3	63.0
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	2,003	961	1,866	895	59.4	136	66	6.8	6.8	6.9	70.4	57.8
	425	203	410	197	71.1	15	7	3.6	3.9	3.2	78.9	68.9
	2,909	1,362	2,740	1,278	60.9	169	84	5.8	5.5	6.2	72.1	57.9
	10,910	4,897	10,173	4,573	63.4	738	323	6.8	6.9	6.6	77.2	59.3
	1,184	534	1,118	505	67.3	67	29	5.6	5.8	5.4	79.5	63.4
Vermont	351	167	335	160	67.7	16	7	4.6	4.9	4.2	76.6	65.6
	3,773	1,822	3,620	1,749	65.4	154	73	4.1	4.1	4.0	74.6	62.5
	3,140	1,458	2,903	1,358	61.8	237	100	7.5	8.2	6.8	73.3	60.7
	787	358	739	337	51.3	48	20	6.1	6.5	5.7	62.0	47.7
	3,078	1,470	2,905	1,399	68.8	174	71	5.6	6.4	4.8	78.0	68.0
	278	128	266	123	68.8	12	5	4.4	4.8	3.9	78.2	65.8

¹ Civilian employment as a percent of civilian noninstitutional population. ² Percent unemp ³ Percent of civilian noninstitutional population of each specified group in the civilian labor force. ² Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2003. See Internet site (accessed July 2004)

No. 575. Civilian Labor Force by Selected Metropolitan Area: 2003

[146,510 represents 146,510,000. For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Data are derived from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program. For definition of metropolitan areas, see Appendix II. Metropolitan areas defined as of June 1999.]

Metropolitan areas ranked by labor force size, 2003	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Unem- ploy- ment rate 1	Metropolitan areas ranked by labor force size, 2003	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Unem- ploy- ment rate ¹
U.S. total, 2003	146,510	6.0	Las Vegas, NV-AZ MSA	907	5.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA	4,789	7.0	Indianapolis, IN MSA	907	4.7
New York, NY PMSA	4,369	7.7	San Francisco, CA PMSA	903	5.7
Chicago, IL PMSA	4,235	6.8	San Jose, CA PMSA	895	8.2
Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV PMSA	2,848	3.5	Columbus, OH MSA	895	4.9
Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA	2,627	5.5	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA	878	5.1
Atlanta, GA MSA	2,435	4.9	Fort Lauderdale, FL PMSA	877	5.5
Houston, TX PMSA	2,320	6.9	Sacramento, CA PMSA	874	5.4
Detroit, MI PMSA	2,238	7.3	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill,		
Dallas, TX PMSA	2,035	7.1	NC-SC MSA	872	6.7
Boston, MA-NH PMSA	1,871	5.2	San Antonio, TX MSA	827	5.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA	1,834	4.8	Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI PMSA	824	6.1
Phoenix-Mesa, AZ MSA	1,807	5.0	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News,		
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA	1,688	5.9	VA-NC MSA	794	4.4
Orange County, CA PMSA	1,576	3.8	Austin-San Marcos, TX MSA	771	5.7
Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA	1,486	4.2	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA	747	5.8
San Diego, CA MSA	1,482	4.3	Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC MSA	715	4.7
St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	1,397	5.9	Greensboro—Winston-Salem—High		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA PMSA	1,394	7.1	Point, NC MSA	687	6.2
Baltimore, MD PMSA	1,345	5.1	Nashville, TN MSA	687	4.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater,			Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA	680	5.9
FL MSA	1,331	4.4	Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon,		
Oakland, CA PMSA	1,268	6.3	NJ PMSA	661	4.9
Denver, CO PMSA	1,252	6.3	Providence-Fall River-Warwick,		
Pittsburgh, PA MSA	1,185	5.6	RI-MA MSA	644	5.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA	1,127	6.7	Hartford, CT MSA	611	5.9
Miami, FL PMSA	1,104	7.2	Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland,		
Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA PMSA	1,096	8.5	MI MSA	608	7.7
Newark, NJ PMSA	1,070	6.1	New Orleans, LA MSA	605	5.8
Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	1,024	6.0	Jacksonville, FL MSA	592	5.2
Orlando, FL MSA	974	4.9	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL MSA.	585	5.6
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA	963	6.4	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA	581	6.2

¹ Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics program. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/lau/.

No. 576. School Enrollment and Labor Force Status: 1990 and 2003

[In thousands (31,421 represents 31,421,000), except percent. As of October. For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years old. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

	Popul	ation	Civilian for		Emplo	oyed	Ur	nemployed	1
Characteristic							1990. –	200	13
	1990	2003	1990	2003	1990	2003	total	Total	Rate 1
Total, 16 to 24 years ²	31,421	36,017	20,679	21,858	18,317	19,304	2,363	2,555	11.7
Enrolled in school ²	15,210 10,118 5,092	20,114 13,033 7,081	7,301 4,244 3,057	8,932 4,662 4,271	6,527 3,645 2,882	8,069 4,026 4,042	774 599 174	863 635 228	9.7 13.6 5.3
Sex: Male	7,704 7,507 8,139 6,810	9,783 10,331 10,503 8,809	3,635 3,666 4,542 3,376	4,211 4,721 5,914 4,496	3,215 3,312 4,231 3,117	3,777 4,292 5,538 4,198	420 353 311 259	434 429 376 298	10.3 9.1 6.4 6.6
White 3 Below college. College level Black 3 Below college. College level Asian 3 Below college. College level	12,308 5,535 6,772 2,129 1,207 922 (NA) (NA) (NA)	15,573 7,333 8,239 2,835 1,582 1,253 1,048 339 709	6,294 2,374 3,919 718 306 411 (NA) (NA)	7,309 2,510 4,798 951 351 600 365 55 310	5,705 2,021 3,685 576 212 364 (NA) (NA)	6,712 2,185 4,527 758 234 524 329 39 290	588 354 234 142 94 47 (NA) (NA)	597 326 271 193 116 77 36 16 21	8.2 13.0 5.7 20.3 33.2 12.8 10.0 (⁴) 6.6
Not enrolled ² . White ³ . Black ³ . Asian ³ .	16,210 13,317 2,441 (NA)	15,903 12,570 2,345 400	13,379 11,276 1,752 (NA)	12,926 10,449 1,742 311	11,789 10,193 1,298 (NA)	11,235 9,350 1,288 255	1,589 1,083 454 (NA)	1,691 1,100 454 55	13.1 10.5 26.1 17.8

NA Not available.

Percent unemployed of civilian labor force in each category.

Includes other races, not shown separately.

Beginning 2003, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570.

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; College Enrollment and Work Activity of High School Graduates, News, USDL 04-749, April 27, 2004; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#0EUS.

No. 577. Labor Force Participation Rates by Marital Status, Sex, and Age: 1970 to 2003

[Annual averages of monthly figures. See Table 574 for definition of participation rate. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Marital			Male pa	articipation	on rate					Female	participa	tion rate		
status and year	Total	16-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-64 years	65 and over	Total	16-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-64 years	65 and over
Single: 1970 1980 1990 ¹ . 1995	65.5 72.6 74.8 73.7	54.6 59.9 55.1 54.4	73.8 81.3 81.6 80.3	87.9 89.2 89.9 88.7	86.2 82.2 84.5 81.4	75.7 66.9 67.3 67.0	25.2 16.8 15.7 17.9	56.8 64.4 66.7 66.8	44.7 53.6 51.7 52.2	73.0 75.2 74.5 72.9	81.4 83.3 80.9 80.2	78.6 76.9 80.8 79.5	73.0 65.6 66.2 67.3	19.7 13.9 12.1 11.6
1998 ¹ . 1999 ¹ . 2000 ¹ . 2001 2002 2003 ¹ .	73.3 73.4 73.6 72.7 71.7 70.4	52.9 52.5 52.5 50.0 47.2 44.0	79.7 79.7 80.5 79.6 78.7 77.9	89.1 89.5 89.4 89.0 88.7 87.7	82.5 83.5 82.9 83.2 83.1 82.9	70.2 70.6 69.7 69.8 69.6 67.6	15.2 17.3 17.3 15.4 16.9 19.4	68.5 68.7 68.9 68.1 67.4 66.2	52.4 51.1 51.1 49.1 47.3 44.8	75.3 76.1 76.1 75.3 74.5 72.9	83.0 84.2 83.9 83.2 83.3 82.2	80.9 80.8 80.9 81.3 79.9 79.8	69.9 69.6 69.9 69.6 69.6	9.7 9.9 10.8 12.1 14.3 15.2
Married: ² 1970 1980 1990 ¹ . 1995	86.1 80.9 78.6 77.5	92.3 91.3 92.1 89.2	94.7 96.9 95.6 94.9	98.0 97.5 96.9 96.3	98.1 97.2 96.7 95.4	91.2 84.3 82.6 82.4	29.9 20.5 17.5 18.0	40.5 49.8 58.4 61.0	37.8 49.3 49.5 51.6	47.9 61.4 66.1 64.7	38.8 58.8 69.6 72.0	46.8 61.8 74.0 75.7	44.0 46.9 56.5 62.7	7.3 7.3 8.5 9.1
1998 ¹ . 1999 ¹ . 2000 ¹ . 2001 2002 2003 ¹ .	77.6 77.5 77.3 77.4 77.4 77.3	83.8 83.2 79.5 77.7 81.1 76.6	95.0 93.7 94.1 94.2 93.3 93.2	96.4 96.5 96.7 95.9 95.7 95.3	95.8 95.9 95.8 95.6 95.1	83.7 83.4 83.0 83.7 83.8 83.5	17.5 18.3 19.2 19.1 19.4 19.9	61.2 61.2 61.1 61.2 61.0 61.0	49.8 49.8 53.2 45.1 49.6 46.7	66.1 64.5 63.8 63.9 63.4 62.6	71.6 70.9 70.3 69.9 69.3 68.5	74.5 74.6 74.8 74.5 73.8 73.3	64.9 65.3 65.4 66.1 66.5 67.4	8.9 9.6 10.1 10.3 10.7 11.3
Other: ³ 1970 1980 1990 ¹ . 1995	60.7 67.5 68.9 66.2	(B) (B) (B) (B)	90.4 92.6 93.1 92.7	93.7 94.1 93.0 90.9	91.1 91.9 90.7 88.2	78.5 73.3 74.9 72.4	19.3 13.7 12.0 12.1	40.3 43.6 47.2 47.4	48.6 50.0 53.9 55.8	60.3 68.4 65.4 67.2	64.6 76.5 77.0 77.1	68.8 77.1 82.1 80.7	61.9 60.2 65.0 67.2	10.0 8.2 8.4 8.4
1998 ¹ . 1999 ¹ . 2000 ¹ . 2001 2002 2003 ¹ .	66.9 65.9 66.8 66.0 65.5 65.0	66.2 (B) 60.5 57.3 57.5 45.6	89.1 90.2 88.1 85.4 87.4 88.0	93.0 92.3 93.2 92.4 91.2 91.4	89.1 88.7 89.9 89.4 89.6 89.3	73.7 73.4 73.9 73.5 74.1 72.4	13.1 12.3 12.9 13.9 13.2 14.3	48.8 49.1 49.0 49.0 49.2 49.6	50.4 45.3 46.0 47.2 46.2 44.1	73.7 73.6 74.0 75.5 74.7 71.4	81.0 82.4 83.1 81.6 80.7 79.1	82.8 83.4 82.9 82.6 82.7 81.9	68.6 69.1 69.8 69.3 69.7 70.7	8.4 8.7 8.9 8.9 9.8

No. 578. Marital Status of Women in the Civilian Labor Force: 1970 to 2003

[Annual averages of monthly figures (31,543 represents 31,543,000). For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Veer	Femal	e civilian lat	oor force (1,00	10)	Female participation rate ³					
Year	Total	Single	Married ¹	Other ²	Total	Single	Married ¹	Other ²		
1970	31,543 37,475 45,487	7,265 9,125 11,865	18,475 21,484 24,980	5,804 6,866 8,643	43.3 46.3 51.5	56.8 59.8 64.4	40.5 44.3 49.8	40.3 40.1 43.6		
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 ⁴ 1991 1992 1992 1993 ⁴	51,050 52,413 53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239	13,163 13,512 13,885 14,194 14,377 14,612 14,681 14,872 15,031 15,333	27,894 28,623 29,381 29,921 30,548 30,901 31,112 31,700 31,980 32,888	9,993 10,277 10,393 10,627 11,104 11,315 11,385 11,570 11,784 12,018	54.5 55.3 56.0 56.6 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 58.8	66.6 67.2 67.4 67.7 68.0 66.7 66.2 66.2 66.2 66.7	53.8 54.9 55.9 56.7 57.8 58.4 58.5 59.3 59.4 60.7	45.1 45.6 45.7 46.2 47.0 47.2 46.8 47.1 47.2 47.5		
1995 1996 4 1997 4 1998 4 1999 4 2000 4 2001 2002 2003 4	60,944 61,857 63,036 63,714 64,855 66,303 66,848 67,363 68,272	15,467 15,842 16,492 17,087 17,575 17,849 18,021 18,203 18,397	33,359 33,618 33,802 33,857 34,372 35,146 35,236 35,477 36,046	12,118 12,397 12,742 12,771 12,909 13,308 13,592 13,683 13,828	58.9 59.3 59.8 60.0 59.9 59.8 59.6 59.5	66.8 67.1 67.9 68.5 68.7 68.9 68.1 67.4 66.2	61.0 61.2 61.6 61.2 61.2 61.1 61.2 61.0 61.0	47.4 48.1 48.6 48.8 49.1 49.0 49.0 49.2		

¹ Husband present. ² Widowed, divorced, or separated. ³ See footnote 3, Table 574 for definition of participation rate. ⁴ See footnote 2, Table 569.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and unpublished data.

³ Widowed,

B Percentage not shown where base is less than 35,000.

1 See footnote 2, Table 569.
2 Spouse present. divorced, and married (spouse absent).
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletins 2217 and 2340; and unpublished data.

No. 579. Employment Status of Women by Marital Status and Presence and Age of Children: 1970 to 2003

[As of March (7.0 represents 7,000,000). For the civilian noninstitutional persons 16 years and over. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

	Total						With	any chil	dren			
Item		Total			Total		Childre	n 6 to 1	7 only	Chile	dren und	er 6
	Single	Mar- ried ¹	Other ²	Single	Mar- ried ¹	Other ²	Single	Mar- ried ¹	Other ²	Single	Mar- ried ¹	Other ²
IN LABOR FORCE (mil.)												
1970	7.0 11.2 14.0	18.4 24.9 31.0	5.9 8.8 11.2	(NA) 0.6 1.5	10.2 13.7 16.5	1.9 3.6 4.2	(NA) 0.2 0.6	6.3 8.4 9.3	1.3 2.6 3.0	(NA) 0.3 0.9	3.9 5.2 7.2	0.6 1.0 1.2
1995	15.0 17.8 17.8 18.1 17.9	33.6 35.0 35.7 35.6 36.2	12.0 13.2 13.8 13.7 14.2	2.1 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.2	18.0 18.2 18.7 18.3 18.3	4.6 4.5 4.5 4.6 4.7	0.8 1.2 1.2 1.4 1.3	10.2 10.8 11.2 11.1 11.1	3.3 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.6	1.3 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.9	7.8 7.3 7.4 7.2 7.2	1.3 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.1
PARTICIPATION RATE ⁴ 1970	53.0 61.5	40.8 50.1	39.1 44.0	(NA) 52.0	39.7 54.1	60.7 69.4	(NA) 67.6	49.2 61.7	66.9 74.6	(NA) 44.1	30.3 45.1	52.2 60.3
1990	66.4	58.2	46.8	55.2	66.3	74.2	69.7	73.6	79.7	48.7	58.9	63.6
1995	65.5 68.6 68.2 67.1 65.0	61.1 62.0 61.8 61.5 61.8	47.3 50.2 50.0 49.3 50.1	57.5 73.9 73.5 75.3 73.1	70.2 70.6 70.4 69.6 69.2	75.3 82.7 83.1 82.1 82.0	67.0 79.7 80.8 81.7 77.6	76.2 77.2 77.5 76.8 77.0	79.5 85.0 85.9 83.6 84.8	53.0 70.5 69.2 71.0 70.2	63.5 62.8 61.9 60.8 59.8	66.3 76.6 75.8 77.9 74.3
EMPLOYMENT (mil.)												
1970	6.5 10.1 12.9	17.5 23.6 29.9	5.6 8.2 10.5	(NA) 0.4 1.2	9.6 12.8 15.8	1.8 3.3 3.8	(NA) 0.2 0.5	6.0 8.1 8.9	1.2 2.4 2.7	(NA) 0.2 0.7	3.6 4.8 6.9	0.6 0.9 1.1
1995	13.7 16.4 16.6 16.5 16.2	32.3 34.0 34.7 34.3 34.8	11.3 12.7 13.2 12.9 13.2	1.8 2.7 2.7 2.8 2.8	17.2 17.6 18.0 17.5 17.5	4.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3	0.7 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2	9.8 10.6 10.9 10.7 10.7	3.1 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3	1.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6	7.3 7.1 7.2 6.8 6.8	1.2 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.0
UNEMPLOY- MENT RATE ⁵ 1970	7.1 10.3	4.8 5.3	4.8 6.4	(NA) 23.2	6.0 5.9	7.2 9.2	(NA) 15.6	4.8 4.4	5.9 7.9	(NA) 29.2	7.9 8.3	9.8 12.8
1990	8.2 8.7 7.3 7.1 8.7 9.4	3.5 3.9 2.7 2.9 3.7 3.8	5.7 5.8 4.3 4.3 6.3 6.5	18.4 16.6 11.0 12.1 12.6 13.4	4.2 4.3 2.9 3.4 4.1 4.1	8.5 8.1 5.1 5.3 7.9 8.9	14.5 11.8 8.7 10.7 11.1 11.6	3.8 3.6 2.6 3.0 3.5 3.6	7.7 7.1 4.8 4.6 6.7 7.7	20.8 19.5 12.6 13.1 13.8 14.7	4.8 5.3 3.5 3.9 5.1 4.9	10.2 10.8 5.9 7.6 11.4 13.0

NA Not available.

1 Husband present.

2 Widowed, divorced, or separated.

3 See footnote 2, Table 568.

4 Perce women in each specific category in the labor force.

5 Unemployed as a percent of civilian labor force in specified group. ⁴ Percent of

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and unpublished data.

No. 580. Labor Force Participation Rates for Wives, Husband Present by Age of Own Youngest Child: 1975 to 2003

[As of March. For civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years old and over. For definition of participation rate, see Table 579. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Presence and age of child 1975 1990 2003 1975 1990 2003 1975	1990	
10.0 1000 1000 1000		2003
Wives, total 44.4 58.2 61.8 43.6 57.6 61.3 54.1 No children under 18 43.8 51.1 55.7 43.6 50.8 55.5 47.6 With children under 18 44.9 66.3 69.2 43.6 65.6 68.7 58.4 Under 6, total 36.7 58.9 59.8 34.7 57.8 59.4 54.9 Under 3 32.7 55.5 56.5 30.7 54.9 56.1 50.1 1 year or under 30.8 53.9 54.7 29.2 53.3 54.6 50.0 2 years 37.1 60.9 61.3 35.1 60.3 60.5 56.4 3 to 5 years 42.2 64.1 64.8 40.1 62.5 64.3 61.2 3 years 41.2 65.1 64.1 38.7 63.2 63.9 64.9 5 years 44.2 64.5 66.9 43.8 62.0 65.7 56.3	64.7 52.9 75.6 73.1 67.5 64.4 75.4 80.4 74.5 80.6 86.2 77.6	68.7 58.5 79.2 70.5 66.4 63.6 77.7 75.2 75.0 72.3 75.9 85.5

¹ Beginning 2003, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2340; and unpublished data.

No. 581. Families With Own Children—Employment Status of Parents: 1995 and 2003

[In thousands, except percent distribution. Annual average of monthly figures (33,544 represents 33,544,000. For families with own children. Based on the Current Population Survey, see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Nur	nber	Perc	ent	Characteristic	Nun	nber	Perc	ent
Characteristic	1995	2003	1995	2003	Characteristic	1995	2003	1995	2003
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OLD					Father employed, not mother Neither parent employed	2,921 517	3,261 443	22.5 4.0	23.4
Total families	29,659	32,002	100.0 88.4 11.6	90.3 9.7	Families maintained by women 1	4,360	5,009	100.0	100.0
Married-couple families Parent(s) employed Mother employed	23,643	24,553	100.0 96.1 67.6	100.0 96.7 66.3	Mother employed Mother not employed		3,851 1,157	72.1 27.9	76.9 23.1
Both parents employed	15,491	,	63.0	60.7	men 1	908 766 143	1,199 985 214	100.0 84.3 15.7	100.0 82.2 17.8
Father employed, not mother	7,014	7,733	28.5 3.9	30.5 3.3	WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS OLD				
Families maintained by women 1	4.755	5.804	100.0	71.9	Parent(s) employed	13,267 2,007	13,692 1,608	100.0 86.9 13.1	89.5 10.5
Mother not employed Families maintained by men 1	1,507	1,975		28.1	Married-couple families Parent(s) employed	11,159		100.0 96.2 60.9	100.0 96.6 57.6
Father employed Father not employed	1,261 245	1,645 331	83.7 16.3	83.3 16.8	employed	6,646	6,097	57.3	53.2
WITH OWN CHILDREN 6 to 17 YEARS OLD					father	421	510	3.6	4.4
Total families	16,391	18,309	100.0 89.7 10.3	100.0 91.0 9.0	mother	4,092 445	4,474 385	35.3 3.8	39.0 3.4
Married-couple families Parent(s) employed Mother employed	13,001 12,484	13,917 13,473	100.0 96.0 73.6	100.0 96.8 73.4	women ¹	3,073 1,613 1,460	1,953	100.0 52.5 47.5	100.0 63.8 36.2
Both parents employed		9,323 890	68.0 5.5	67.0 6.4	Families maintained by men 1 Father employed Father not employed F	598 496 102	776 659 116	100.0 82.8 17.1	100.0 84.9 14.9

No. 582. Employed Civilians and Weekly Hours: 1980 to 2003

[In thousands (99,303 represents 99,303,000), except as indicated. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Item	1980	1990 ¹	1995	1999 ¹	2000 ¹	2001	2002	2003 ¹
Total employed	99,303	118,793	124,900	133,488	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736
Age:					•			
16 to 19 years old	7,710	6,581	6,419	7,172	7,189	6,740	6,332	5,919
20 to 24 years old	14,087	13,401	12,443	12,891	13,229	13,348	13,351	13,433
25 to 34 years old	27,204	33,935	32,356	30,865	31,549	30,863	30,306	30,383
35 to 44 years old	19,523	30,817	34,202	36,728	36,433	36,049	35,235	34,881
45 to 54 years old	16,234	19,525	24,378	28,635	30,310	31,036	31,281	31,914
55 to 64 years old	11,586	11,189	11.435	13,315	14,002	14,645	15,674	16,598
65 years old and over	2,960	3,346	3,666	3,882	4,179	4,253	4,306	4,608
Class of worker:	,	-,-	-,	-,	, -	,	,	,
Nonagriculture	95.938	115,570	121,460	130.207	134,427	134,635	134,174	135,461
Wage and salary worker	88,525	106,598	112,448	121,323	125,114	125,407	125,156	126,015
Self-employed	7,000	8,719	8,902	8,790	9,205	9,121	8,923	9,344
Unpaid family workers	413	253	110	95	108	107	95	101
Agriculture	3.364	3.223	3,440	3,281	2.464	2,299	2,311	2,275
Wage and salary worker	1,425	1,740	1.814	1,944	1,421	1,283	1,282	1,299
Self-employed	1,642	1,378	1,580	1,297	1,010	988	1,003	951
Unpaid family workers	297	105	45	40	33	28	26	25
Weekly hours:								
Nonagriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	38.1	39.2	39.2	39.5	39.6	39.2	39.1	39.0
Self-employed	41.2	40.8	39.4	40.1	39.7	39.1	38.7	38.4
Unpaid family workers	34.7	34.0	33.5	33.4	32.5	30.2	31.5	31.7
Agriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	41.6	41.2	41.1	41.1	43.2	42.6	42.4	42.6
Self-employed	49.3	46.8	43.5	43.3	45.3	45.6	44.9	45.1
Unpaid family workers	38.6	38.5	42.0	36.6	38.3	42.1	38.7	33.4

¹ See footnote 2, Table 569.

<sup>No spouse present.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment Characteristics of Families in 2003, News, USDL 04-719, April 20, 2004, and earlier issues. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS.</sup>

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004 issue; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

No. 583. Employed Workers Actively Seeking a New Job: 2001

[In thousands (121,334 represents 121,334,000), except rate. As of February. For employed wage and salary workers 16 old and over (except as indicated) responding to the question on actively seeking work in the prior 3 months. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote Table 587 regarding occupations.]

			s respo			Persons i to search			
Characteristic	Total em- ployed	Total	Actively seek- ing work	Per- cent	Characteristic	Total em- ployed	A Total	ctively seek- ing work	Per- cent
Total. Age: 16 to 19 years old 20 to 24 years old 25 to 34 years old 35 to 44 years old 45 to 54 years old 65 years old 65 years old and over Sex: Male Female Educational attainment: Less than high school	6,544 12,997 28,285 32,887 26,052 11,743 2,826 62,753	6,373 12,632 27,472 32,018 25,515 11,426 2,728 61,106	4,937 313 902 1,517 1,233 749 213 10 2,606 2,332	4.2 4.9 7.1 5.5 3.9 2.9 1.9 0.4 4.3 4.1	Technicians and related support Sales Administrative support, including clerical Private household Protective service Service, except private households and protective Precision production, craft, and repair	4,440 13,908 18,391 592 2,436 13,493 12,770	401 2,376 13,007	258 680 608 44 79 556 395	6.0 5.0 3.4 11.0 3.3 4.3
diploma	,	30,297 28,320	233 846 1,175	2.5 2.8 4.1	Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors. Transportation and material moving occupations	6,730 5,266	6,613 5,109	242 191	3.7
more . Occupation: Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty		17,091	750 852	4.7 4.4 4.4	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,846 1,402	4,675 1,330	241 41	5.2 3.1

¹ Persons 25 years old and over.

No. 584. Persons at Work by Hours Worked: 2003

[132,267 represents 132,267,000. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

	Perso	ns at work (1	,000)	Pe	rcent distributi	ion
Hours of work	Total	Agriculture industries	Non- agriculture industries	Total	Agriculture industries	Non- agriculture industries
Total	132,267	2,170	130,096	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 to 34 hours	31,869	583	31,286	24.1	26.9	24.0
1 to 4 hours	1,323	48	1,275	1.0	2.2	1.0
5 to 14 hours	5,030	139	4,891	3.8	6.4	3.8
15 to 29 hours	15,802	258	15,544	11.9	11.9	11.9
30 to 34 hours	9,715	139	9,576	7.3	6.4	7.4
35 hours and over	100,398	1,587	98,810	75.9	73.1	76.0
35 to 39 hours	8.989	99	8.889	6.8	4.6	6.8
40 hours	54,607	555	54,052	41.3	25.6	41.5
41 hours and over	36,802	933	35,869	27.8	43.0	27.6
41 to 48 hours	12,998	148	12,850	9.8	6.8	9.9
49 to 58 hours	13,816	260	13,557	10.4	12.0	10.4
60 hours and over	9,988	525	9,462	7.6	24.2	7.3
Average weekly hours: persons at work Persons usually working full time	39.0 42.9	43.5 49.4	39.0 42.7	(X) (X)	(X) (X)	(X) (X)

X Not applicable.

No. 585. Persons With a Job But Not at Work: 1980 to 2003

[In thousands (5,881 represents 5,881,000), except percent. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Reason for not working	1980	1990 ¹	1995	1996	1997 ¹	1998 ¹	1999 ¹	2000 ¹	2001	2002	2003 ¹
All industries, number Percent of employed	5,881 5.9	6,160 5.2	5,582 4.5	5,768 4.6	5,555 4.3	5,586 4.2	5,407 4.1	5,681 4.2	5,631 4.1	5,394 4.0	5,469 4.0
Reason for not working: Vacation	3,320 1,426 155 105 876	3,529 1,341 90 24 1,177	2,982 1,084 122 21 1,373	3,085 1,090 256 11 1,325	2,942 1,114 146 20 1,334	3,033 1,095 130 10 1,318	2,899 1,096 104 7 1,300	3,109 1,156 89 14 1,313	3,039 1,095 100 9 1,388	2,929 1,072 97 7 1,289	2,922 1,090 123 18 1,316

¹ See footnote 2, Table 569.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, unpublished data.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Inrenet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004 issue; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 586. Self-Employed Workers by Industry and Occupation: 2000 to 2003

[In thousands (10,214 represents 10,214,000). For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on occupational and industrial classifications derived from those used in the 2000 census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 census. See text in this section. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Item	2000	2001	2002	2003 ¹
Total self-employed	10,214	10,109	9,926	10,295
Industry:				
Agriculture and related industries	1,010	988	1,003	951
Mining	12	21	13	9
Construction	1,728	1,675	1,598	1,717
Manufacturing	334	354	312	325
Wholesale and retail trade	1,221	1,195	1,163	1,247
Transportation and utilities 2	348	375	369	357
Information	139	132	145	152
Financial activities 2	735	697	675	736
Professional and business services	1,927	2,001	1,863	1,908
Education and health services 2	1,107	1,090	1,119	1,138
Leisure and hospitality 2	660	631	627	686
Other services 3'	993	951	1,041	1,071
Occupation:				
Management, professional, and related occupations	4,169	4,085	4,064	4,176
Service occupations	1,775	1,775	1,786	1,690
Sales and office occupations	1,982	1,927	1,883	1,945
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance				
occupations	1,591	1,602	1,503	1,795
Production, transportation, and material moving				
occupations	698	720	690	689

² For composition of industries see Table 606. ³ Includes private households. ¹ See footnote 2 Table 569. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov /cps/home.htm>.

No. 587. Persons Doing Job-Related Work at Home: 2001

[19,759 represents 19,759,000. As of May. For persons at work 16 years and over in non-agricultural industries doing job-related work at home at least once a week as part of their primary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Industry and occupational classifications not comparable to those in tables based on the 2000 census. See text this section.1

			Perce	ent distrib	ution	Wage a	and salary work a		paid to
Characteristic			Wage ar work	nd salary ers			Perc	ent distrib	ution
	Total ¹ (1,000)	Rate ²	Paid ³	Unpaid	Self- em- ployed ⁴	Total ⁵ (1,000)	Hours vary	Usually less than 8 hours	Usually 35 hours or more
Total ⁶	19,759	15.0	17.4	52.0	29.7	3,436	27.4	24.5	15.7
Male Female RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	10,291 9,468	14.8 15.2	16.0 18.9	50.5 53.7	32.6 26.5	1,642 1,794	30.9 24.2	23.3 25.7	14.8 16.5
White	17,947 1,152 937	16.3 7.6 6.7	17.5 14.9 20.4	51.6 57.9 49.2	30.0 26.0 28.4	3,138 172 191	27.2 29.7 32.3	24.4 22.1 15.9	15.0 28.9 27.6
Managerial and professional	12,628 5,262 7,366 4,669 305 3,133 1,231 972 1,050 381 59	29.8 25.7 33.5 12.2 6.9 20.0 6.8 5.3 7.1 2.2 8.7	14.2 16.7 12.5 24.7 36.0 20.3 33.4 24.1 15.7 19.4 (B)	62.8 52.5 70.1 40.2 48.4 40.3 37.8 18.4 19.4 24.3 (B)	22.4 30.0 17.0 33.9 14.3 38.9 25.8 55.1 64.4 49.3 (B)	1,798 880 918 1,155 110 635 411 234 165 74	28.0 25.8 30.1 27.3 40.2 27.8 23.3 25.6 29.1 (B)	24.1 24.3 23.9 22.1 24.6 18.9 26.5 19.6 47.2 (B)	13.9 12.9 14.9 16.7 21.2 13.0 21.0 33.1 2.7 (B)
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities. Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Public administration	65 1,134 1,806 898 1,009 1,529 1,810 10,926 581	11.1 12.4 9.3 8.9 19.4 7.0 20.8 21.7 9.2	(B) 11.6 28.7 22.8 24.4 12.8 18.8 14.8 29.6	(B) 20.5 54.9 49.4 47.9 36.4 48.2 57.2 69.8	(B) 65.2 15.7 26.0 25.6 49.8 33.0 27.1	9 131 518 205 247 196 340 1,618	(B) 31.8 27.0 14.1 28.1 23.7 30.7 28.0 33.7	(B) 36.5 21.5 29.7 15.0 32.5 24.0 24.3 27.1	(B) 5.1 12.5 25.3 12.9 10.3 9.5 19.0 12.8

¹ Includes unpaid B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. - Represents zero. - Represents 2ero. Bease figure to small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived ingular. Includes unjactified and family workers and persons who did not report pay status. Persons working at home as a percent of the total employed. Persons with formal arrangements with their employers to be paid for the work done at home.

4 Includes incorporated and unincorporated self-employed. Includes those not reporting usual number of hours worked. Includes other races, not shown separately. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Work at Home in 2001, News, USDL 02-107, March 1, 2002. See Internet site

http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS.

No. 588. Persons on Flexible Schedules: 2001

[In thousands, except percent. (99,631 represents 99,631,000) As of May. For employed full-time wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Excludes the self-employed. Data relate to the primary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications not comparable to those based on the 2000 Census. See text this section.]

		Total			Male			Female	
Item		With fi			With fi			With f	
	Total 1	Number	Percent	Total 1	Number	Percent	Total 1	Number	Percent
Total	99,631	28,724	28.8	56,066	16,792	30.0	43,566	11,931	27.4
AGE 16 to 19 years old. 20 to 24 years old. 25 to 34 years old. 35 to 44 years old. 45 to 54 years old. 55 to 64 years old. 65 years old and over	1,761 9,343 24,552 28,702 23,946 9,971 1,357	339 2,327 7,434 8,578 6,990 2,633 423	19.2 24.9 30.3 29.9 29.2 26.4 31.2	988 5,219 14,058 16,522 12,902 5,531 847	167 1,203 4,370 5,120 4,032 1,590 311	16.9 23.0 31.1 31.0 31.2 28.8 36.7	773 4,124 10,494 12,180 11,044 4,440 510	171 1,124 3,064 3,458 2,958 1,043	22.2 27.2 29.2 28.4 26.8 23.5 22.0
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN White	82,205 12,390 11,919	24,647 2,629 2,356	30.0 21.2 19.8	47,498 5,776 7,305	14,734 1,209 1,344	31.0 20.9 18.4	34,707 6,614 4,614	9,913 1,420 1,011	28.6 21.5 21.9
OCCUPATION Executive, administrative, and managerial. Professional specialty Technicians and related support Sales Administrative support, including	16,279 16,681 3,757 9,852	7,404 5,922 1,181 4,011	45.5 35.5 31.4 40.7	8,748 8,037 1,863 5,424	4,277 3,678 683 2,404	48.9 45.8 36.7 44.3	7,531 8,644 1,894 4,428	3,128 2,244 498 1,607	41.5 26.0 26.3 36.3
clerical	13,997 377 2,144	3,426 132 343	24.5 35.0 16.0	3,206 5 1,773	753 3 291	23.5 (B) 16.4	10,791 371 371	2,672 129 52	24.8 34.8 14.0
Service, exc. private household and protective. Precision production, craft, and repair. Operators, fabricators, and laborers Farming, forestry, fishing	8,207 12,061 14,621 1,653	1,755 2,209 1,999 342	21.4 18.3 13.7 20.7	3,324 11,000 11,324 1,360	698 2,026 1,689 291	21.0 18.4 14.9 21.4	4,883 1,061 3,297 293	1,057 183 310 51	21.6 17.3 9.4 17.5

No. 589. Persons on Shift Schedules: 2001

[In percent, except as indicated. (99,631 represents 99,631,000). As of May. For employed full-time wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Excludes the self-employed. Data relate to the primary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote Table 588 regarding occupations.]

		Regu-			S	hift work	ers		
Item	Total work-	day- time				Rotat-			
	ers ¹ (1,000)	sched- ules	E Total	vening shift	Night shift	ing shift	Split shift	Irreguler shift ²	Other shift
Total	99,631	84.8	14.5	4.8	3.3	2.3	0.4	2.8	0.7
16 to 19 years old	28,702 23,946 9,971	70.2 77.8 84.9 86.2 86.3 86.3 84.9	28.8 21.3 14.4 13.2 13.1 13.2 15.0	13.5 8.7 4.9 3.7 4.1 4.5 3.9	5.4 4.7 3.3 3.3 2.9 3.1 2.1	3.4 3.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 1.7	0.3 0.4 0.6 0.4 0.3 0.4 1.3	5.3 3.5 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.8 5.5	1.0 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.5
SEX Male		82.9	16.4	5.2	3.6	2.8	0.5	3.3	0.9
Female	43,566	87.3	12.1	4.3	3.0	1.8	0.4	2.1	0.5
White	82,205 12,390 11,919	85.8 79.3 84.3	13.6 19.7 14.8	4.4 7.0 5.8	3.0 5.0 3.4	2.2 3.3 2.0	0.4 0.5 0.5	2.8 3.2 2.5	0.7 0.6 0.5
OCCUPATION Executive, administrative, and managerial. Professional specialty Technicians and related support Sales Administrative support, including clerical. Private household Protective service. Service, exc. private household and protective Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers. Farming, forestry, fishing	16,279 16,681 3,757 9,852 13,997 377 2,144 8,207 12,061 14,621 1,653	93.9 91.7 83.9 84.3 91.1 82.8 49.8 66.9 87.4 73.6 93.5	5.6 7.8 15.6 15.2 8.4 15.6 49.0 32.0 12.0 25.4 5.6	1.6 1.7 3.8 4.1 3.6 1.0 12.4 14.5 4.0 8.4 2.3	0.7 1.7 4.2 1.3 2.4 0.5 9.7 5.9 3.6 8.0 0.8	1.0 1.1 2.4 3.6 0.7 0.7 12.3 3.9 2.3 3.7 0.7	0.2 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.7 1.1 1.3 0.3 0.6 0.5	1.8 2.5 3.8 5.2 0.9 9.4 8.1 4.7 1.3 3.8 1.0	0.3 0.4 1.4 0.5 0.4 3.3 5.4 1.5 0.5 0.8 0.3

¹ Includes persons who did not provide information on usual shift worked. ² Employer arranged schedule. 3 Persons of

Hispanic origin may be of any race.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Workers on Flexible and Shift Schedules, News, USDL 02-225, April 18, 2002. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS.

B Percent not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Includes persons who did not provide information on flexible edules.
Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Workers on Flexible and Shift Schedules, News, USDL 02-225, April 18, 2002. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>.

No. 590. Multiple Jobholders: 2003

[Annual average of monthly figures (7,315 represents 7,315,000). For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Multiple jobholders are employed persons who, either 1) had jobs as wage or salary workers with two employers or more; 2) were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job; or 3) were unpaid family workers on their primary jobs but also held a wage and salary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

	To	tal	Ma	ale	Female		
Characteristic	Number	Percent of	Number	Percent of	Number	Percent of	
	(1,000)	employed	(1,000)	employed	(1,000)	employed	
Total ¹	7,315	5.3	3,716	5.1	3,599	5.6	
16 to 19 years old	280	4.7	107	3.7	173	5.7	
20 to 24 years old	778	5.8	350	5.0	428	6.7	
25 to 54 years old	5,266	5.4	2,742	5.3	2,525	5.6	
55 to 64 years old	837	5.0	430	4.9	407	5.2	
65 years old and over	154	3.3	87	3.4	67	3.3	
Race and Hispanic origin: White ² Black ² Asian ² Hispanic	6,273	5.5	3,190	5.2	3,083	5.9	
	645	4.4	328	4.8	317	4.0	
	196	3.4	96	3.1	100	3.7	
	³ 554	3.2	325	3.1	229	3.3	
Marital status: Married, spouse present. Widowed, divorced, or separated. Single, never married.	4,067	5.1	2,398	5.4	1,669	4.8	
	1,270	5.8	410	4.6	860	6.6	
	1,978	5.4	907	4.6	1,070	6.4	
Full- or part-time status: Primary job full time, secondary job part time. Both jobs part time Both jobs full time Hours vary on primary or secondary job	3,825	(X)	2,164	(X)	1,661	(X)	
	1,651	(X)	510	(X)	1,141	(X)	
	273	(X)	187	(X)	86	(X)	
	1,523	(X)	831	(X)	692	(X)	

X Not applicable.

Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately. Includes other races, not shown separately.

For persons who selected only one race.

Excludes persons who selected more than one race.

No. 591. Average Number of Jobs Held from Ages 18 to 36: 1978 to 2000

[For persons 35 to 43 in 2000. A job is an uninterrupted period of work with a particular employer. Educational attainment as of 2000. Based on the National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979; see source for details]

		ļ	Number of job	s held by age-	age—		
Sex and educational attainment	Total 1	Age 18 to 22 years old		Age 28 to 32 years old	Age 33 to 36 years old		
Total ² Less than a high school diploma. High school graduates, no college. Less than a bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree or more.	9.6	4.4	3.2	2.6	2.0		
	9.7	4.0	3.1	2.6	2.0		
	9.2	4.1	3.0	2.6	2.0		
	10.0	4.5	3.0	2.7	2.1		
	10.0	5.0	3.5	2.6	1.9		
Male. Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree or more	9.9	4.5	3.4	2.8	2.1		
	11.1	4.7	3.7	3.0	2.1		
	9.6	4.4	3.4	2.8	2.0		
	10.5	4.7	3.5	2.9	2.2		
	9.5	4.6	3.4	2.5	2.0		
Female . Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree or more	9.3	4.3	3.0	2.4	1.9		
	7.8	3.0	2.3	2.1	1.7		
	8.7	3.9	3.0	2.4	2.0		
	9.5	4.4	3.2	2.5	2.0		
	10.6	5.4	3.7	2.6	1.8		
White, non-Hispanic Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree or more	9.8	4.6	3.3	2.6	2.0		
	10.3	4.3	3.3	2.7	2.1		
	9.2	4.3	3.1	2.6	2.0		
	10.3	4.7	3.5	2.7	2.1		
	10.0	5.1	3.5	2.6	1.9		
Black, non-Hispanic. Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree or more	9.1	3.6	3.1	2.7	2.0		
	8.3	2.8	2.7	2.5	1.7		
	9.2	3.5	3.0	2.7	2.1		
	9.0	3.8	3.1	2.6	2.1		
	10.0	4.4	3.7	2.8	2.2		
Hispanic origin Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree or more	8.9 9.2 8.7 8.8 9.4	4.0 3.8 3.9 4.1 4.3	3.0 2.9 2.9 3.0 3.2	2.5 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.7	1.9 1.9 1.8 2.0		

¹ Jobs held in more than one age category were counted in each category, but only once in the total. ² Includes other races, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, January 2004. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Number of Jobs Held, Labor Market Activity, and Earnings Growth Among Younger Baby Boomers: Results from More Than Two Decades of a Longitudinal Survey, USDL 02-497, August 27, 2002. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/nls/home.htm>.

No. 592. Distribution of Workers by Tenure With Current Employer by Selected Characteristic: 2002

[118,424 represents 118,424,000. As of February. For employed wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see source and Appendix III]

	Num		Percent	distribution	on by ten	ure with c	urrent en	nployer		
Characteristic	Num- ber em- ployed (1,000)	12 months or less	13 to 23 months	2 years	3 to 4 years	5 to 9 years	10 to 14 years	15 to 19 years	20 years or more	Median years ¹
Total ²	118,424	24.5	8.4	5.8	17.3	17.7	10.4	6.0	9.8	3.7
AGE AND SEX										
16 to 19 years old. 20 years old and over 20 to 24 years old. 25 to 34 years old. 35 to 44 years old. 45 to 54 years old. 65 years old and over. Male. 16 to 19 years old. 20 years old and over. 20 to 24 years old. 35 to 44 years old. 65 years old and over. 20 to 24 years old. 55 to 64 years old. 65 years old and over. 16 to 19 years old. 25 to 34 years old. 55 to 64 years old. 55 to 64 years old. 65 years old and over. 16 to 19 years old. 20 years old and over. 21 to 24 years old. 22 years old and over. 25 to 34 years old. 26 years old and over. 26 to 24 years old. 27 to 34 years old. 35 to 44 years old. 36 to 49 years old. 37 to 49 years old. 38 to 49 years old. 39 to 49 years old. 49 to 54 years old. 49 to 54 years old. 59 years old and over.	5,904 112,520 12,414 26,959 31,648 26,422 12,104 2,973 61,023 2,879 58,144 6,368 14,408 16,491 13,201 3,025 54,376 6,045 12,551 15,157 13,221 5,986	71.5 22.1 51.4 28.9 12.9 12.9 23.5 72.2 21.1 49.4 27.2 27.2 21.1 10.9 10.0 25.6 71.0 23.1 53.4 30.8 19.0 13.8 19.0 13.8 10.5 9.8	12.6 8.2 14.6 17.3 5.5 4.6 4.1 12.9 7.9 10.5 6.8 5.4 4.1 8.5 12.3 8.5 11.6 7.8 5.5 4.5	7.8 5.2 7.5 3.7 3.7 3.5 5.6 5.0 5.6 2 7.4 5.3 3.2 5.8 8.8 9.2 7.7 5.8 8.9 8.9 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	7.5 17.9 19.2 23.3 18.4 14.2 12.0 13.4 17.0 7.4 17.5 21.0 23.2 21.7 3 12.7 7.6 18.3 17.4 23.4 19.6 15.7 11.9	0.5 18.6 22.0 21.3 18.8 17.1 19.8 17.7 0.4 18.6 6.4 17.3 20.2 17.7 0.5 18.7 0.5 18.7 19.8 20.2 19.5 19.5 19.5	10.9 (Z) 6.5 14.7 13.8 15.2 13.9 10.4 10.9 0.1 7.5 15.6 13.0 12.3 10.4 12.3 10.4 12.3 10.4 12.3 10.4 11.3 10.5 11.4 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11	6.3 9.5 9.5 9.7 8.6 6.3 10.3 10.1 9.0 8.3 5.7 6.0 0.9 10.8 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5	(Z) 5.88 21.6 27.4 25.6 11.3 11.8 (Z) 6.6 26.2 31.4 25.8 8.7 4.8 17.0 23.4 25.4	0.7 4.0 4.2 2.7 4.6 7.6 9.9 9.9 0.8 2.5 1.3 2.5 1.3 2.5 1.3 3.7 3.7 3.7 4.3 6.5 9.9 9.9 9.9
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN										
White Male Female Black Male Female Hispanic origin ³ Male Female	98,670 51,473 47,197 14,143 6,567 7,577 13,776 7,807 5,968	24.4 23.3 25.5 25.4 24.5 26.3 29.4 28.5 30.5	8.4 8.0 9.0 7.5 8.2 6.8 8.5 7.6 9.7	5.6 5.4 5.9 6.6 7.0 6.2 7.7 8.2 7.1	17.1 16.8 17.3 18.0 16.5 19.2 19.2 19.7 18.6	17.8 17.8 17.8 17.9 18.2 17.7 17.7 17.9	10.5 10.4 10.5 9.6 9.8 9.4 8.4 8.6 8.2	6.2 6.5 5.9 5.6 6.3 4.9 4.0 4.1 3.8	10.1 11.9 8.2 9.5 9.4 9.5 5.1 5.5 4.5	3.7 4.0 3.4 3.5 3.5 3.5 2.9 3.0 2.7

No. 593. Part-Time Workers by Reason: 2003

[In thousands (31,869 represents 31,869,000), except hours. For persons working 1 to 34 hours per week. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

	A	All industries		Nonag	riculture indu	stries
Reason		Usually	work—		Usually	work—
	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Full time	Part time
Total working fewer than 35 hours	31,869	9,841	22,028	31,286	9,653	21,633
Economic reasons Slack work or business conditions Could find only part-time work Seasonal work Job started or ended during the week	4,701 3,118 1,279 169 134	1,687 1,434 - 119 134	3,013 1,684 1,279 51	4,596 3,052 1,264 147 132	1,621 1,388 - 101 132	2,975 1,664 1,264 47
Noneconomic reasons Child-care problems. Other family or personal obligations Health or medical limitations In school or training Retired or Social Security limit on earnings Vacation or personal day Holiday, legal, or religious Weather related curtailment. Other	27,169 742 5,715 753 6,109 1,951 3,456 731 470 7,241	8,154 73 726 - 95 - 3,456 731 470 2,603	19,014 669 4,989 753 6,014 1,951	26,690 737 5,617 734 6,049 1,854 3,419 724 440 7,117	8,031 73 714 - 94 3,419 724 440 2,568	18,658 665 4,902 734 5,955 1,854
Average hours per week: Economic reasons Noneconomic reasons	23.0 21.4	24.0 25.3	22.5 19.7	23.0 21.4	24.0 25.4	22.5 19.7

Represents or rounds to zero.

⁻ Represents zero. Z Less than 0.05 percent. ¹ For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. ² Includes other races, not shown separately. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Source: U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News, *Employee Tenure in 2002*, USDL 02-531, September 19, 2002; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS-

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps /home.htm>.

No. 594. Displaced Workers by Selected Characteristics: 2002

[In percent, except total (3,969 represents 3,969,000). As of January. For persons 20 years old and over with tenure of 3 years or more who lost or left a job between January 1999 and December 2001 because of plant closings or moves, slack work, or the abolishment of their positions. Data revised since originally published. Based on Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see source and Appendix III]

		Emp	ployment statu	ıs	Re	ason for job lo	ss
Characteristic	Total (1,000)	Employed	Unem- ployed	Not in the labor force	Plant or company closed down or moved	Slack/ insufficient work	Position or shift abolished
Total ¹	3,969	63.6	21.2	15.2	47.2	25.4	27.3
	132	68.7	15.4	15.8	45.4	49.8	4.8
	3,117	67.5	21.7	10.8	46.5	25.3	28.2
	593	50.9	20.3	28.8	50.7	20.1	29.2
	127	19.8	20.7	59.5	50.9	28.1	21.0
Males	2,186	65.2	22.8	12.0	44.5	27.8	27.7
	55	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
	1,740	69.0	22.9	8.1	42.3	28.9	28.7
	326	55.0	22.7	22.3	55.6	16.5	27.9
	65	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Females	1,783	61.6	19.3	19.1	50.6	22.5	26.9
	77	65.8	17.9	16.3	46.2	47.9	5.9
	1,377	65.7	20.2	14.2	51.8	20.7	27.5
	266	45.8	17.3	36.8	44.8	24.5	30.7
	62	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
White	3,351	64.7	20.8	14.5	46.9	24.7	28.4
	474	57.7	22.3	20.0	49.2	29.5	21.3
Hispanic origin ³	335	55.0	31.0	14.0	50.1	33.9	16.0

¹ Includes other races, not shown separately. ² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. ³ Persons of Hispanic

No. 595. Labor Force Status of Persons With a Work Disability by Age: 2003

[In percent, except as indicated (22,224 represents 22,224,000). As of March. For civilians 16 to 74 who have a condition which prevents them from working or limits the amount of work they can do. Data from the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

					Age			
Labor force status	Total	16 to 24 years old	25 to 34 years old	35 to 44 years old	45 to 54 years old	55 to 64 years old	65 to 69 years old	70 to 74 years old
Number (1,000)	22,224	1,395	2,173	3,708	5,010	5,772	2,113	2,053
In labor force	12.5 76.5	31.5 23.6 11.7 68.5 25.1	37.3 29.0 18.3 62.7 22.5	32.2 27.2 18.4 67.8 15.5	28.3 24.5 17.2 71.7 13.2	17.8 15.8 10.1 82.2 11.1	9.6 8.2 1.8 90.4 15.2	5.9 5.5 2.0 94.1 7.1

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Disability Data from the March Current Population Survey"; http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/disable/disabcps.html; (accessed 16 July 2004).

No. 596. Persons Not in the Labor Force: 2003

[In thousands (74,658 represents 74,658,000). Annual average of monthly figures. For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

			Age		Se	x
Status and reason	Total	16 to 24 years old		55 years old and over	Male	Female
Total not in the labor force Do not want a job now Want a job now In the previous year—	74,658 69,932 4,726	13,800 12,079 1,721	20,980 18,857 2,124	39,878 38,996 882	28,197 26,073 2,124	46,461 43,859 2,603
Did not search for a job. Did search for a job ² Not available for work now. Available for work now, not looking for work. Reason for not currently looking for work.	2,631 2,096 564 1,531	882 838 274 565	1,129 995 248 747	620 262 43 220	1,127 996 231 765	1,503 1,099 333 766
Discouraged over job prospects ³	239	134 37 194 15 184	248 94 42 72 292	75 22 3 26 94	266 35 125 51 288	190 118 114 62 282

¹ Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job. 2 Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since the end of that job. 3 Includes such things as believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination. 4 Includes such things as child care and transportation problems.

origin may be of any race.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Worker Displacement, 1999-2001, News USDL 02-483, August 21, 2002. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 597. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2003

[For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over (137,736 represents 137,736,000). Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 Census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 Census]

	Total -		Percent	of total	
Occupation	employed (1,000)	Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	His- panic ²
Total	1 '	46.8	10.7	4.2	12.6
Management, professional, and related occupations		50.5	8.2	5.4	6.1
Management occupations 3	. 19,934 . 14,468	42.1 37.1	6.9 5.9	4.2 3.7	5.9 5.8
Management occupations ³ Chief executives	1,617	23.5	3.2	3.1	3.3
General and operations managers	. 702	28.2	6.0	2.8	7.6
Marketing and sales managers	. 888 . 81	39.7 34.6	4.0 11.1	3.3 5.0	5.6 4.0
Computer and information systems managers		30.5	4.4	8.3	3.8
Financial managers.	. 1.041	52.7	6.9	3.4	6.1
Human resources managers	. 263	68.6	7.4	1.0	6.6
Purchasing managers	. 276 . 169	17.3 39.1	3.3 5.1	3.0 2.8	6.1 6.0
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	. 225	15.9	5.9	2.4	8.0
Farm, ranch, and other agricultural managers	. 206	18.2	1.0	0.9	6.2
Farmers and ranchers	. 825 . 680	24.7	0.6	0.7 1.5	2.1 6.2
Education administrators		5.9 65.2	3.6 12.2	2.4	4.4
Engineering managers	. 77	10.4	1.3	8.5	0.2
Food service managers	. 875	41.0	7.1	10.8	10.1
Lodging managers		59.1 70.9	7.4 11.3	8.1 1.7	6.0 4.6
Property, real estate, and community association managers		50.2	5.0	2.8	9.6
Social and community service managers	. 307	64.5	11.0	2.9	7.1
Business and financial operations occupations ³		55.4	9.3	5.6	6.2
Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products		48.0 52.6	4.2 7.7	6.9 2.3	7.3 7.5
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators		63.4	12.2	3.2	6.1
Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction,					
health and safety, and transportation		47.7	13.4	2.3	9.6
Cost estimators		14.6 70.8	3.3 11.1	1.2 3.5	5.7 8.7
Management analysts	. 547	42.9	7.0	5.6	3.3
Accountants and auditors	. 1,639	58.6	9.6	8.8	5.6
Appraisers and assessors of real estate		30.8 28.3	4.2 4.8	1.0 5.5	5.6 4.6
Insurance underwriters		73.2	9.8	5.7	6.8
Loan counselors and officers	. 417	59.8	9.9	3.9	8.2
Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents		61.6	18.9	6.2	6.9
Tax preparers	. 91 . 27,995	68.6 56.4	9.3 9.1	3.4 6.3	8.6 6.2
Professional and related occupations	3,122	28.8	8.1	12.9	5.5
Computer scientists and systems analysts	. 722	30.4	9.7	10.8	5.4
Computer programmers	. 563 . 758	28.1 24.4	7.1 6.1	11.5 22.7	5.1 4.8
Computer support specialists	330	37.4	11.7	5.9	6.8
Network and computer systems administrators	. 176	21.7	8.1	5.9	9.2
Network systems and data communications analysts	. 359 . 95	23.6 50.6	7.3 7.8	9.0 11.0	5.7 5.8
Operations research analysts	2,727	14.1	4.4	8.7	5.2
Architects, except naval	. 180	22.1	0.3	6.3	6.2
Aerospace engineers	. 82	11.0	0.8	9.5	4.2
Chemical engineers	. 75 . 278	14.9 8.7	3.1 4.6	8.9 11.7	4.5 5.3
Computer hardware engineers		10.4	5.8	18.9	1.9
Electrical and electronics engineers	. 363	7.1	4.4	13.6	2.4
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	. 180 . 285	19.2 5.5	3.6 2.2	8.9 8.3	4.3 3.7
Drafters	. 224	21.7	5.6	3.7	8.6
Engineering technicians, except drafters	419	21.8	10.3	4.9	8.4
Surveying and mapping technicians Life, physical, and social science occupations 3 Biological scientists	. 75	16.9	2.0	0.9	2.3
Riological scientists	. 1,375 . 112	43.0 46.1	6.3 5.1	10.3 13.3	5.9 2.3
Medical scientists	101	50.5	4.8	21.0	4.9
Chemists and materials scientists	. 140	36.4	5.9	19.8	6.4
Environmental scientists and geoscientists	. 85 . 124	29.8	3.1	1.0	3.2
Market and survey researchers	. 185	56.6 65.8	7.7 4.0	7.0 2.3	5.5 5.9
Chamical tachnicians	0.0	28.8	14.8	8.9	7.7
Community and social services occupations ³	. 2,184	60.6	18.7	3.2	8.4
Counselors	. 640 . 673	67.0 79.5	21.5 19.7	2.6 4.0	9.7 9.2
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	. 307	79.5 68.8	26.2	1.7	10.6
Clergy	. 410	13.9	10.2	4.7	4.6
Religious workers, all other	. 96	55.6	7.5	2.3	5.1
Legal occupations ~	. 1,508 . 952	46.2 27.6	6.0 3.6	2.4 2.8	6.0 4.0
Paralegals and legal assistants	. 286	84.2	10.7	1.8	9.4
. arangan and regar abbidianto	1 -17	76.1	8.1		11.0
_ Miscellaneous legal support workers	. 211			2.0	
Heligious workers, all other. Legal occupations ³ Lawyers Paralegals and legal assistants Miscellaneous legal support workers Education, training, and library occupations ³ Postsecondary teachers Preschool and kindergarten teachers	. 211 . 7,768 . 1,121	73.8 44.9	9.8 5.0	3.3 10.5	7.1 4.5

No. 597. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2003—Con.

[For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over (137,736 represents 137,736,000). Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 Census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 Census]

Occupation	Total -		Percent	of total	
Occupation	employed (1,000)	Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	His- panic ²
Elementary and middle school teachers	2,557	81.7	10.4	1.9	5.9
Secondary school teachers	1,124 370	55.2 82.4	8.5 8.3	1.7 0.5	6.1 4.9
Other teachers and instructors		67.5	8.7	3.9	7.6
Librarians	194	84.4	5.6	2.7	5.0
Teacher assistants	932 2,663	91.6	14.8	2.0	15.2
Artists and related workers	2,003	47.6 50.0	6.4 2.2	4.6 3.6	7.7 5.1
Designers		55.7	5.0	6.6	8.7
Producers and directors	133	31.8	9.0	4.0	8.0
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers		38.2 34.6	6.9 13.8	1.6 3.5	5.5 8.0
News analysts, reporters and correspondents	80	44.4	5.9	2.4	6.3
Public relations specialists	128	66.5	7.5	3.7	4.1
Editors	163 190	53.8 54.5	2.4 5.0	3.1 2.4	5.1 1.7
Writers and authors		68.8	2.6	16.4	37.6
Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio		00.0			07.0
operators	94	8.1	12.5	0.9	8.9
Photographers	146 6.648	38.6 73.7	4.7 10.1	6.0 7.4	8.2 4.9
Dentists	188	23.7	4.7	8.7	5.6
Dietitians and nutritionists	85	91.1	13.1	9.0	5.6
Pharmacists		51.5	5.4	9.7	2.8
Physicians and surgeons	819 2,449	29.9 92.1	5.0 9.9	16.1 7.0	4.7 3.9
Occupational therapists	77	87.3	6.5	3.7	6.2
Physical therapists	182	69.8	2.6	9.3	4.1
Respiratory therapists	94	54.4	18.7	5.4	2.2
Speech-language pathologists	93 294	94.5 75.2	5.1 12.3	1.2 10.6	1.6 5.9
Dental hygienists		98.9	0.6	1.4	2.0
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	268	69.1	11.6	4.1	6.4
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	121 388	32.0 81.6	7.1 16.8	1.3 4.0	7.7 8.1
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	531	94.8	22.3	3.6	6.6
Medical records and health information technicians	107	92.6	13.4	4.4	14.1
Service occupations	22,086	57.2	15.4	4.2	18.9
Healthcare support occupations 3	2,926	89.4	25.2	3.9	12.5
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	1,811	89.6 82.1	34.4 2.3	4.2 3.8	12.0 4.2
Dental assistants	251	95.0	7.8	5.5	14.7
Dental assistants	2,727	20.7	18.7	1.5	10.1
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	127 258	20.9 3.6	11.7 8.2	0.2 0.4	3.8 6.2
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers		26.2	25.8	0.5	9.4
Detectives and criminal investigators	112	23.6	11.7	0.9	8.2
Police and sheriffs patrol officersSecurity guards and gaming surveillance officers	612 781	12.4 21.1	13.2 28.4	1.2 2.9	11.0 12.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7,254	56.6	11.6	5.6	19.9
Chefs and head cooks	281	20.1	12.1	14.1	19.9
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and	667	56.3	16.1	3.2	13.4
serving workers	1,814	42.1	17.1	6.5	27.2
Food preparation workers	612	57.3	11.8	7.9	28.3
Bartenders	349	57.7	2.5	2.3	7.7
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	259	72.4	13.3	5.1	13.3
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop	349	66.7	11.0	4.8	14.1
Waiters and waitresses	1,842	74.3	6.9	4.6	12.6
Food servers, nonrestaurant	180 374	66.3 46.6	18.3 9.7	7.6 5.6	18.8 31.2
Dishwashers	294	23.9	9.7	4.8	37.3
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	230	86.8	3.6	2.8	11.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4,947	41.0	15.0	2.7	31.2
First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and janitorial workers	166	46.0	24.0	4.0	21.8
First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service,					
and groundskeeping workers	223	5.5	5.4	1.7	17.6
Janitors and building cleaners	1,973 1,370	32.7 88.4	16.7 18.1	2.8 4.1	25.8 38.7
Pest control workers	81	6.1	5.0	0.8	7.4
Grounds maintenance workers	1,135	6.9	9.3	1.1	37.1
Personal care and service occupations 3	4,232 131	78.4 40.6	13.7 5.8	5.4 1.3	13.0 6.4
First-line supervisors/managers of garning workers	162	71.5	6.0	10.3	7.5
Nonfarm animal caretakers	114	68.9	3.9	0.3	11.6
Gaming services workers		50.7	10.2	15.9	13.8
Barbers	95 718	17.7 93.7	40.7 12.3	2.3 3.7	12.2 11.6
Miscellaneous personal appearance workers		82.2	3.7	43.4	6.6
Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges		20.3	21.6	9.6	20.7

No. 597. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2003—Con.

[For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over (137,736 represents 137,736,000). Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 Census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 Census]

Occupation	Total -		Percent	of total	
Occupation	employed (1,000)	Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	His- panic ²
Transportation attendants	120 1,284	77.6	11.0	5.6 2.4	7.8 17.2
Child care workers	512	95.1 88.4	15.1 20.8	3.7	14.8
Recreation and fitness workers	299	69.6	10.6	4.2	8.8
Sales and office occupations. Sales and related occupations 3	35,496	63.8	10.9	3.7	10.8
	15,960	49.0	8.9	4.1	10.4
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	3,389 1,388	41.8 27.5	7.0	5.0 3.7	9.3 9.6
First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers Cashiers	2,903	76.4	6.9 15.9	5.0	15.0
Counter and rental clerks	206	58.9	11.0	3.0	11.4
Parts salespersons	137	14.1	2.7	4.0	10.3
Retail sales persons	3,113 192	50.4 59.7	9.7 5.1	4.1 2.9	11.8 6.0
Insurance sales agents	552	44.3	5.9	2.1	5.2
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	389	32.0	7.1	5.1	7.8
Travel agents	88 485	83.4 39.4	3.7 8.2	5.8 3.9	9.6 5.8
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	1,399	25.6	3.7	2.5	7.1
Models, demonstrators, and product promoters	73	87.2	5.3	1.3	15.1
Real estate brokers and sales agents	850	57.2	5.2	3.3	6.7
Telemarketers	187	63.2	19.9	1.3	16.0
and related workers	297	66.8	8.1	2.9	11.8
Sales and related workers, all otherOffice and administrative support occupations ³	264	45.4	6.9	3.8	9.3
Office and administrative support occupations 3	19,536	75.9	12.6	3.3	11.1
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	1,623	70.3	9.8	2.7	9.6
Bill and account collectors	225	69.8	21.3	2.8	14.0
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	454	90.5	13.3	3.7	13.0
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	1,545 170	92.3 92.3	7.3 10.6	3.4 4.2	7.1 11.6
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	397	88.9	8.4	6.6	12.2
Court, municipal, and license clerks	89	83.6	15.1	2.7	5.9
Customer service representatives	1,747	69.3	18.1	2.6	12.6
Eligibility interviewers, government programs	78 399	76.2 82.5	19.7 13.2	4.3 4.2	17.0 11.2
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	113	70.9	12.4	1.7	17.8
Interviewers, except eligibility and loan	141	80.9	15.3	1.4	12.3
Library assistants, clerical	116 204	83.6 84.0	6.6 11.5	6.2 3.5	5.2
Order clerks	108	72.1	12.1	4.6	11.1 14.9
Receptionists and information clerks	1,376	93.2	9.4	2.6	13.4
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	179	67.8	17.8	7.3	14.9
Couriers and messengers	244 249	17.9 52.8	15.4 14.3	1.3 1.2	13.1 8.7
Postal service clerks	189	44.7	23.7	7.2	9.8
Postal service mail carriers	323	34.6	15.3	4.8	5.4
Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators	112	46.7	27.7	11.6	14.1
Production, planning, and expediting clerks	275	54.1	6.1	2.4	9.0
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	557	28.9	11.8	3.2	21.5
Stock clerks and order fillers	1,360	37.6	14.6 17.4	3.5	15.9
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping Secretaries and administrative assistants	78 3,632	46.3 96.6	9.2	3.4 2.2	13.8 8.0
Computer operators	191	48.2	18.1	3.9	8.3
Data entry keyers	581	80.3	17.8	4.5	10.9
Word processors and typists	362 265	93.6 85.5	16.7 15.2	5.6 2.0	10.8 11.7
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	147	53.6	24.5	3.7	10.5
Office clerks, general	885	84.1	14.8	4.8	13.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance					
occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations ³	14,205 1,050	4.7 22.0	7.2 4.7	1.6 1.8	21.3 40.3
Graders and sorters, agricultural products	73	68.0	9.8	8.4	43.8
Logging workers	79	2.2	10.2	-	12.3
Construction and extraction occupations 3	8,114	2.8	7.1	1.0	23.7
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers	897	2.5	4.1	0.5	12.6
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	218	0.9	11.3	1.0	33.6
Carpenters	1,595	1.6	5.8	0.8	24.5
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	271	2.6	5.1	0.4	32.6
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers Construction laborers	120 1,151	2.5 3.0	8.2 9.9	0.3 1.0	38.4 35.0
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	376	1.5	7.8	0.1	11.7
Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	205	2.0	5.1	0.2	46.8
	774	2.1 6.7	7.0 7.3	1.5 1.8	10.8 33.0
Electricians		p./	7.3	1.0	33.0
Painters, construction and maintenance	660 595				
Painters, construction and maintenance	595 233	1.0 1.3	7.1 7.0	1.2 1.6	14.2 33.1
Painters, construction and maintenance	595	1.0	7.1	1.2	14.2

No. 597. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2003—Con.

[For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over (137,736 represents 137,736,000). Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 Census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 Census]

	Total -		Percent	of total	
Occupation	employed (1,000)	Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	His- panic ²
Construction and building inspectors	95	9.8	9.0	3.1	9.8
Highway maintenance workers	79 5,041	4.1 4.2	13.1 7.8	2.5	15.5 13.4
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers,	3,041	4.2	7.0	2.5	10.4
and repairers	340	8.2	8.6	0.8	10.0
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers	296 251	12.0 13.9	9.2 13.3	4.3 2.9	8.8 12.8
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	128	2.6	6.0	6.3	11.4
Automotive body and related repairers	203	2.4	4.0	5.0	23.8
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	884 339	1.3 0.8	6.9 6.6	3.4 1.4	16.5 11.6
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and	000	0.0	0.0		11.0
mechanics	200	0.9	5.3	0.2	10.7
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	350	0.7	5.9	1.9	15.4
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	460	2.3	7.5	2.0	10.1
Maintenance and repair workers, general	309	2.7	7.2	1.6	14.8
Millwrights		3.7	2.1		1.8
Electrical power-line installers and repairers	111	0.9 6.6	6.1 17.2	1.1 0.3	8.7 10.5
·					
Production, transportation, and material occupations	18,020	23.7	13.9	3.9	19.0
Production occupations ³	9,700	31.0	12.4	5.3	20.0
workers	939	20.1	10.1	4.1	11.5
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	240	59.6	9.9	20.5	19.4
Bakers	183 311	48.5 26.6	14.2 12.7	6.5 4.1	28.0 41.5
Food batchmakers	111	39.7	7.9	1.6	34.2
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and					
tenders, metal and plastic	152	26.5	8.8	1.0	15.1
setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	79	17.0	13.4	1.7	18.7
Machinists	454	4.8	7.1	4.9	12.9
Tool and die makers		4.1 6.9	2.1 10.6	1.7	3.6 18.1
Job printers	83	20.2	15.3	5.7	14.5
Printing machine operators	191	18.0	6.0	4.0	12.3
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	193 81	59.6	21.3	4.9	29.9
Pressers, textile, garment, and related materials		74.9 78.6	17.9 14.2	6.1 13.9	46.4 38.5
Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers		71.0	9.9	22.3	21.4
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	113	2.1	9.2	2.6	9.7
Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Cutting workers	107 95	10.1 21.2	14.7 9.7	0.7 4.3	19.8 32.7
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	692	39.7	14.4	4.7	14.0
Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians	100	49.4	10.8	7.4	14.3
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	294 177	56.5 15.4	16.6	4.6	37.3 25.3
Painting workers	76	59.9	7.0 14.4	3.8 3.7	10.4
Helpers—production workers		35.2	9.9	5.2	31.7
Helpers—production workers	8,320	15.3	15.6	2.4	17.9
Supervisors, transportation and material moving workers Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	216 116	16.3 3.4	13.2 0.7	4.6 1.5	16.3 4.3
Bus drivers	558	48.4	28.8	1.5	10.1
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	3,214	4.6	12.8	1.6	15.0
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	286 74	13.8	28.1	7.3	16.5 23.7
Parking lot attendants		9.8 15.7	19.0 7.6	5.9 6.1	12.1
Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators	88	1.6	3.6	-	11.3
Industrial truck and tractor operators	534	8.6	19.8	1.2	28.7
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	326 1,748	14.1 18.3	18.6 16.3	2.1 2.5	29.8 18.1
Packers and packagers, hand	419	61.1	12.1	6.1	39.8

¹ For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, table 570.
² Persons of Hispanic
³ Includes other occupations, not shown separately. - Represents or rounds to zero. or Latino ethnicity may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthy, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 598. Employed Civilians by Occupation—States: 2002

[In thousands (1,978 represents 1,978,000). Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 1990 Census and are not comparable to those in other tables using the 2000 Census classifications]

		Manage profes spec	sional		cal, sales strative su				Opera	ators, fabric and laborer	cators,
State	Total ¹	Execu- tive, adminis- trative, and manage- rial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support	Service occupa- tions	Precision production, craft, and repair	Machine opera- tors, assem- blers ³	Trans- portation and material moving	Handlers, equip- ment cleaners, helpers
AL AK AZ AR CA	1,978	287	299	79	216	252	266	221	161	90	68
	298	48	48	10	27	42	46	35	6	12	17
	2,507	408	389	87	320	361	351	270	72	87	100
	1,216	148	167	28	152	145	162	148	89	67	57
	16,242	2,513	2,694	505	1,955	2,155	2,279	1,678	681	612	656
CO	2,298	404	396	82	277	294	305	265	62	75	84
	1,696	303	303	68	209	232	217	180	66	49	46
	405	63	69	15	39	67	58	42	14	16	15
	285	60	81	12	17	37	43	13	4	8	7
	7,642	1,175	1,111	275	1,059	1,018	1,195	822	211	291	291
GA HI ID IL	4,071 557 645 5,963 3,012	621 85 77 899 439	615 86 93 894 421	148 16 22 179 91	477 65 69 729 344	536 79 86 818 377	487 102 100 817 372	482 52 75 631 360	235 (B) 27 341 252	223 22 31 290 137	158 21 27 255 143
IA KS KY LA ME	1,601	197	250	48	195	225	207	168	101	70	68
	1,342	197	222	43	143	188	182	144	60	52	55
	1,857	257	297	60	212	249	244	185	107	103	85
	1,883	243	295	73	225	246	271	238	78	91	75
	656	93	109	19	79	82	93	80	29	29	23
MD MA MI MN MS	2,772	542	578	86	306	351	353	243	60	102	96
	3,301	576	673	104	392	407	459	312	130	104	100
	4,691	643	786	165	529	600	652	503	338	189	197
	2,790	436	457	101	332	389	372	290	118	102	91
	1,210	154	163	37	137	146	150	149	89	78	59
MO	2,825	389	446	88	339	387	388	321	140	120	129
MT	442	61	64	13	48	53	70	53	13	18	15
NE	925	125	129	30	105	131	126	100	41	37	37
NV	1,060	155	125	31	132	130	234	130	22	41	42
NH	672	103	116	21	87	88	82	81	34	27	21
NJ	4,113	731	725	155	496	588	552	351	134	178	158
	830	108	124	34	94	105	139	109	19	36	35
	8,790	1,370	1,557	255	986	1,242	1,494	767	340	383	275
	3,890	501	581	108	484	465	529	484	282	171	179
	332	41	47	11	37	42	54	34	10	17	13
OH	5,497	789	856	177	657	733	799	557	341	251	240
OK	1,617	218	250	46	186	228	220	203	71	77	64
OR	1,695	263	268	51	196	225	236	181	78	69	65
PA	5,934	850	974	229	695	850	817	595	298	274	243
RI	528	78	95	16	59	74	77	53	35	16	20
SC SD	1,851	257	295	59	213	216	250	240	131	93	56
	408	52	55	11	44	58	63	40	17	16	16
	2,776	404	361	89	341	401	328	326	205	129	126
	10,070	1,433	1,506	348	1,266	1,308	1,483	1,152	379	456	443
	1,108	159	162	41	135	173	137	133	54	41	48
VT	336 3,583 2,871 755 2,861 259	51 650 448 92 399 35	60 677 475 109 409 34	10 121 103 31 84 7	37 406 337 84 317 26	41 426 378 99 385 33	44 452 402 118 373 36	39 396 310 94 344 37	19 142 98 33 219	12 128 123 51 121 19	11 120 103 31 119 10

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

¹ Includes farming, forestry, and fishing not shown separately.

² Including clerical.

³ Including inspectors.

⁴ Including laborers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2002 (published February 2004). See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/gps/>.

No. 599. Employment Projections by Occupation: 2002 and 2012

[In thousands (365 represents 365,000), except percent and rank. Estimates based on the Current Employment Statistics Program; the Occupational Employment Statistics Survey; and the Current Population Survey. See source for methodological assumptions. Occupations based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification system]

	Employ (1,0	yment 00)	Char 2002-2	ige	Quartile rank by - 2002	Most significant source of
Occupation	2002	2012	Num- ber (1,000)	Per-	median annual earn-	postsecondary education or training
	2002	2012	(1,000)	COIII	iiiga	
FASTEST GROWING Medical assistants	365	579	215	59	3	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Network systems and data communications analysts	186 63	292 94	106 31	57 49	1	Bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree
Social and human service assistants Home health aides Medical records and health information	305 580	454 859	149 279	49 48	3	Moderate-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training
technicians Physical therapist aides Computer software engineers, applications Computer software engineers, systems	147 37 394	216 54 573	69 17 179	47 46 46	3	Associate degree Short-term on-the-job training Bachelor's degree
software	281 50	409 73	128 22	45 45		Bachelor's degree Associate degree
Fitness trainers and aerobics instructors Database administrators Veterinary technologists and technicians	183 110 53	264 159 76	81 49 23	44 44 44	1 3	Postsecondary vocational award Bachelor's degree Associate degree
Hazardous materials removal workers Dental hygienists	38 148 8	54 212 12	16 64 4	43 43 43	1	Moderate-term on-the-job training Associate degree Short-term on-the-job training
Dental assistants	266 608 200	379 854 281	113 246 80	42 40 40	4	Moderate-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training Work experience in a related occupation
Computer systems analysts Occupational therapist assistants Environmental engineers Postsecondary teachers	468 18 47 1,581	653 26 65 2,184	184 7 18 603	39 39 38 38	2	Bachelor's degree Associate degree Bachelor's degree Doctoral degree
Network and computer systems administrators	251	345	94	37	1	Bachelor's degree
Environmental science and protection technicians, including health	28	38	10	37	2	Associate degree
Preschool teachers, except special education	424	577	153	36	4	Postsecondary vocational award Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work
managers	284	387	103	36	1	experience
Registered nurses	2,284 1,581	2,908 2,184	623 603	27 38	1	Associate degree Doctoral degree
Postsecondary teachers Retail salespersons Customer service representatives Combined food preparation and serving	4,076 1,894	4,672 2,354	596 460	15 24	4	Short-term on-the-job training Moderate-term on-the-job training
workers, including fast food	1,990 3,432	2,444 3,886	454 454	23 13		Short-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training
housekeeping cleaners	2,267	2,681	414	18		Short-term on-the-job training Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work
General and operations managers	2,049 2,097 1,375	2,425 2,464 1,718	376 367 343	18 18 25	4	experience Short-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer Receptionists and information clerks Security guards	1,767 1,100 995	2,104 1,425 1,313	337 325 317	19 29 32		Moderate-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training
Security guards Office clerks, general. Teacher assistants Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and	2,991 1,277	3,301 1,571	310 294	10 23	3 4	Short-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training
scientific products Home health aides Personal and home care aides Truck drivers, light or delivery services	1,459 580 608 1,022	1,738 859 854 1,259	279 279 246 237	19 48 40 23	4	Moderate-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training Short-term on-the-job training
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Elementary school teachers, except special	1,074	1,311	237	22	3	Short-term on-the-job training
education	1,467 365	1,690 579	223 215	15 59	3	Bachelor's degree Moderate-term on-the-job training
Maintenance and repair workers, general Accountants and auditors	1,266 1,055 468	1,472 1,261 653	207 205 184	16 19 39	1	Moderate-term on-the-job training Bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree
Secondary school teachers, except special and vocational education	988 394	1,167 573	180 179	18 46	1	Bachelor's degree Bachelor's degree

¹ Quartile ranks based on the Occupational Employment Statistics annual earnings. 1 = very high (\$41,820 and over), 2 = high (\$27,500 to \$41,780), 3 = low (\$19,710 to \$27,380), and 4 = very low(up to \$19,600). The rankings were based on quartiles using one-fourth of total employment to define each quartile. Earnings are for wage and salary workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics "Occupational employment projections to 2012", Monthly Labor Review, February 2004. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/emp/home.htm.

No. 600. Occupations of the Employed by Selected Characteristics: 2003

[In thousands (118,385 represents 118,385,000). Annual averages of monthly figures. For civilian noninstitutional population 25 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote, Table 586 regarding occupations.]

Sex, race, and educational attainment	Total employed	Managerial, profes- sional, and related	Service	Sales and office	Natural resources, construc- tion, and mainte- nance	Production, transporta- tion, and material moving
Total ¹ Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	118,385 11,537 35,857 32,420 38,570	44,951 750 5,810 10,620 27,772	16,479 3,268 6,627 4,631 1,953	29,079 1,468 10,431 10,350 6,830	12,193 2,675 5,389 3,282 847	15,683 3,377 7,601 3,537 1,168
White ² Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates. Black ² Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates. Asian ² Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college College graduates. Hispanic ³ Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates. High school graduates, no college Less than a hachelor's degree	98,120 9,437 29,645 26,703 32,335 12,706 1,376 4,465 3,979 2,887 5,132 427 995 884 2,825 14,205 5,073 4,169	38,064 643 5,046 8,989 23,385 3,670 68 516 1,088 1,997 2,440 17 136 263 2,024 2,635 188 452 759	12,431 2,448 4,812 3,622 1,549 2,821 565 1,326 725 205 788 170 308 148 163 3,282 1,555 1,007 527	24,426 1,223 8,953 8,490 5,760 1,060 1,326 501 1,048 47 235 284 481 2,856 468 1,067	10,758 2,388 4,779 2,854 736 932 186 423 266 57 202 33 65 65 65 38 2,503 1,361 720 318	12,441 2,734 6,055 2,747 905 2,237 1,139 574 127 654 160 251 124 120 2,929 1,501 922 385

¹ Includes other races, not shown separately. ² Persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. 3 Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, unpublished data.

No. 601. Employment by Industry: 2000 to 2003

[In thousands (136,891 represents 136,891,000), except percent. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote, Table 586 regarding industries.]

						2003 , pe	ercent 1	
Industry	2000	2001	2002	2003 , total	Female	Black ²	Asian ²	His- panic ³
Total employed. Agriculture and related industries Mining. Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Wholesale trade Retail trade.	136,891 2,464 475 9,931 19,644 12,519 7,125 4,216 15,763	136,933 2,299 538 10,155 18,434 11,703 6,730 4,020 15,786	136,485 2,311 502 9,981 17,233 10,833 6,400 4,144 15,663	137,736 2,275 525 10,138 16,902 10,520 6,382 4,486 16,220	46.8 25.5 13.9 9.6 30.6 27.1 36.2 30.0 48.9	10.7 2.7 3.9 6.2 9.4 8.2 11.5 6.8 9.7	4.2 1.0 0.6 1.1 5.1 5.4 4.7 3.7 4.2	12.6 19.6 10.8 20.3 14.2 11.7 18.3 13.0 12.3
Transportation and utilities. Transportation and warehousing. Utilities Information Telecommunications Financial activities. Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional and business services. Professional and technical services Management, administrative, and	7,380 6,096 1,284 4,059 1,546 9,374 6,641 2,734 13,649 8,266	7,261 6,017 1,244 4,005 1,640 9,444 6,664 2,780 14,068 8,489	7,244 5,971 1,273 3,691 1,444 9,565 6,749 2,816 14,015 8,408	6,950 5,758 1,193 3,687 1,421 9,748 6,834 2,914 13,879 8,243	24.5 24.7 23.5 43.5 41.8 55.7 59.4 47.1 43.0 44.9	15.7 16.7 10.7 11.6 16.2 9.8 10.3 8.6 8.9 5.7	3.4 3.6 2.2 4.5 5.0 4.1 4.6 2.8 4.8 6.1	11.8 12.8 7.0 8.4 8.6 9.0 7.9 11.7 6.5
waste services . Education and health services . Educational services . Health care and social assistance . Hospitals . Health services, except hospitals . Social assistance . Leisure and hospitality . Arts, entertainment, and recreation . Accommodation and food services .	5,383 26,188 11,255 14,933 5,202 7,009 2,722 11,186 2,539 8,647	5,579 26,848 11,535 15,313 5,256 7,304 2,753 11,370 2,590 8,781	5,607 27,624 11,724 15,900 5,330 7,738 2,832 11,541 2,639 8,902	5,636 28,260 11,826 16,434 5,652 7,964 2,818 11,607 2,587 9,021	40.2 75.3 69.5 79.4 77.7 78.4 85.9 51.4 45.3 53.1	13.6 13.7 10.6 15.9 15.2 15.5 18.7 10.8 8.7 11.4	2.9 4.3 3.6 4.9 6.0 4.8 3.1 5.7 3.0 6.5	8.7 7.8 9.3 7.7 9.0 13.4 17.9 10.0 20.2
Other services. Other services, except private households Private households. Government workers	6,450 5,731 718 6,113	6,477 5,783 694 6,228	6,665 5,908 757 6,307	6,815 6,050 764 6,243	51.4 46.3 92.3 46.4	9.9 11.0 16.4	4.8 5.0 2.9 3.3	15.0 12.8 31.8 8.2

¹See footnote 2, Table 569 ² Persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. ³ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Internet site

http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 602. Employment Projections by Industry: 2002 to 2012

[15,047.2 represents 15,047,200. Estimates based on the Current Employment Statistics estimates. See source for methodological assumptions. Minus sign (-) indicates decline]

Indicate:		Employmen	t (1,000)	Change,	Average annual rate
Industry	2002 NAICS code ¹	2002	2012	2002-2012 (1,000)	of change, 2002-2012
LARGEST GROWTH Retail trade Employment services. State and local government education Food services and drinking places. Offices of health practitioners Construction Educational services Ambulatory health care services except offices of	44-45	15,047.2	17,129.2	2,082.0	1.3
	5613	3,248.8	5,012.3	1,763.5	4.4
	(X)	9,876.0	11,606.0	1,730.0	1.6
	722	8,411.7	9,749.0	1,337.3	1.5
	6211-3	3,189.9	4,418.8	1,228.9	3.3
	23	6,731.7	7,745.4	1,013.7	1.4
	61	2,650.6	3,409.8	759.2	2.6
health practitioners State and local general government, n.e.c. ² . Wholesale trade. Computer systems design and related services. Hospitals. Individual, family, community, and vocational	6214-6,6219	1,443.6	2,113.4	669.8	3.9
	(X)	6,838.4	7,508.1	669.7	0.9
	42	5,641.1	6,279.3	638.2	1.1
	5415	1,162.7	1,797.7	635.0	4.5
	622	4,153.1	4,785.0	631.9	1.4
rehabilitation services. Nursing care and residential mental health facilities. Truck transportation and couriers and messengers. Business support and investigation and security services and support services, n.e.c. Religious, grantmaking and giving services, and social advocacy organizations.	6241-3 6231-2 484,492 5614,5616,5619 8131-3	1,269.3 2,047.8 1,897.1 1,772.3	1,866.6 2,607.1 2,404.3 2,260.8 2,372.0	597.3 559.3 507.2 488.5 427.8	3.9 2.4 2.4 2.5
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries MOST RAPID GROWTH	713	1,307.6	1,717.3	409.7	2.8
Software publishers	5112	256.0	429.7	173.7	5.3
	5416	731.8	1,137.4	405.6	4.5
Community care facilities for the elderly and residential care facilities, n.e.c. ²	6233,6239	695.3	1,077.6	382.3	4.5
	5415	1,162.7	1,797.7	635.0	4.5
	5613	3,248.8	5,012.3	1,763.5	4.4
Individual, family, community, and vocational rehabilitation services. Ambulatory health care services except offices of health practitioners.	6241-3	1,269.3	1,866.6	597.3	3.9
	6214-6,6219	1,443.6	2,113.4	669.8	3.9
of health practitioners. Water, sewage, and other systems. Internet services, data processing, and other	2213	48.5	71.0	22.5	3.9
information services	516,518,519	528.8	773.1	244.3	3.9
	6244	734.2	1,050.3	316.1	3.6
rental and leasing . Offices of health practitioners . Consumer goods rental and general rental centers . Cable and other subscription programming and	5324	102.2	142.8	40.6	3.4
	6211-3	3,189.9	4,418.8	1,228.9	3.3
	5322,5323	352.9	484.2	131.3	3.2
program distribution. Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries. Transit and ground passenger transportation. Specialized design services. Office administrative and facilities support services.	5152,5175	220.9	299.8	78.9	3.1
	713	1,307.6	1,717.3	409.7	2.8
	485	371.5	487.7	116.2	2.8
	5414	122.9	160.8	37.9	2.7
	5611,2	390.3	507.6	117.3	2.7
MOST RAPID DECLINE Cut and sew apparel manufacturing . Apparel knitting mills . Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating mills . Leather and hide tanning and finishing . Textile mills . Other leather and allied product manufacturing . Fabric mills . Apparel accessories and other apparel	313 3169 3132	281.8 49.6 82.4 8.6 293.2 19.9 146.6	77.1 20.0 40.1 4.5 156.9 10.8 79.6	-204.7 -29.6 -42.3 -4.1 -136.3 -9.1 -67.0	-12.2 -8.7 -6.9 -6.3 -6.1 -5.9
manufacturing Fiber, yarn, and thread mills Tobacco manufacturing	3159	26.2	15.1	-11.1	-5.4
	3131	64.2	37.2	-27.0	-5.3
	3122	33.2	20.2	-13.0	-4.8
Metal ore mining	2121	29.4 51.9 74.9	18.0 32.4 52.3	-11.4 -19.5 -22.6	-4.8 -4.6 -3.5
manufacturing Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy manufacturing Oil and gas extraction Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing. Forestry, fishing, hunting, and trapping	3311 211 3341	112.4 107.1 122.5 249.8 67.6	79.4 76.0 88.4 182.1 50.4	-33.0 -31.1 -34.1 -67.7 -17.2	-3.4 -3.4 -3.2 -3.1 -2.9

NA Not available. X Not applicable.

¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section.

² N.e.c. means not elsewhere classified.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Industry Output and Employment Projections to 2002", Monthly Labor Review, February 2004. See Internet site https://www.bls.gov/emp/home.htm.

No. 603. Unemployed Workers—Summary: 1980 to 2003

[In thousands (7,637 represents 7,637,000), except as indicated. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. For data on unemployment insurance, see Table 538]

		100=	4000 1	400=	1			1
Age, sex, race, Hispanic origin	1980	1985	1990 ¹	1995	2000 1	2001	2002	2003 1
UNEMPLOYED	7.007	0.040	7.047	7.404	F 600	0.004	0.070	0.774
Total ²	7,637 1,669	8,312 1,468	7,047 1,212	7,404 1.346	5,692 1.081	6,801 1,162	8,378 1,253	8,774 1.251
20 to 24 years old	1,835	1,738	1,299	1,244	1,022	1,209	1,430	1,495
25 to 44 years old	2,964 1,075	3,681 1,331	3,323 1,109	3,390	2,340	2,853 1,447	3,581 1,950	3,775 2,069
45 to 64 years old	94	93	105	1,269 153	1,117 132	129	163	183
Male	4,267	4,521	3,906	3,983	2,975	3,690	4,597	4,906
16 to 19 years old	913 1,076	806 944	667 715	744 673	599 547	650 688	700 792	697 841
25 to 44 years old	1,619	1,950	1,803	1,776	1,159	1,470	1,920	2,085
20 to 24 years old. 25 to 44 years old. 45 to 64 years old. 65 years and over.	600 58	766 55	662 59	697 94	587 83	808 74	1,098 87	1,176 107
Female	3,370	3,791	3.140	3,421	2,717	3,111	3,781	3,868
16 to 19 years old	755	661	544 584	602 571	483 475	512	553	554
20 to 24 years old	760 1,345	794 1,732	1,519	1,615	1,181	521 1,383	638 1,661	654 1,690
45 to 64 years old	473	566	447 46	574	529	640	854	894
65 years and over	36 5,884	39 6,191	5,186	60 5,459	50 4,121	55 4,969	76 6,137	76 6,311
16 to 19 years old	1,291	1,074	903	952	795	845	925	909
20 to 24 years old	1,364	1,235	899	866	682	829	977	1,012
Black ³	1,553 343	1,864 357	1,565 268	1,538 325	1,241 230	1,416 260	1,693 260	1,787 255
20 to 24 years old	426	455	349	311	281	307	365	375
Asian ^{3 4}	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	227 40	288 31	389 41	366 31
	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	41	50	63	47
Hispanic ^{3 5}	620 145	811	876	1,140	954 194	1,138 208	1,353 221	1,441
Hispanic ^{3 5} 16 to 19 years old. 20 to 24 years old.	138	141 171	161 167	205 209	194	212	265	192 273
Full-time workers	6,269	6,793	5,677	5,909	4,538	5,546	7,063	7,361
Part-time workers	1,369	1,519	1,369	1,495	1,154	1,254	1,314	1,413
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (percent) ⁶ Total ²	7.1	7.2	E 6	E 6	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0
16 to 19 years old	17.8	18.6	5.6 15.5	5.6 17.3	13.1	14.7	16.5	6.0 17.5
20 to 24 years old	11.5 6.0	11.1 6.2	8.8 4.9	9.1 4.8	7.2 3.3	8.3 4.1	9.7 5.2	10.0 5.5
45 to 64 years old	3.7	4.5	3.5	3.4	2.5	3.1	4.0	4.1
65 years and over	3.1	3.2	3.0	4.0	3.1	2.9	3.7	3.8
Male	6.9 18.3	7.0 19.5	5.7 16.3	5.6 18.4	3.9 14.0	4.8 16.0	5.9 18.1	6.3 19.3
20 to 24 years old	12.5	11.4	9.1	9.2	7.3	9.0	10.2	10.6
25 to 44 years old. 45 to 64 years old. 65 years and over.	5.6 3.5	5.9 4.5	4.8 3.7	4.7 3.5	3.1 2.4	3.9 3.2	5.1 4.2	5.6 4.4
	3.1	3.1	3.0	4.3	3.3	3.0	3.4	4.0
Female	7.4 17.2	7.4 17.6	5.5 14.7	5.6 16.1	4.1 12.1	4.7 13.4	5.6 14.9	5.7 15.6
20 to 24 years old	10.4	10.7	8.5	9.0	7.1	7.5	9.1	9.3
25 to 44 years old	6.4 4.0	6.6 4.6	4.9 3.2	5.0 3.3	3.6 2.5	4.3 2.9	5.2 3.7	5.4 3.7
65 years and over	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.7	2.7	2.9	3.9	3.6
White ³	6.3 15.5	6.2 15.7	4.8 13.5	4.9 14.5	3.5 11.4	4.2 12.7	5.1 14.5	5.2 15.2
20 to 24 years old	9.9	9.2	7.3	7.7	5.9	7.0	8.1	8.4
Black 3	14.3	15.1	11.4	10.4	7.6	8.6	10.2	10.8
16 to 19 years old	38.5 23.6	40.2 24.5	30.9 19.9	35.7 17.7	24.5 15.0	29.0 16.3	29.8 19.1	33.0 19.8
Asian ³ ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3.6	4.5	5.9	6.0
16 to 19 years old	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	14.2 6.9	12.6 8.2	16.2 10.2	17.5 9.0
Hispanic ^{3 5}	10.1	10.5	8.2	9.3	5.7	6.6	7.5	7.7
Hispanic ^{3 5}	22.5	24.3	19.5	24.1	16.6	17.7	20.1	20.0
Experienced workers 7	12.1 6.9	12.6 6.8	9.1 5.3	11.5 5.4	7.5 3.8	8.1 4.6	9.9 5.7	10.2 5.8
Women maintaining families	9.2	10.4	8.3	8.0	5.9	6.6	8.0	8.5
Married men, wife present	4.2	4.3	3.4	3.3	2.0	2.7	3.6	3.8
Percent without work for—	40.0	40.4	40.0	00.5	44.6	40.6	04.5	04 =
Fewer than 5 weeks 5 to 10 weeks	43.2 23.4	42.1 22.2	46.3 23.5	36.5 22.0	44.9 23.0	42.0 22.4	34.5 20.7	31.7 19.8
11 to 14 weeks	9.0	8.0	8.5	9.6	8.9	9.9	10.1	10.0
15 to 26 weeks	13.8 10.7	12.3 15.4	11.7 10.0	14.6 17.3	11.8 11.4	14.0 11.8	16.3 18.3	16.4 22.1
Unemployment duration, average (weeks)	11.9	15.6	12.0	16.6	12.6	13.1	16.6	19.2

NA Not available.

See footnote 2, Table 569.

Includes other races, not shown separately.

Includes other ages, not shown separately.

Also beginning 2003, for this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570.

Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Unemployed as percent of civilian labor force in specified group.

Wage and salary workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2004 issue; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/.

No. 604. Job Search Activity Using the Internet: 2001

[For the civilian non-institutional population 16 years old and over, except as noted. As of September. Refers to use of Internet from any location to search for a job from January to September 2001. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

		Population			earch activi			
Characteristic	Total	Total who used Internet for job- searching 1 (1,000)	Percent of total	Read on-f line ads or searched on-the- job listings	Research- ed infor- mation on potential employ- ers	Submit- ted a resume or applica- tion	Posted a resume on a site or with a service	Posted a resume on own Web site
Total, 16 years and over ²	212,357	19,616	9.2	92.0	67.4	49.5	36.7	4.8
Age: 16 to 24 years old 16 to 19 years old 20 to 24 years old 25 years old and over 25 to 34 years old 35 to 44 years old 45 to 54 years old 55 to 64 years old 65 years old	35,195	4,415	12.5	92.3	63.2	45.9	35.6	4.8
	16,206	1,108	6.8	91.5	54.1	34.0	26.3	3.0
	18,990	3,308	17.4	92.5	66.2	49.9	38.7	5.4
	177,162	15,201	8.6	91.9	68.7	50.5	37.0	4.8
	37,032	6,238	16.8	92.3	70.7	52.9	42.2	5.5
	44,318	4,890	11.0	91.9	68.6	50.4	35.4	4.4
	38,642	3,051	7.9	91.3	66.2	48.9	32.5	4.3
	24,328	877	3.6	89.9	67.4	41.3	26.9	2.7
	32,842	145	0.4	94.1	46.5	43.2	24.6	6.6
Sex: Male	102,110	9,700	9.5	91.5	71.5	53.4	40.5	5.9
	110,247	9,916	9.0	92.5	63.4	45.6	33.0	3.6
Race and Hispanic origin: White	176,220	16,018	9.1	91.9	67.1	48.2	35.1	4.5
	25,644	2,396	9.3	92.3	67.1	52.9	41.5	5.5
	23,288	1,377	5.9	89.2	67.7	47.0	36.6	5.8
Total 25 years old and over Less than high school diploma. High school graduate, no college. Some college, no degree Associate degree College degree Advanced degree.	177,162	15,201	8.6	91.9	68.7	50.5	37.0	4.8
	27,484	402	1.5	88.8	58.2	38.9	30.3	4.6
	57,386	2,812	4.9	90.9	59.2	42.0	31.7	3.3
	30,641	3,029	9.9	92.2	63.1	48.2	34.7	3.8
	14,779	1,667	11.3	93.7	65.4	48.3	34.7	4.7
	46,872	7,291	15.6	91.9	76.0	55.9	40.8	5.7
	16,283	2,390	14.7	91.6	77.8	55.6	39.3	6.4
Occupation ⁴	141,447	17,235	12.2	92.2	68.5	50.7	37.4	4.8
	43,058	7,258	16.9	92.8	74.3	56.0	40.1	5.9
Executive, administrative, managerial. Professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative. Technical and related support. Sales Administrative support, inc. clerical. Service occupations.	20,851	3,484	16.7	93.4	75.3	58.3	42.1	4.8
	22,206	3,775	17.0	92.4	73.3	53.9	38.2	6.9
	40,521	5,809	14.3	92.7	65.7	50.8	38.1	4.3
	4,784	868	18.1	90.1	72.6	54.8	42.4	6.0
	16,709	2,151	12.9	94.5	71.2	54.0	40.5	4.8
	19,028	2,790	14.7	92.1	59.3	47.0	34.9	3.3
	19,541	1,477	7.6	90.1	59.4	37.9	29.7	4.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	15,528	1,172	7.5	89.7	65.5	45.3	35.4	2.9
	19,082	1,361	7.1	91.0	62.6	42.0	32.9	4.4
	3,705	152	4.1	87.5	62.8	37.1	19.9	2.2

¹ Includes other job search activities, not shown separately ² Includes other races, not shown separately ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race ⁴ Data for occupation are for the experienced labor force—the sum of the employed and unemployed whose last job was in one of these occupations.

No. 605. Unemployed Persons by Sex and Reason: 1980 to 2003

[In thousands (4,267 represents 4,267,000). For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Sex and reason	1980	1985	1990 ¹	1995	1996	1997 ¹	1998 ¹	1999 ¹	2000 1	2001	2002	2003 ¹
Male, total. Job losers ² . Job leavers . Reentrants . New entrants .	4,267 2,649 438 776 405	4,521 2,749 409 876 487	3,906 2,257 528 806 315	3,983 2,190 407 1,113 273	3,880 2,158 372 1,076 273	3,577 1,902 414 1,004 257	3,266 1,703 368 931 264	3,066 1,563 389 895 219	2,975 1,516 387 854 217	3,690 2,119 422 925 223	4,597 2,820 434 1,068 274	4,906 3,024 422 1,141 320
Female, total Job losers 2 Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	3,370 1,297 453 1,152 468	3,791 1,390 468 1,380 552	3,140 1,130 513 1,124 373	3,421 1,286 417 1,412 306	3,356 1,212 402 1,435 307	3,162 1,135 381 1,334 312	2,944 1,119 366 1,201 257	2,814 1,059 394 1,111 250	2,717 1,001 393 1,107 217	3,111 1,356 413 1,105 237	3,781 1,787 432 1,300 262	3,868 1,814 397 1,336 321

See footnote 2, Table 569. Beginning 1995, persons who completed temporary jobs are identified separately and are included as job losers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Computer and Internet Use at Work in 2001, News, USDL 02-601, October 23, 2002. See Internet site site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January issues; and Bulletin 2307; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

No. 606. Unemployment Rates by Industry, 2000 to 2003, and by Sex, 2000 and 2003

[In percent. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Rate represents unemployment as a percent of labor force in each specified group. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote, Table 586 regarding industries.]

In all cates a					Ма	le	Fem	ale
Industry	2000	2001	2002	2003 1	2000	2003 ¹	2000	2003 ¹
All unemployed ²	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	3.9	6.3	4.1	5.7
Agriculture and related industries. Mining. Construction Manufacturing Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and utilities Transportation and warehousing. Utilities Information Telecommunications. Financial activities Finance and insurance	9.0 4.4 6.2 3.5 3.3 4.6 3.4 3.8 1.9 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.2	11.2 4.2 7.1 5.2 4.2 5.0 4.3 4.6 2.6 4.9 3.9 2.8	10.1 6.3 9.2 6.7 5.0 6.4 4.9 5.4 2.5 6.9 7.9 3.5 3.3	10.2 6.7 9.3 6.6 5.1 6.3 5.7 3.1 6.8 7.5 3.5	8.3 4.6 6.4 3.0 2.8 4.0 3.2 1.9 2.8 2.7 1.5 2.1	9.3.3.6.1.3.9.6.6.7.6.3.5.2.6.6.7.6.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	11.5 2.8 5.1 4.5 4.4 5.1 4.2 4.6 2.1 3.7 3.3 2.6 2.5	13.0 9.1 6.7 7.7 6.8 6.4 5.1 5.2 4.6 7.1 8.6 3.4
Real estate and rental and leasing	3.1 4.8 2.5	3.1 6.1 3.9	4.3 7.9 5.5	4.1 8.2 5.4	2.9 4.4 2.2	4.1 7.9 5.1	3.2 5.2 2.9	4.1 8.7 5.8
services Education and health services Educational services Health care and social assistance. Leisure and hospitality Arts, entertainment, and recreation Accommodation and food services Other services Government workers	8.1 2.5 2.4 2.5 6.6 5.9 6.8 3.9 2.1	9.4 2.8 2.9 2.8 7.5 6.6 7.7 4.0 2.2	11.2 3.4 3.9 3.2 8.4 8.2 8.4 5.1 2.5	12.1 3.6 4.5 3.4 8.7 7.8 8.9 5.7 2.8	7.6 2.2 2.1 2.3 6.2 6.1 6.2 3.7 2.1	11.5 3.8 4.5 3.5 8.6 8.2 8.7 6.4 3.0	8.8 2.5 2.5 2.5 7.0 5.7 7.3 4.0 2.2	12.9 3.6 4.5 3.4 8.8 7.4 9.1 5.1 2.7

See footnote 2, Table 569.
2 Includes the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons with no previous work experience, not shown separately.
3 Covers unemployed wage and salary workers.
4 Includes private household workers.

No. 607. Unemployment by Occupation, 2000 to 2003, and by Sex, 2003

[5,692 represents 5,692,000. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over Annual averages of monthly data. Rate represents unemployment as a percent of the labor force for each specified group. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See also headnote, Table 586 regarding occupations.]

	Nur	nber (1,0	00)		Unem	ployment	rate	
Occupation							2003 ¹	
	2000	2002	2003 ¹	2000	2002	Total	Male	Female
Total ²	5,692	8,378	8,774	4.0	5.8	6.0	6.3	5.7
Management, professional, and related occupations.	827	1,482	1,556	1.8	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.0
Management, business, and financial operations .	320	622	627	1.6	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.3
Management	214	447	430	1.5	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.1
Business and financial operations	106	175	198	2.0	3.2	3.5	3.2	3.7
Professional and related occupations	507	859	929	1.9	3.0	3.2	3.7	2.9
Computer and mathematical	74	160	181	2.2	4.9	5.5	5.8	4.6
Architecture and engineering	51	122	124	1.7	4.3	4.4	4.0	6.6
Life, physical, and social science	18	42	48	1.4	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4
Community and social services	40	49	57	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.2	2.7
Legal	18	37	35	1.2	2.4	2.3	1.6	3.1
Education, training, and library	136	203	225	1.8	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media .	97	160	171	3.5	5.7	6.0	6.5	5.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical	73	87	88	1.2 5.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4 6.7
Service occupations	1,132	1,544	1,681		6.6	7.1	7.5	
Healthcare support	101	144	171	4.0	5.1	5.5	6.0	5.5
Protective service	70	111	129	2.7	3.9 8.2	4.5	4.1 9.2	6.3 8.1
Food preparation and serving related	469 301	622 405	683 447	6.6 5.8	7.4	8.6 8.3	8.6	7.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance .	190	261	250	5.8 4.4	7.4 5.7	5.6	6.5	7.9 5.3
Personal care and service			2.070	3.8	5.7 5.6	5.5	5.4	5.6 5.6
Sales and office occupations	1,446 673	2,110 998	995	3.8 4.1	5.9	5.5 5.9	5.4 4.8	7.0
Sales and related	773	1.112	1.076	3.6	5.9 5.4	5.9	6.4	4.8
Office and administrative support	758		1,076	5.3	7.8	5.∠ 8.1	7.8	4.8 12.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	133	1,155 142	1,244	10.2	12.0	11.4	7.8 9.1	12.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry	507	788	814	6.2	9.1	9.1	9.1	10.9
	119	225	295	2.4	4.6	5.5	5.4	7.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving	1,081	1,530	1,555	2.4 5.1	7.6	5.5 7.9	7.5	9.3
	575	848	807	4.8	7.8	7.9	7.5	9.3
Production	505	682	748	4.8 5.6	7.8 7.4	8.2	8.0	9.2
Transportation and material moving	505	002	740	5.0	7.4	0.2	0.0	5.4

¹ See footnote 2, Table 569. ² Includes persons with no previous work experience and those whose last job was in the Armed Forces.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2004 issue; and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2004 issue; and unpublished data. See Internet sitehttp://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 608. Unemployed and Unemployment Rates by Educational Attainment, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1992 to 2003

[6,543 represents 6,543,000. Annual averages of monthly figures. For the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years old and over. See Table 573 for civilian labor force and participation rate data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

		Uner	nployed (1,0	000)			Une	mployment r	ate 1	
Year, sex, and race	Total	Less than high school diploma	High school gradu- ates, no degree	Less than a bach- elor's degree	College graduate	Total	Less than high school diploma	High school graduate, no degree	Less than a bach- elor's degree	College graduate
Total: ² 1992	6,543	1,533	2,590	1,527	893	6.1	11.5	6.8	5.6	3.2
	3,589	791	1,298	890	610	3.0	6.3	3.4	2.7	1.7
	6,028	1,109	2,069	1,629	1,221	4.8	8.8	5.5	4.8	3.1
Male: 1992 2000 ³ 2003 ³	3,767 1,829 3,368	942 411 648	1,462 682 1,161	829 427 863	533 309 696	6.4 2.8 5.0	11.4 5.4 8.2	7.4 3.4 5.7	5.9 2.6 5.1	3.3 1.5 3.2
Female: 1992 2000 ³ 2003 ³ White: ⁴	2,776 1,760 2,660	591 380 461	1,128 616 908	697 463 766	361 301 525	5.8 3.2 4.6	11.5 7.8 9.8	6.3 3.5 5.2	5.4 2.8 4.5	3.0 1.8 2.9
1992	4,978	1,145	1,928	1,162	743	5.5	10.7	6.0	5.0	3.0
2000 ³	2,644	564	924	667	489	2.6	5.6	2.9	2.4	1.6
2003 ³	4,389	800	1,490	1,166	933	4.3	7.8	4.8	4.2	2.8
1992	1,269	322	565	301	81	11.0	15.3	12.3	9.8	4.4
2000 ³	731	179	315	169	68	5.4	10.7	6.4	4.0	2.5
2003 ³	1,157	222	459	340	137	8.3	13.9	9.3	7.9	4.5
2000 ³ 2003 ³ Hispanic: ⁶	146	28	34	35	49	2.7	5.7	3.0	3.2	1.8
	288	45	59	55	129	5.3	9.5	5.6	5.9	4.4
1992	853	434	235	134	50	9.8	12.8	9.1	7.7	5.0
2000 ³	569	297	150	85	38	4.4	6.2	3.9	3.2	2.2
2003 ³	975	451	261	176	87	6.4	8.2	5.9	5.7	4.1

Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force. ² Includes other races, not shown separately. ³ See footnote 2, Table Beginning 2003, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, table 570. ⁵ Prior to 2003, includes Pacific nders. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

No. 609. Unemployed Persons by Reason of Unemployment: 2003

[8,774 represents 8,774,000. Annual averages of monthly data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

			Percent dis	tribution by	duration	
Age, sex, and reason	Total unem-			15 v	veeks and o	ver
3,,,	ployed (1,000)	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or longer
Total 16 years old and over	8,774 1,251	31.7 44.6	29.8 31.9	38.5 23.5	16.4 13.3	22.1 10.1
Total 20 years old and over	7,523	29.6	29.4	41.0	16.9	24.0
Males	4,209	28.7	29.2	42.1	16.9	25.2
temporary jobs On temporary layoff Not on temporary layoff Permanent job losers Persons who completed temporary jobs Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	2,899 686 2,213 1,667 546 376 846 88	29.1 46.9 23.6 21.3 30.5 31.8 26.6 24.3	29.6 34.7 28.0 26.8 31.5 29.0 28.4 24.1	41.3 18.3 48.5 51.9 38.1 39.2 45.0 51.6	17.0 12.1 18.5 19.4 15.8 17.5 16.4 15.9	24.3 6.3 30.0 32.5 22.3 21.7 28.6 35.7
Females Job losers and persons who completed	3,314	30.7	29.7	39.6	17.0	22.6
temporary jobs On temporary layoff Not on temporary layoff Permanent job losers Persons who completed temporary jobs Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	1,751 367 1,384 1,102 282 357 1,076 130	30.2 53.8 24.0 21.7 33.1 35.6 30.4 25.9	28.8 29.9 28.6 27.6 32.2 33.8 30.2 27.0	40.9 16.3 47.5 50.7 34.8 30.6 39.4 47.1	18.3 9.3 20.6 21.5 17.3 16.2 15.4	22.7 7.0 26.8 29.2 17.4 14.5 24.1 31.7

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

No. 610. Total Unemployed and Insured Unemployed by State: 1980 to 2003

[7,637 represents 7,637,000. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Total unemployment estimates based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. U.S. totals derived by independent population controls; therefore state data may not add to U.S. totals]

			-	Total une	mployed	t			Ins	ured unem	ployed ³	
State			nber 000)			Perc	ent 1		Num (1,00		Perce	ent ⁴
	1980	1990 ²	2000 ²	2003 ²	1980	1990 ²	2000 ²	2003 ²	2000	2002	2000	2002
United States	7,637	7,047	5,692	8,774	7.1	5.6	4.0	6.0	⁵ 2,110	⁵ 3,585	⁵ 1.7	⁵ 2.8
Alabama. Alaska Arizona. Arkansas California Colorado. Connecticut	147 18 83 76 790 88 94	130 19 99 78 874 89 95	97 21 98 55 835 65 40	125 27 151 78 1,177 150 99	8.8 9.7 6.7 7.6 6.8 5.9 5.9	6.9 7.0 5.5 7.0 5.8 5.0 5.2	4.5 6.7 4.0 4.4 4.9 2.8 2.2	5.8 8.0 5.6 6.2 6.7 6.0 5.5	29.0 12.3 20.5 23.9 338.5 15.0 28.3	41.3 14.1 44.7 36.6 534.7 41.4 51.4	1.6 4.9 1.0 2.2 2.4 0.7 1.7	2.3 5.3 2.0 3.3 3.6 1.9 3.1
Delaware	22 24 251 163 21 34 459	19 22 390 182 16 29 369	16 18 281 156 25 32 281	18 21 420 207 27 37 422	7.7 7.3 5.9 6.4 4.9 7.9 8.3	5.2 6.6 6.0 5.5 2.9 5.9 6.2	3.9 5.7 3.6 3.7 4.3 4.9 4.3	4.4 7.0 5.1 4.7 4.3 5.4 6.7	5.9 5.7 70.8 34.5 8.4 12.1 103.8	8.6 7.5 126.8 73.3 12.1 18.8 187.1	1.5 1.3 1.1 0.9 1.7 2.3 1.8	2.2 1.6 1.8 1.9 2.3 3.4 3.2
Indiana. Iowa Kansas. Kentucky Louisiana Maine. Maryland	252 82 53 133 121 39 140	149 62 57 104 117 33 122	100 41 52 81 111 24 107	163 72 77 120 134 35 131	9.6 5.8 4.5 8.0 6.7 7.8 6.5	5.3 4.3 4.5 5.9 6.3 5.2 4.7	3.2 2.6 3.7 4.1 5.4 3.5 3.8	5.1 4.5 5.4 6.2 6.6 5.1 4.5	31.8 19.4 15.6 25.4 24.0 8.9 28.9	62.7 31.4 28.4 41.2 36.5 12.9 48.3	1.1 1.4 1.2 1.5 1.3 1.6 0.3	2.2 2.2 2.4 2.0 2.2 2.1
Massachusetts. Michigan. Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska	162 534 125 79 167 23 31	195 350 117 90 151 24 18	88 183 91 74 102 24 28	198 368 145 83 170 22 39	5.6 12.4 5.9 7.5 7.2 6.1 4.1	6.0 7.6 4.9 7.6 5.8 6.0 2.2	2.6 3.5 3.3 5.6 3.4 5.0 3.0	5.8 7.3 5.0 6.3 5.6 4.7 4.0	60.1 81.6 31.4 19.7 41.8 7.8 7.3	116.3 150.8 61.6 27.8 65.8 9.4 13.1	1.9 1.8 1.2 1.8 1.6 2.2 0.9	3.6 3.4 2.4 2.6 2.5 2.5
Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	27 22 260 42 597 187 15	33 36 206 46 467 144 13	42 19 160 42 419 150	59 31 257 57 589 273 14	6.2 4.7 7.2 7.5 7.5 6.6 5.0	4.9 5.7 5.1 6.5 5.3 4.2 4.0	4.0 2.8 3.7 5.0 4.6 3.6 3.0	5.2 4.3 5.9 6.4 6.3 6.5 4.0	19.5 3.1 84.8 9.5 146.2 54.3 3.9	31.5 10.0 134.6 14.9 251.0 108.6 4.6	2.0 0.5 2.3 1.4 1.8 1.5	3.1 1.7 3.5 2.1 3.0 2.9 1.5
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	426 66 107 425 34 96 16	310 86 83 315 35 83 13	233 51 88 251 22 75 9	363 96 152 344 30 136 15	8.4 4.8 8.3 7.8 7.2 6.9 4.9	5.7 5.7 5.6 5.4 6.8 4.8 3.9	4.0 3.1 4.9 4.1 4.1 3.8 2.3	6.1 5.7 8.2 5.6 5.3 6.8 3.6	71.6 12.2 41.2 132.4 12.2 27.1 2.0	132.4 25.4 68.3 208.5 14.5 49.9 3.5	1.3 0.9 2.7 2.5 2.7 1.5 0.6	2.5 1.8 4.4 3.8 3.2 2.8 1.0
Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia. Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	152 352 40 16 128 156 74 167 9	126 544 35 15 141 125 64 114	110 441 37 10 79 159 45 105	169 738 67 16 154 237 48 174 13	7.3 5.2 6.3 6.4 5.0 7.9 9.4 7.2 4.0	5.3 6.3 4.3 5.0 4.3 4.9 8.4 4.4 5.5	3.9 4.2 3.3 2.9 2.2 5.2 5.5 3.6 3.9	5.8 6.8 5.6 4.6 4.1 7.5 6.1 5.6 4.4	42.2 107.9 10.5 4.8 22.2 70.6 14.1 53.1 2.9	61.2 201.0 20.5 8.2 52.6 112.9 18.1 90.8 3.4	1.6 1.2 1.1 1.7 0.7 2.7 2.1 2.0 1.3	2.4 2.2 2.0 2.8 1.6 4.3 2.7 3.4 1.5

<sup>Total unemployment as percent of civilian labor force.

See footnote 2, Table 569.

Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration,</sup> *Unemployment Insurance, Financial Handbook*, annual updates.

Insured unemployment as percent of average covered employment in the previous year.

Includes 49,800 in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands in 2000; and 54,400 in 2002.

Source: Except as noted, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*, annual. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/gps/.

No. 611. Nonfarm Establishments—Employees, Hours, and Earnings by Industry: 1990 to 2003

[Annual averages of monthly data. (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Based on data from establishment reports. Includes all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period reported. Excludes proprietors, the self-employed, farm workers, unprivate household workers, and Armed Forces. Establishment data shown here conform to industry definitions in the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and are adjusted to March 2003 employment benchmarks. Based on the Current Employment Statistics Program; see Appendix III]

	_								Private i	ndustry								
Item and year	Total nonfarm	Total ¹	Con- struction	Manufac- turing	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Trans- portation and ware- housing	Utilities	Informa- tion	Finance and insur- ance	Real estate and rental and leasing	Professional and technical services	Admin- sitration and waste manage- ment	Educa- tional services	Health care and social insurance	Arts, entertain- ment, and recre- ation	Accom- moda- tions and food services	Govern- ment
EMPLOYEES (1,000) 1990	109,487 117,298 128,993 131,785 131,826 130,341 129,931	91,072 97,866 108,686 110,996 110,707 108,828 108,356	5,263 5,274 6,545 6,787 6,826 6,716 6,722	17,695 17,241 17,322 17,263 16,441 15,259 14,525	5,268 5,433 5,892 5,933 5,773 5,652 5,606	13,182 13,897 14,970 15,280 15,239 15,025 14,912	3,476 3,838 4,300 4,410 4,372 4,224 4,177	740 666 609 601 599 596 581	2,688 2,843 3,419 3,631 3,629 3,395 3,198	4,979 5,072 5,668 5,680 5,773 5,817 5,921	1,635 1,755 1,979 2,007 2,035 2,030 2,054	4,557 5,101 6,375 6,734 6,902 6,676 6,624	4,624 6,057 7,807 8,136 7,795 7,595 7,698	1,688 2,010 2,320 2,390 2,511 2,643 2,689	9,296 11,278 12,477 12,718 13,134 13,556 13,888	1,132 1,459 1,709 1,788 1,824 1,783 1,801	8,156 9,042 9,834 10,074 10,211 10,203 10,324	18,415 19,432 20,307 20,790 21,118 21,513 21,575
(dol.) 1990 1995 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 WEEKLY	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	349.29 399.53 462.49 480.41 493.20 506.07 517.36	513.43 571.57 655.11 685.78 695.89 711.82 727.11	436.16 509.26 573.17 590.65 595.19 618.75 636.07	444.48 515.14 602.77 631.40 643.45 644.38 657.12	235.62 272.56 321.63 333.38 346.16 360.81 367.28	471.72 513.37 547.97 562.31 562.70 579.75 597.79	670.40 811.52 924.59 955.66 977.18 979.09 1,016.94	479.50 564.98 675.32 700.89 731.11 738.17 761.13	378.21 477.39 567.75 589.64 612.36 632.34 670.58	286.81 321.69 379.66 395.85 409.75 419.76 437.25	504.87 583.41 714.68 745.83 769.63 784.51 801.61	272.70 306.54 368.31 386.33 400.95 417.44 427.15	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	319.80 379.66 431.14 449.27 473.04 495.17 516.08	219.02 240.57 267.95 273.79 283.17 301.84 306.08	143.52 160.46 191.90 201.09 203.35 207.67 210.31	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
HOURS ² 1990	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	34.3 34.3 34.3 34.3 34.0 33.9 33.7	38.3 38.8 39.0 39.2 38.7 38.4 38.4	40.5 41.3 41.4 41.3 40.3 40.5 40.4	38.4 38.6 38.6 38.8 38.4 38.0 37.8	30.6 30.8 30.8 30.7 30.7 30.9 30.9	37.7 38.9 37.6 37.4 36.7 36.8 36.8	41.5 42.3 42.0 42.0 41.4 40.9 41.1	35.8 36.0 36.7 36.8 36.9 36.5 36.2	36.4 36.5 36.9 37.1 36.9 36.6 36.5	33.1 32.7 32.6 32.6 32.7 32.8 32.8	36.1 35.8 36.1 36.2 35.9 35.6 35.6	32.3 32.5 33.0 33.1 32.8 33.0 32.9	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	31.8 31.9 32.0 32.1 32.3 32.3 32.5	26.1 26.3 26.0 25.6 25.5 25.7 25.7	25.9 25.8 26.2 26.2 25.8 25.8 25.6	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
(dol.) 1990	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	10.19 11.64 13.47 14.00 14.53 14.95 15.35	13.42 14.73 16.80 17.48 18.00 18.52 18.95	10.78 12.34 13.85 14.32 14.76 15.29 15.74	11.58 13.34 15.62 16.28 16.77 16.98 17.36	7.71 8.85 10.45 10.86 11.29 11.67 11.90	12.50 13.18 14.55 15.05 15.33 15.76 16.25	16.14 19.19 22.03 22.75 23.58 23.96 24.76	13.40 15.68 18.40 19.07 19.80 20.20 21.01	10.40 13.07 15.38 15.90 16.59 17.28 18.36	8.66 9.85 11.66 12.14 12.53 12.79 13.32	13.99 16.32 19.78 20.61 21.42 22.02 22.53	8.45 9.43 11.15 11.66 12.21 12.66 13.00	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	10.05 11.89 13.48 13.98 14.67 15.32 15.88	8.41 9.14 10.30 10.68 11.10 11.75 12.00	5.53 6.22 7.33 7.68 7.88 8.04 8.22	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)

NA Not available.

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

² Average hours and earnings of production workers for natural resources and mining, manufacturing, and construction; average hours and earnings of nonsupervisory workers for the service-providing industries.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, March 2004 issue; and the Current Employment Statistics program Internet site http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm.

No. 612. Employees in Nonfarm Establishments—States: 2003

[In thousands (129,931 represents 129,931,000). For coverage, see headnote, Table 611. National totals differ from the sum of the state figures because of differing benchmarks among states and differing industrial and geographic stratification. Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section]

State	Total ¹	Con- struction	Manu- facturing	Trade, trans- portation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Finan- cial activi- ties ²	Professional and business services 3	Education and health services ⁴	Leisure and hospi- tality ⁵	Other services	Govern- ment
U.S AL	129,931 1,875 300 2,289 1,144 14,410	6,722 99 17 177 51 789	14,525 294 12 174 206 1,545	25,275 371 61 445 240 2,722	3,198 32 7 49 20 471	7,974 97 14 159 50 887	15,997 186 23 320 103 2,108	16,577 187 33 246 140 1,536	12,125 154 30 232 88 1,398	5,393 84 11 86 41 506	21,575 359 82 394 198 2,427
CO	2,150	150	156	404	85	154	287	214	246	86	357
CT	1,643	61	200	305	40	143	196	263	125	62	246
DE	414	⁶ 24	36	78	7	46	59	50	38	18	57
DC	665	⁶ 13	3	28	25	31	141	88	49	56	231
FL	7,286	446	389	1,462	172	484	1,258	886	809	318	1,056
GA HI ID IL	3,860 567 572 5,818 2,897	195 ⁶ 28 37 277 145	452 15 62 718 573	823 108 116 1,187 573	127 10 9 135 41	217 28 27 403 141	494 70 70 766 255	387 65 63 718 362	350 100 54 499 273	172 24 18 251 106	633 119 113 856 423
IA	1,440	65	220	303	34	95	105	190	126	56	245
KS	1,312	63	172	262	47	70	124	157	109	53	250
KY	1,783	83	266	371	30	86	154	228	157	77	312
LA	1,906	119	156	381	29	101	179	245	198	71	380
ME	606	30	64	123	11	35	51	107	58	21	104
MD	2,483	⁶ 168	148	462	50	156	361	339	219	116	463
	3,186	137	326	573	92	224	437	575	288	117	417
	4,412	190	727	815	71	219	587	544	398	171	681
	2,651	125	344	522	63	176	295	367	233	119	402
	1,117	51	178	219	15	46	79	115	123	37	244
MO MT NE NV	2,676 400 904 1,087 617	134 23 46 100 29	313 19 102 44 80	533 84 194 195 139	67 8 22 16 12	163 20 62 59 37	304 33 91 121 54	352 53 113 76 93	262 52 78 304 62	118 16 35 30 20	428 86 160 135 90
NJ	3,980	159	352	878	102	277	574	539	321	152	624
NM	776	47	36	136	16	34	89	99	81	29	195
NY	8,404	319	615	1,473	277	697	1,041	1,496	645	349	1,486
NC	3,803	212	604	721	76	192	421	428	335	162	645
ND	333	16	23	72	8	18	24	48	30	15	76
OH	5,391	230	844	1,045	97	312	607	727	488	227	802
OK	1,451	63	143	277	32	83	156	175	126	74	292
OR	1,562	77	196	314	34	98	170	188	151	57	268
PA	5,602	245	716	1,115	123	338	598	978	469	260	743
RI	484	21	59	81	11	34	49	91	49	23	67
SC SD	1,813	112	277	347	27	91	187	178	194	65	329
	378	19	38	77	7	28	24	55	40	16	74
	2,668	116	414	580	52	139	287	313	247	103	412
	9,373	551	901	1,928	235	585	1,044	1,119	858	358	1,648
	1,074	67	112	214	30	65	132	118	100	33	197
VT	299 3,500 2,659 726 2,779 250	15 218 156 33 124 20	38 305 267 65 506 9	58 635 510 135 538 48	7 101 92 13 50 4	13 187 153 31 158 10	20 549 292 56 245 16	52 369 312 108 367 21	33 307 248 66 245 31	10 181 99 55 131	52 639 521 142 412 64

¹ Includes natural resources and mining, not shown separately. ² Finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing. ³ Professional, scientific and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and support and waste management and remediation services. ⁴ Education services; battle care and social assistance. ⁵ Arts, entertainment and recreation; accommodations and food services.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, May (state estimates) and March (national estimates) 2004 issues. See also Internet site http://www.bls.gov/sae/home.htm. Compiled from data supplied by cooperating state agencies.

No. 613. Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2003

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 611]

Industry	2002 NAICS ¹		All em	ployees	(1,000)		Ave earnin	rage ho	urly ollars)
,	code	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2002	2003
Total nonfarm Goods-producing ³ . Service-providing ⁴ Total private.	(X) (X) (X) (X)	23,723 85,764	131,785 24,649 107,136 110,996	131,826 23,873 107,952 110,707	130,341 22,557 107,784 108,828	21,817 108,114	(NA) 15.27 (NA) 14.00	(NA) 16.33 (NA) 14.95	(NA) 16.80 (NA) 15.35
Natural resources and mining Mining. Oil and gas extraction Mining, except oil and gas. Support activities for mining.	(X)	765	599	606	583	571	16.55	17.19	17.58
	21	680	520	533	512	502	16.94	17.53	17.92
	211	190	125	124	122	123	19.43	19.27	18.95
	212	302	225	219	211	203	18.07	18.61	19.15
	213	188	171	190	180	177	14.55	15.58	16.06
Construction Construction of buildings Residential building Nonresidential building Heavy and civil engineering construction Highway, street, and bridge construction. Specially trade contractors Building foundation and exterior	23	5,263	6,787	6,826	6,716	6,722	17.48	18.52	18.95
	236	1,413	1,633	1,589	1,575	1,576	16.74	17.73	18.35
	2361	673	823	781	804	834	15.18	16.23	16.85
	2362	741	809	808	771	742	18.18	19.16	19.84
	237	813	937	953	931	911	16.80	18.00	18.73
	2373	289	340	346	346	341	18.17	19.15	19.46
	238	3,037	4,217	4,284	4,210	4,236	17.91	18.92	19.20
contractors	2381	703	919	926	920	946	16.93	17.81	18.05
	2382	1,282	1,897	1,908	1,835	1,818	19.52	20.50	20.66
	2383	665	857	875	876	876	16.44	17.71	18.40
Manufacturing. Durable goods Wood products Nonmetallic mineral products. Cement and concrete products Primary metals Foundries Fabricated metal products ⁵ Architectural and structural metals. Machine shops and threaded products. Machinery ⁵ Agricultural, construction, and mining	31-33	17,695	17,263	16,441	15,259	14,525	14.32	15.29	15.74
	(X)	10,736	10,876	10,335	9,483	8,970	14.93	16.02	16.46
	321	541	613	574	555	536	11.63	12.33	12.71
	327	528	554	545	516	493	14.53	15.40	15.77
	3273	195	234	236	230	223	14.64	15.72	16.06
	331	689	622	571	509	477	16.64	17.68	18.13
	3315	214	217	200	178	165	14.72	15.91	16.51
	332	1,610	1,753	1,676	1,549	1,478	13.77	14.68	15.01
	3323	357	428	422	399	379	13.43	14.21	14.54
	3327	309	365	348	318	308	14.53	15.62	15.78
	333	1,408	1,455	1,368	1,230	1,154	15.22	15.92	16.30
machinery. HVAC and commercial refrigeration equip. Metalworking machinery. Computer and electronic products ⁵ Computer and peripheral equipment Communications equipment. Semiconductors and electronic	3331	229	222	217	200	189	14.21	14.51	14.65
	3334	165	194	184	167	158	13.10	13.71	14.23
	3335	267	274	249	217	205	16.66	17.39	17.81
	334	1,903	1,820	1,749	1,507	1,361	14.73	16.20	16.68
	3341	367	302	286	250	226	18.39	19.64	20.19
	3342	232	248	234	186	157	14.39	15.68	16.84
components Electronic instruments Electrical equipment and appliances Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles Motor vehicle parts Aerospace products and parts Furniture and related products Household and institutional furniture Miscellaneous manufacturing Medical equipment and supplies	3344	574	676	645	525	462	13.46	15.32	15.38
	3345	626	479	475	450	429	15.83	16.64	17.06
	335	633	591	557	497	460	13.23	13.98	14.35
	3353	244	210	197	175	160	13.28	14.18	14.40
	336	2,133	2,056	1,938	1,829	1,775	18.89	20.64	21.25
	3361	271	291	279	265	268	24.45	27.25	28.03
	3363	653	840	775	734	707	17.95	19.80	20.42
	3364	841	517	511	470	440	20.52	22.08	22.92
	337	601	680	642	604	574	11.72	12.61	12.98
	3371	398	440	416	400	382	11.39	12.29	12.69
	339	690	733	715	688	663	11.93	12.91	13.30
	3391	288	310	311	308	305	12.70	13.65	13.82
Nondurable goods Food manufacturing ⁵ Fruit and vegetable preserving and	(X) 311	6,959 1,507	6,388 1,553	6,107 1,551	5,775 1,526	5,555 1,519	13.31 11.77	14.15 12.55	14.63 12.80
specialty. Animal slaughtering and processing Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing Beverages and tobacco products Beverages Textile product mills Apparel Cut and sew apparel Leather and allied products Paper and paper products. Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills Converted paper products Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products Chemicals Basic chemicals Pharmaceuticals and medicines Plastics and rubber products Plastics products Rubber products Plastics products Rubber products	3121 313 314 315 3152 316 322 3221 3222 323 324 325 3251 3254 326	218 427 292 218 173 492 209 929 776 133 647 238 409 809 9153 1,036 249 207	197 507 306 207 175 378 216 497 394 69 605 191 413 807 123 980 188 274 952 738 214	193 516 303 209 177 333 206 427 335 58 578 179 398 768 121 959 181 1283 897 699 199	183 517 297 207 174 291 195 360 283 50 547 165 382 707 118 928 170 291 848 664 184	184 515 293 201 1770 260 180 313 245 45 519 150 369 680 115 908 163 294 816 639 177	11.90 10.27 11.45 17.40 17.19 11.23 8.60 8.40 10.35 15.91 20.62 13.58 14.09 22.80 17.09 21.06 17.27 12.69 12.04	12.81 10.91 17.73 17.44 11.73 10.96 9.10 8.89 11.00 16.85 21.95 14.52 14.93 23.04 17.97 21.84 18.12 13.55 12.84 16.04	12.79 11.29 12.62 17.96 17.44 12.00 11.24 9.56 9.39 14.95 22.63 14.95 23.64 18.52 22.11 19.78 14.18 13.41 16.81

No. 613. Nonfarm Industries-Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2003-Con.

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnite, Table 611]

Industry	2002 NAICS ¹	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings ² (dollars)		
	code	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2002	2003
Trade, transportation, and utilities Wholesale trade. Durable goods 5. Motor vehicles and parts Lumber and construction supplies Commercial equipment Electric goods Hardware and plumbing. Machinery and supplies Nondurable goods 5. Paper and paper products Druggists' goods. Grocery and related products	(X) 42 423 4231 4233 4234 4236 4237 4238 424 4241 4242 4244	22,666 5,268 2,834 309 181 597 357 216 690 1,900 162 136 623	26,225 5,933 3,251 356 227 722 425 247 725 2,065 177 192 689	25,983 5,773 3,130 347 221 696 405 241 703 2,031 169 202 684	25,497 5,652 3,008 346 225 665 366 233 673 2,015 159 211 680	25,275 5,606 2,949 344 231 657 345 231 646 2,002 150 211 681	13.31 16.28 16.71 14.27 13.61 20.29 19.43 15.07 16.47 14.33 15.65 18.98 13.57	14.02 16.98 17.61 15.55 15.06 21.65 18.87 16.02 17.40 15.04 15.69 18.07 14.60	14.34 17.36 17.91 15.74 15.59 22.18 20.03 16.37 17.47 15.66 16.20 19.08 15.08
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	535	618	611	629	654	20.79	20.48	20.41
Retail trade. Motor vehicle and parts dealers ⁵ Automobile dealers	44,45 441 4411	13,182 1,494 983	15,280 1,847 1,217	15,239 1,855 1,225	15,025 1,879 1,253	14,912 1,884 1,255	10.86 14.94 16.95	11.67 15.83 17.74	11.90 16.08 17.86
stores	4413 442 4421 4422 443	418 432 244 188 382	499 544 289 254 564	493 541 282 259 555	485 539 281 258 525	480 543 282 261 512	11.04 12.33 13.37 11.06 13.67	11.78 13.08 14.23 11.75 16.19	11.97 13.29 14.41 12.02 16.14
stores. Building material and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores. Grocery stores Specialty food stores Beer, wine, and liquor stores. Health and personal care stores. Gasoline stations Clothing & clothing accessories stores. Clothing stores. Shoe stores.	444 4441 445 4451 4452 4453 446 447 448 4481 4482	891 753 2,779 2,406 232 141 792 910 1,313 930 216	1,142 982 2,993 2,582 270 141 928 936 1,322 954 193	1,152 997 2,951 2,549 261 140 952 925 1,321 955 191	1,177 1,025 2,882 2,487 256 139 939 896 1,313 960 183	1,191 1,042 2,841 2,453 250 139 943 880 1,297 947 180	11.25 11.30 9.76 9.71 9.97 10.40 11.68 8.05 9.96 9.88 8.96	12.23 12.35 10.55 10.49 10.92 11.11 12.50 8.56 10.40 10.20 9.19	12.67 12.86 10.82 10.76 10.99 11.60 13.12 8.72 10.48 10.30 9.22
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	4483	167	175	175	170	170	11.48	12.34	12.30
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	532	686	679	661	645	9.33	10.05	10.23
Sporting goods and musical instrument stores Book, periodical, and music stores. General merchandise stores Department stores Miscellaneous store retailers Florists	4511 4512 452 4521 453 4531	352 180 2,500 1,494 738 121	437 249 2,820 1,755 1,007 130	438 242 2,842 1,768 993 125	435 227 2,812 1,684 960 122	427 218 2,815 1,619 934 113	9.55 8.91 9.22 9.59 10.20 8.95	10.45 9.19 9.87 10.19 10.73 9.36	10.57 9.49 10.10 10.42 10.93 9.53
Office supplies, stationery, and gift stores	4532 454	358 419	471 492	459 474	435 444	419 428	10.46 13.22	11.23 14.14	11.61 13.79
houses	4541	157	257	240	224	220	13.38	14.79	13.54
Transportation and warehousing Air transportation Scheduled air transportation Rail transportation Water transportation Truck transportation General freight trucking Specialized freight trucking	48,49 481 4811 482 483 484 4841 4842	3,476 529 503 272 57 1,122 807 315	4,410 614 570 232 56 1,406 1,013 393	4,372 615 570 227 54 1,387 992 395	4,224 564 520 218 53 1,339 952 388	4,177 527 483 215 53 1,328 936 392	15.05 13.57 13.25 (NA) (NA) 15.86 16.37 14.51	15.76 15.45 14.94 (NA) (NA) 15.78 16.19 14.68	16.25 16.01 15.48 (NA) (NA) 16.29 16.69 15.24
Transit and ground passenger transportation		274 60 16 364 111 375 340 407	372 46 28 537 178 605 546 514	375 45 29 539 179 587 530 514	381 42 26 525 168 561 507 517	380 40 28 516 167 567 515 522	11.88 19.86 12.49 14.57 13.46 13.51 13.92 14.46	12.70 21.50 13.59 16.66 15.62 14.66 15.29 14.86	12.77 23.03 14.02 17.67 16.50 15.68 16.58 14.80
Utilities. Power generation and supply. Natural gas distribution. Water, sewage and other systems.	2211 2212	740 550 155 35	601 434 121 46	599 434 118 48	596 434 115 48	581 420 114 47	22.75 23.13 23.41 16.93	23.96 24.58 23.58 18.67	24.76 25.64 23.85 18.61

No. 613. Nonfarm Industries-Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2003-Con.

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnite, Table 611]

Industry		CS All employees (1,000)						Average hourly earnings ² (dollars)			
,	code	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2002	2003		
Information	51 511	2,688 871	3,631 1,035	3,629 1,021	3,395 964	3,198 926	19.07 20.18	20.20 21.59	21.01 21.95		
publishers	5111 5112	773 98	774 261	752 269	711 253	687 239	15.06 28.48	15.77 31.14	16.48 33.78		
industries	512 5121 515 5151	255 232 284 232	383 352 344 253	377 347 345 249	388 361 334 241	376 351 327 240	21.25 21.33 16.74 17.13	21.20 21.39 18.57 19.02	21.38 21.41 19.38 20.24		
Cable and other subscription programming. Internet publishing and broadcasting. Telecommunications 5 Wired telecommunications carriers. Wireless telecommunications carriers. Telecommunications resellers. Cable and other program distribution. ISPs, search portals, and data processing. ISPs and web search portals. Data processing and related services. Other information services.	5171 5172 5173 5175 518 5181 5182 519	52 17 980 673 36 180 70 252 41 211 30	91 51 1,263 719 186 214 123 510 194 316 46	96 46 1,302 732 201 214 129 494 177 317 46	93 34 1,187 651 197 180 130 441 137 304 47	87 30 1,083 579 194 151 133 408 124 284 48	15.45 (NA) 17.81 18.52 14.41 19.99 14.67 20.57 25.60 16.97 10.68	17.43 (NA) 19.34 20.81 15.75 20.86 15.72 20.62 25.83 18.29 12.62	17.21 (NA) 20.65 22.21 17.92 21.65 16.61 21.25 24.21 19.90 14.67		
Financial activities	(X) 52 522	6,614 4,979	7,687 5,680	7,807 5,773	7,847 5,817	7,974 5,921	14.98 15.90	16.17 17.28	17.13 18.36		
activities . Depository credit intermediation . Commercial banking . Nondepository credit intermediation	5221 5221 52211 5222	2,425 1,909 1,362 398	2,548 1,681 1,251 644	2,598 1,701 1,258 661	2,686 1,733 1,278 695	2,786 1,752 1,281 741	13.14 11.97 11.83 15.30	14.34 12.75 12.54 17.59	15.62 13.55 13.30 19.78		
intermediation	5223	119	222	236	258	292	15.39	16.07	17.10		
investments	523	458	805	831	789	764	20.20	22.49	23.69		
brokerage and exchanges Other financial investment activities Insurance carriers and related activities Insurance carriers	5232 5239 524 5241	338 120 2,016 1,338	566 239 2,221 1,433	577 254 2,234 1,430	528 261 2,233 1,413	496 269 2,266 1,429	20.07 20.48 17.37 17.92	22.09 23.28 18.87 19.54	23.42 24.18 19.88 20.50		
Insurance agencies, brokerages, and related services	5242	678	788	803	820	837	16.28	17.61	18.75		
vehicles	525	56	85	88	85	82	17.66	19.91	21.71		
Real estate and rental and leasing ⁵	5511	1,635 1,107 564	2,007 1,312 607	2,035 1,340 611	2,030 1,353 606	2,054 1,384 607	12.14 12.24 11.16	12.79 12.87 12.05	13.32 13.54 12.68		
brokers Activities related to real estate Rental and leasing services ⁵ Automotive equipment rental and	5312 5313 532	217 327 514	281 424 667	291 438 666	298 449 649	309 469 641	12.57 13.60 11.69	12.67 14.17 12.33	13.39 14.87 12.58		
leasing	5321 5322	163 220	208 292	208 290	195 288	195 286	10.70 9.53	11.44 10.30	11.96 10.14		
Professional and business services Professional and technical services. Legal services Accounting and bookkeeping services Architectural and engineering services Computer systems design and related	(X) 54 5411 5412 5413	10,848 4,557 944 664 942	16,666 6,734 1,066 866 1,238	16,476 6,902 1,091 872 1,275	15,976 6,676 1,115 837 1,246	15,997 6,624 1,137 816 1,228	15.52 20.61 21.38 14.42 20.49	16.81 22.02 22.51 16.00 21.59	17.20 22.53 22.27 16.50 22.50		
services	5415	410	1,254	1,298	1,153	1,109	27.13	28.99	29.48		
services	5416	324	705	746	734	747	20.86	22.89	23.59		
services Advertising and related services Other professional and technical services Management of companies and enterprises Administrative and waste services Administrative and support services Office administrative services Employment services Temporary help services Business support services Travel arrangement and reservation	5417 5418 5419 55 56 561 5611 5613 56132 5614	494 382 317 1,667 4,624 4,395 211 1,494 1,156 505	515 497 462 1,796 8,136 7,823 264 3,817 2,636 787	532 482 476 1,779 7,795 7,478 269 3,437 2,338 780	538 441 487 1,705 7,595 7,277 289 3,247 2,194 757	542 430 493 1,676 7,698 7,376 304 3,336 2,243 747	21.39 16.99 13.55 15.28 11.66 11.49 14.68 11.83 11.79 11.08	23.51 17.59 14.47 16.33 12.66 12.43 15.70 13.04 12.73 11.90	25.24 17.82 15.22 16.76 13.00 12.77 16.59 13.36 12.63 12.21		
services Investigation and security services Services to buildings and dwellings Waste management and remediation	5615 5616 5617	250 507 1,175	299 689 1,571	285 710 1,606	252 724 1,606	240 710 1,632	12.72 9.78 10.02	13.89 10.58 10.70	14.47 10.90 11.00		
services	562	229	313	317	318	322	15.29	16.90	17.32		

No. 613. Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2003—Con.

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnite, Table 611]

Industry	2002 NAICS		All em	ployees	(1,000)		Ave earnii	erage houngs ² (do	ırly llars)
	code	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2002	2003
Education and health services . Educational services . Elementary and secondary schools . Junior colleges . Colleges and universities . Business, computer, and management	(X) 61 6111 6112 6113	10,984 1,688 461 44 939	15,109 2,390 716 79 1,196	15,645 2,511 753 84 1,258	16,199 2,643 786 84 1,339	16,577 2,689 795 80 1,364	13.95 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	15.21 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	15.64 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
training . Technical and trade schools . Other schools and instruction . Educational support services .	6114 6115 6116 6117	60 72 96 17	86 91 184 39	87 93 194 43	82 95 207 50	83 95 218 54	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Health care and social assistance. Ambulatory health care services 5. Offices of physicians. Offices of dentists. Offices of other health practitioners. Outpatient care centers. Medical and diagnostic laboratories. Home health care services. Hospitals 5. General medical and surgical hospitals.	62 621 6211 6212 6213 6214 6215 6216 622 6221	9,296 2,842 1,278 513 276 261 129 288 3,513 3,305	12,718 4,320 1,840 688 438 386 162 633 3,954 3,745	13,134 4,462 1,911 705 457 400 170 639 4,051 3,833	13,556 4,633 1,968 725 486 413 175 680 4,160 3,930	13,888 4,776 2,004 745 501 423 180 727 4,253 4,013	13.98 14.99 15.65 15.96 14.24 15.29 15.74 12.86 16.71 16.75	15.32 16.26 17.05 17.79 15.49 16.50 17.11 13.37 18.63 18.70	15.88 16.87 17.91 18.38 15.51 17.67 17.56 13.69 19.37 19.48
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222 623 6231 6232	113 1,856 1,170 269	86 2,583 1,514 437	87 2,676 1,547 461	90 2,743 1,573 473	91 2,784 1,583 485	14.97 10.67 11.08 9.96	16.19 11.60 12.13 10.72	16.55 11.86 12.52 10.83
elderly. Social assistance Individual and family services Emergency and other relief services. Vocational rehabilitation services Child day care services	624 6241 6242 6243	330 1,085 389 67 242 388	478 1,860 678 117 370 696	505 1,946 728 124 380 715	532 2,020 773 127 376 744	552 2,075 805 128 381 761	9.83 9.78 10.57 10.95 9.57 8.88	10.69 10.54 11.43 11.76 10.34 9.50	10.83 10.81 11.84 12.01 10.79 9.54
Leisure and hospitality Arts, entertainment, and recreation 5 Performing arts and spectator sports Museums, historical sites, zoos, and	711	9,288 1,132 273	11,862 1,788 382	12,036 1,824 382	11,986 1,783 364	12,125 1,801 370	8.11 10.68 13.11	8.58 11.75 15.64	8.76 12.00 16.70
parks	712 713	68 791	110 1,296	115 1,327	114 1,305	114 1,317	12.21 9.86	12.72 10.57	12.64 10.60
Accommodations and food services	72 721	8,156 1,616	10,074 1,884	10,211 1,852	10,203 1,779	10,324 1,765	7.68 9.48	8.04 10.01	8.22 10.27
accommodations. RV parks and recreational camps Food services and drinking places Full-service restaurants Limited-service eating places Special food services Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	7211 7212 722 7221 7221 7222 7223 7224	1,582 34 6,540 3,070 2,765 392 312	1,837 47 8,189 3,845 3,462 491 391	1,805 48 8,359 3,933 3,529 501 396	1,738 41 8,425 3,992 3,537 513 382	1,714 51 8,559 4,084 3,584 511 381	9.49 9.03 7.18 7.15 6.85 9.45 7.24	10.01 9.76 7.57 7.57 7.21 9.90 7.52	10.30 9.42 7.73 7.77 7.31 10.29 7.61
Other services Repair and maintenance. Automotive repair and maintenance. Personal and laundry services. Personal care services Death care services Dry-cleaning and laundry services. Dry-cleaning and laundry services.	8111 812 8121 8122	4,261 1,009 659 1,120 430 123 371	5,168 1,242 888 1,243 490 136 388	5,258 1,257 904 1,255 508 138 380	5,372 1,247 900 1,257 529 140 368	5,393 1,236 897 1,258 539 140 356	12.73 13.28 12.45 10.18 10.18 13.04 9.17	13.72 14.14 13.31 11.04 11.18 13.70 9.86	13.84 14.31 13.51 11.44 11.64 14.32 9.86
Dry-cleaning and laundry services, except coin-operated. Other personal services. Pet care services, except veterinary. Membership associations and organizations 5. Social advocacy organizations. Civic and social organizations. Professional and similar organizations.	8129 81291 813 8133 8134	215 196 23 2,132 126 377 379	211 229 31 2,683 143 404 473	205 229 33 2,746 155 413 488	197 221 36 2,868 171 412 501	189 222 37 2,898 176 415 499	8.14 10.52 (NA) 13.66 12.08 9.85 15.98	8.59 11.41 (NA) 14.69 13.02 10.59 17.54	8.75 12.07 (NA) 14.67 13.97 10.67 18.24
Government Federal State government Local government	92 (X) (X) (X)	18,415 3,196 4,305 10,914	20,790 2,865 4,786 13,139	21,118 2,764 4,905 13,449	21,513 2,766 5,029 13,718	21,575 2,756 5,017 13,802	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)

NA Not available. X Not applicable.

1 Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (INAICS). See text, this section.
2 Production workers in the goods-producing industries and non-supervisory workers in service-producing industries. See footnotes 3 and 4.
3 Natural resources and mining, construction, and manufacturing.
4 Trade, transportation and utilities, information, financial activities, professional and business services, education and health services, leisure and hospitality, other services, and government.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, March 2004 issue; and the Current Employment Statistics program Internet site http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm.

No. 614. Private Sector Job Gains and Losses: 1992 to 2003

[In thousands (455 represents 455,000). For the three months ending in month shown. Based on the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages; for details see source. Minus sign (-) indicates loss]

	Gross job gains				Gı	ross job loss	es
Year and month ending	Net change	Total	Expand- ing establish- ments	Opening establish- ments	Total	Contract- ing establish- ments	Closing establish- ments
1992:	455	7,377	5,632	1,745	6,922	5,351	1,571
September	216	7,101	5,465	1,636	6,885	5,487	1,398
1993: March June September December	313	7,309	5,410	1,899	6,996	5,354	1,642
	786	7,330	5,794	1,536	6,544	5,136	1,408
	874	7,523	5,881	1,642	6,649	5,316	1,333
	641	7,436	5,840	1,596	6,795	5,420	1,375
1994: March June September December	517	7,400	5,807	1,593	6,883	5,435	1,448
	1,021	7,807	6,060	1,747	6,786	5,295	1,491
	1,175	7,972	6,227	1,745	6,797	5,493	1,304
	507	7,630	5,998	1,632	7,123	5,647	1,476
1995: March June September December	746	7,782	6,129	1,653	7,036	5,660	1,376
	402	7,714	6,017	1,697	7,312	5,839	1,473
	771	7,970	6,291	1,679	7,199	5,680	1,519
	407	7,877	6,153	1,724	7,470	5,934	1,536
1996: March June September December	460	7,943	6,190	1,753	7,483	5,957	1,526
	642	8,080	6,302	1,778	7,438	5,894	1,544
	632	8,189	6,326	1,863	7,557	5,998	1,559
	861	8,278	6,409	1,869	7,417	5,889	1,528
1997: March June September December	799	8,292	6,448	1,844	7,493	5,900	1,593
	594	8,098	6,342	1,756	7,504	5,925	1,579
	854	8,593	6,680	1,913	7,739	5,981	1,758
	702	8,731	6,727	2,004	8,029	6,068	1,961
1998: March. June. September. December	747	8,788	6,633	2,155	8,041	6,107	1,934
	666	8,722	6,569	2,153	8,056	6,218	1,838
	659	8,539	6,574	1,965	7,880	6,161	1,719
	759	8,576	6,778	1,798	7,817	6,060	1,757
1999: March	380	8,744	6,733	2,011	8,364	6,466	1,898
	569	8,800	6,788	2,012	8,231	6,419	1,812
	548	8,817	6,871	1,946	8,269	6,397	1,872
	1,105	9,144	7,112	2,032	8,039	6,264	1,775
2000: March	818	8,906	6,988	1,918	8,088	6,361	1,727
	541	8,764	6,975	1,789	8,223	6,509	1,714
	146	8,724	6,834	1,890	8,578	6,719	1,859
	336	8,690	6,862	1,828	8,354	6,582	1,772
2001: March. June September. December	-101	8,555	6,768	1,787	8,656	6,756	1,900
	-771	8,254	6,439	1,815	9,025	7,149	1,876
	-1,380	7,749	5,990	1,759	9,129	7,174	1,955
	-871	7,893	6,055	1,838	8,764	6,995	1,769
2002: March. June. September. December	-1	8,128	6,324	1,804	8,129	6,400	1,729
	-80	8,050	6,246	1,804	8,130	6,411	1,719
	-211	7,763	6,083	1,680	7,974	6,345	1,629
	-175	7,702	6,059	1,643	7,877	6,267	1,610
2003 March June September December	-404	7,472	5,932	1,540	7,876	6,321	1,555
	-142	7,560	6,033	1,527	7,702	6,138	1,564
	72	7,396	5,897	1,499	7,324	5,893	1,431
	344	7,646	6,063	1,583	7,302	5,816	1,486

¹ Difference between the total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Business Employment Dynamics: Fourth Quarter 2003*, USDL 04-1458, August 3, 2004. See Internet site: http://www.bls.gov/bdm/home.htm.

No. 615. Annual Indexes of Output Per Hour for Selected NAICS Industries: 1987 to 2002

[For a discussion of productivity measures, see text, this section. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Industry	2002 NAICŞ		In	dexes (1	997=100)		Average annual percent
addiy	code 1	1987	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	change
Mining Oil and gas extraction Mining, except oil and gas.	21 211 212	85.3 80.7 69.5	86.0 78.4 79.3	101.8 95.5 94.0	109.5 115.2 106.8	107.7 117.4 109.0	112.3 119.3 111.7	1.8 2.6 3.2
Utilities: Power generation and supply Natural gas distribution	2211 2212	64.7 66.8	71.2 71.4	88.6 89.0	107.0 113.1	106.4 110.0	102.4 114.9	3.1 3.7
Manufacturing: Sugar and confectionery products Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty Dairy products Animal slaughtering and processing Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing Other food products Beverages Fabric mills Textile furnishings mills Cut and sew apparel Sawmills and wood preservation Plywood and engineered wood products Other wood products	3115 3116 3118 3119 3121 3132 3141 3152 3211 3212 3219	81.5 90.1 82.4 97.6 98.8 94.6 75.0 67.6 91.1 69.7 77.4 100.0 104.1	91.0 86.4 90.8 94.5 92.6 91.9 86.5 75.0 88.2 70.1 79.2 102.3 105.4	94.3 97.1 98.7 98.5 99.7 101.3 99.6 95.8 92.5 85.5 91.0 101.8 100.4	111.9 109.8 96.0 101.9 105.3 110.2 90.6 110.2 106.8 127.7 106.5 100.5	109.9 117.0 96.2 102.7 106.3 103.2 91.7 109.1 106.9 131.7 109.0 105.0 104.6	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	2.2 1.9 1.1 0.4 0.5 0.6 1.4 3.5 1.1 4.6 2.5 0.3
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills Converted paper products Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products Basic chemicals Resin, rubber, and artificial fibers Pharmaceuticals and medicines Soap, cleaning compounds, and toiletries	3221 3222 3231 3241 3251 3252 3254 3256	85.7 88.5 96.2 72.5 92.0 76.5 86.1 81.9	88.5 90.5 96.6 76.7 91.4 75.8 91.4 83.2	102.0 97.2 98.8 90.1 92.3 95.9 96.3 93.9	115.7 101.9 104.9 113.2 118.4 108.1 93.4 99.2	117.5 101.0 105.6 112.2 111.0 103.8 97.4 102.7	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	2.3 0.9 0.7 3.2 1.4 2.2 0.9 1.6
Other chemical products and preparations . Plastics products . Rubber products . Glass and glass products . Cement and concrete products . Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy production . Foundries . Forging and stamping . Architectural and structural metals . Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers .	3259 3261 3262 3272 3273 3311 3315 3321 3323 3324	75.5 82.5 75.8 83.0 91.3 63.8 80.7 85.1 88.6 81.3	76.6 84.7 83.0 80.0 94.8 69.6 85.3 88.6 87.8 90.4	94.4 94.5 92.8 88.8 98.2 89.7 93.1 94.2 93.9 97.8	120.0 111.2 103.9 109.7 100.4 108.5 104.0 121.3 101.0 97.7	111.3 113.3 104.2 105.2 97.1 106.7 109.3 121.8 100.7 98.2	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	2.8 2.3 1.7 0.4 3.7 2.2 2.6 0.9 1.4
Machine shops and threaded products Coating, engraving, and heat treating metals Other fabricated metal products Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery Industrial machinery Commercial and service industry machinery HVAC and commercial refrigeration equipment Metalworking machinery Turbine and power transmission equipment Other general purpose machinery Computer and peripheral equipment	3327 3328 3329 3331 3332 3333 3334 3335 3336 3339 3341	76.6 76.0 91.7 74.9 74.6 83.8 83.7 84.6 80.1 83.4 10.5	78.8 81.6 86.7 82.8 80.6 91.4 88.8 85.3 85.1 85.9 14.3	98.7 102.8 97.1 95.6 97.9 103.0 96.6 99.1 92.1 94.6 51.3	107.2 105.9 100.8 101.0 129.7 101.4 108.3 106.4 117.1 113.0 225.4	107.2 105.1 98.2 99.5 104.6 94.4 110.8 102.0 130.2 109.4 237.0	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	2.4 2.3 0.5 2.0 2.4 0.8 2.0 1.3 3.5 2.0 24.9
Communications equipment Semiconductors and electronic components. Electronic instruments Household appliances Electrical equipment. Other electrical equipment and components. Motor vehicles Motor vehicle bodies and trailers Motor vehicle parts Aerospace products and parts Ship and boat building	3342 3344 3345 3352 3353 3359 3361 3362 3363 3364 3366	38.4 16.5 67.7 70.5 68.4 77.8 76.1 85.1 78.4 84.9 95.3	47.3 21.4 76.0 76.4 73.6 75.3 86.0 75.8 75.7 87.7 99.6	74.6 63.4 96.8 92.7 98.1 92.0 88.6 97.3 92.3 93.7 93.1	165.5 233.3 114.3 117.5 100.6 120.5 110.4 98.4 112.7 101.0 120.1	155.2 231.6 116.1 122.6 101.0 113.5 108.7 99.4 114.8 114.7 119.8	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	10.5 20.7 3.9 4.0 2.8 2.7 2.6 1.1 2.8 2.1.6
Household and institutional furniture Office furniture and fixtures Medical equipment and supplies Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3371 3372 3391 3399	86.0 85.8 74.9 88.1	87.6 80.8 81.2 90.1	97.1 84.3 95.0 96.0	102.5 100.2 114.2 112.9	106.1 97.1 119.0 110.9	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	1.5 0.9 3.4 1.7
Wholesale trade . Durable goods Nondurable goods Electronic markets and agents and brokers Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Automobile dealers Other motor vehicle dealers. Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores Furniture and home furnishings stores. Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores Building material and garden supply stores	42 423 424 425 44-45 441 4411 4412 4413 442 4421 4421 4422 443	73.4 61.8 94.3 63.7 80.9 85.3 87.1 72.7 77.5 76.6 74.7 78.9 37.0 80.5	77.8 65.7 98.4 70.7 83.2 89.7 92.1 69.0 85.0 80.7 82.1 78.5 46.0 81.8	93.3 88.9 99.7 91.1 94.7 97.0 97.2 91.0 97.9 94.1 92.5 95.9 89.2 93.7	114.1 119.6 103.5 124.1 114.2 107.2 106.6 108.6 112.0 115.7 114.8 116.8 177.7 113.1	117.1 120.3 106.9 131.3 117.4 110.0 109.1 112.6 109.3 118.5 121.1 115.6 199.1 115.8	123.6 127.7 112.6 132.6 122.7 109.7 106.0 116.4 115.8 125.1 128.6 121.4 240.0 119.9	3.5 5.0 1.2 5.0 2.8 1.7 1.3 3.2 2.7 2.9 13.3 2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

No. 615. Annual Indexes of Output Per Hour for Selected NAICS Industries: 1987 to 2002-Con.

[For a discussion of productivity measures, see text, this section. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Industry	2002 NAICS		In	dexes (1	997=100)		Average annual percent
,	code 1	1987	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	change
Building material and supplies dealers. Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores Food and beverage stores Grocery stores Specialty food stores Beer, wine and liquor stores. Health and personal care stores. Gasoline stations. Clothing and clothing accessories stores Clothing stores	4441 4442 445 4451 4452 4453 446 447 448 4481	81.7 74.0 109.0 110.0 125.4 96.3 85.6 84.2 67.0 66.5	83.2 74.5 107.1 106.5 122.9 100.1 92.0 84.8 69.5 68.9	94.8 87.0 102.5 103.0 101.1 96.2 93.0 99.7 91.2 90.1	113.8 108.2 105.1 104.9 105.6 111.1 111.4 106.5 120.3 120.9	115.3 119.4 107.6 107.5 110.8 110.4 112.7 109.8 123.5 125.2	119.8 121.2 110.3 110.3 114.2 111.8 118.8 117.5 129.0 132.7	2.6 3.3 0.1 -0.6 1.0 2.2 2.2 4.5 4.7
Shoe stores Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores. Sporting goods and musical instrument stores Book, periodical, and music stores General merchandise stores Department stores Other general merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Florists.	4482	67.1	73.7	93.7	109.6	115.8	120.0	4.0
	4483	69.7	68.6	94.1	128.0	122.5	121.5	3.8
	451	73.6	80.8	93.0	121.1	125.4	132.9	4.0
	4511	68.5	77.1	92.3	128.3	130.4	137.9	4.8
	4512	86.6	89.0	94.5	108.0	116.0	123.8	2.4
	452	73.4	75.3	92.2	119.9	124.2	130.5	3.9
	4521	87.0	84.0	94.7	106.3	104.0	104.7	1.2
	4529	54.7	61.4	87.6	145.9	162.1	177.5	8.2
	453	66.1	70.6	89.5	111.3	108.4	115.6	3.8
	4531	79.2	75.1	83.5	116.0	108.6	120.7	2.9
Office supplies, stationery and gift stores Used merchandise stores Other miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Electronic shopping and mail-order houses. Vending machine operators Direct selling establishments	4532	58.7	64.6	90.9	124.1	125.1	140.3	6.0
	4533	83.9	84.9	90.2	115.7	115.0	121.4	2.5
	4539	71.9	79.6	90.5	99.6	93.2	92.8	1.7
	454	49.2	54.4	80.9	142.8	146.9	169.6	8.6
	4541	36.3	43.5	71.9	159.8	177.5	209.8	12.4
	4542	98.7	97.1	89.3	127.1	110.4	113.3	0.9
	4543	65.7	70.0	94.7	104.3	98.7	110.2	3.5
Transportation and warehousing: Air transportation. Line-haul railroads. General freight trucking, long-distance. Postal service.	481	81.1	77.5	95.3	98.2	91.9	103.2	1.6
	482111	58.9	69.8	92.0	114.3	121.9	131.9	5.5
	48412	79.4	88.5	95.4	105.5	104.2	109.4	2.2
	491	92.4	96.1	98.3	104.9	106.1	107.0	1.0
Information: Newspaper, book, and directory publishers Software publishers Motion picture and video exhibition Radio and television broadcasting Cable and other subscription programming. Wired telecommunications carriers Wireless telecommunications carriers Cable and other program distribution.	5111	104.6	97.4	93.5	110.1	106.4	108.1	0.2
	5112	9.9	28.6	73.0	103.9	101.9	106.7	17.2
	51213	90.3	109.4	99.9	106.5	104.7	104.4	1.0
	5151	97.2	96.1	106.1	98.4	94.3	100.4	0.2
	5152	102.1	98.8	94.4	135.7	125.3	131.4	1.7
	5171	56.1	64.8	90.6	119.9	121.0	130.6	5.8
	5172	77.7	76.3	98.3	139.0	172.7	192.0	6.2
	5175	102.6	99.1	94.2	90.4	87.6	93.5	-0.6
Finance and insurance: Commercial banking	52211	73.3	80.5	96.0	104.2	101.6	103.8	2.3
Real estate and rental leasing: Passenger car rental	532111	91.3	89.8	101.1	112.0	112.1	113.3	1.5
	53212	63.0	70.7	90.3	95.9	93.6	91.4	2.5
Professional and technical services: Tax preparation servicesAdvertising agencies	541213	95.7	92.4	96.2	91.8	78.2	92.1	-0.3
	54181	96.5	105.0	101.4	116.6	116.7	123.9	1.7
Accommodation and food services: Traveler accommodations Food services and drinking places Full-service restaurants. Limited-service eating places Special food services Drinking places, alcoholic beverages.	7222 7223	86.4 95.5 90.4 94.8 105.1 133.3	82.9 102.9 99.1 103.3 107.2 125.7	99.2 100.6 96.6 104.7 99.3 104.4	107.7 103.5 100.8 105.1 111.7 100.4	102.0 103.7 100.8 106.6 108.4 98.2	104.1 104.9 102.0 107.1 108.1 107.2	1.3 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.2 -1.4
Other services: Automotive repair and maintenance Hair, nail and skin care services. Funeral homes and funeral services Drycleaning and laundry services. Photofinishing	81211 81221 8123	87.8 83.0 104.1 97.5 102.4	92.8 81.6 96.1 95.6 117.3	102.9 92.4 100.4 98.8 114.7	108.6 103.0 94.5 113.7 107.6	109.3 109.5 93.9 121.1 115.0	103.7 104.2 90.9 120.2 133.6	1.1 1.5 -0.9 1.4 1.8

Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available.
 North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS); see text, this section.
 Average annual percent change, 1987 to 2002 (1987 to 2001 for manufacturing industries), based on compound rate formula.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Internet site http://www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm

No. 616. Productivity and Related Measures: 1980 to 2003

[See text, this section. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Item	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
INDEXES (1992=100)									
Output per hour, business sector. Nonfarm business Manufacturing Output, 1 business sector. Nonfarm business Manufacturing	79.0 80.3 (NA) 68.8 69.2 (NA)	87.3 87.7 (NA) 82.2 82.2 (NA)	94.4 94.4 92.9 96.9 97.1 97.6	101.7 102.1 110.1 111.4 111.8 115.0	112.4 112.2 128.2 135.2 135.6 134.6	115.7 115.3 134.2 140.5 140.8 138.6	118.3 117.8 137.1 140.6 141.0 132.3	124.0 123.6 147.1 143.8 144.2 131.5	129.6 129.1 154.6 149.1 149.5 131.6
Hours, ² business sector Nonfarm business Manufacturing Compensation per hour, ³ business sector Nonfarm business Manufacturing Real hourly compensation, ³ business sector. Nonfarm business Manufacturing	87.2 86.2 (NA) 54.0 54.2 (NA) 88.9 89.2 (NA)	94.1 93.7 (NA) 72.5 72.7 (NA) 92.0 92.3 (NA)	102.6 102.8 105.0 90.5 90.3 90.1 96.1 95.9 95.7	109.5 109.5 104.4 106.0 106.0 107.7 98.9 98.9 100.5	120.2 120.8 105.0 125.4 124.9 123.8 107.8 107.3 106.3	121.4 122.1 103.3 134.2 133.7 135.0 111.6 111.2 112.3	118.9 119.7 96.5 139.7 138.9 138.3 113.0 112.4 111.8	116.0 116.6 89.4 142.8 142.1 143.8 113.7 113.2 114.5	115.1 115.9 85.1 148.0 147.1 152.3 115.2 114.5 118.5
Unit labor costs, ⁴ business sector	68.4 67.5 (NA)	83.0 82.9 (NA)	95.9 95.6 97.0	104.3 103.8 97.8	111.6 111.3 96.6	116.0 116.0 100.6	118.1 118.0 100.8	115.2 115.0 97.8	114.2 114.0 98.5
Output per hour, business sector. Nonfarm business. Manufacturing. Output, ¹ business sector. Nonfarm business Manufacturing.	-0.2 -0.2 (NA) -1.1 -1.0 (NA)	2.4 1.7 (NA) 4.6 4.2 (NA)	1.9 1.7 2.9 1.5 1.5	0.3 0.6 3.9 2.9 3.2 4.5	2.9 2.8 3.8 5.1 5.2 2.9	2.9 2.8 4.7 3.9 3.8 3.0	2.2 2.1 2.2 0.1 0.1 -4.6	4.9 5.0 7.2 2.3 2.3 -0.6	4.5 4.4 5.1 3.7 3.7 0.1
Hours, ² business sector Nonfarm business Manufacturing Compensation per hour, ³ business sector Nonfarm business Manufacturing Real hourly compensation, ³ business sector. Nonfarm business Manufacturing	-0.9 -0.8 (NA) 10.8 10.8 (NA) -0.2 -0.2 (NA)	2.2 2.5 (NA) 4.9 4.7 (NA) 1.5 1.3 (NA)	-0.3 -0.3 -2.5 6.0 5.9 4.7 1.0 0.9 -0.3	2.6 2.6 0.6 2.2 2.2 2.0 -0.3 -0.2	2.1 2.3 -0.8 4.8 4.7 4.2 2.7 2.5 2.0	1.0 1.0 -1.6 7.0 7.0 9.1 3.6 3.6 5.6	-2.1 -2.0 -6.6 4.1 3.9 2.4 1.3 1.1 -0.4	-2.5 -2.6 -7.3 2.2 2.3 4.0 0.6 0.7 2.4	-0.8 -0.7 -4.8 3.6 3.5 5.9 1.3 1.2 3.5
Unit labor costs, ⁴ business sector. Nonfarm business. Manufacturing.	11.0 11.0 (NA)	2.5 2.9 (NA)	4.1 4.1 1.7	1.9 1.6 -1.8	1.8 1.8 0.3	4.0 4.2 4.2	1.8 1.7 0.2	-2.5 -2.5 -3.0	-0.8 -0.9 0.7

¹ Refers to gross sectoral product, annual weighted. ² Hours at work of all persons engaged in the NA Not available. The lefts to gross sectoral product, armular weighted. Hours at work of all persons engaged in the business and nonfarm business sectors (employees, proprietors, and unpaid family workers); employees and proprietors' hours in manufacturing.

3 Wages and salaries of employees plus employers and contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. Also includes an estimate of same for self-employed. Real compensation deflated by the consumer price index for all urban consumers, see text, Section 14.

4 Hourly compensation divided by output per hour.

5 All changes are from the immediate prior

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Productivity and Costs, News USDL 04-995, June 3, 2004; and Internet site http://www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm.

No. 617. Employed Persons Using Computers at Work by Sex and Occupation: 2001

[In percent, except as indicated (135,089 represents 135,089,000). As of September. For persons 16 years old and over, except as indicated. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see Appendix III and source]

		Total using a		Pe	ercent who	used a c	omputer a	t work for-	_
Characteristic	Total em- ployed (1,000)	com- puter at work (1,000)	Percent of em- ployed	Word process- ing 1	Internet or e-mail	Calen- dar or sched- uling	Spread- sheets or data- bases	Graph- ics or design	Pro- gram- ming
Total, 16 years and over	135,089	72,277	53.5	67.0	71.8	52.9	62.3	28.8	15.2
Sex: Male	72,306	34,663	47.9	64.3	75.1	55.2	64.9	32.0	20.4
Women	62,784	37,614	59.9	69.4	68.8	50.9	59.9	25.8	10.5
Occupation:	44 000	00.074	70.0	70.0	00.7	00.0	70.0	07.0	400
Managerial and professional	41,936	33,374	79.6	78.3	82.7	60.8	70.3	37.2	18.6
Executive, admin., and managerial	20,279	16.297	80.4	79.0	83.5	65.3	76.9	34.4	16.6
Professional specialty	21,657	17,077	78.9	77.6	81.9	56.5	63.9	39.9	20.5
Technical, sales, and admin.	21,007	17,077	70.5	77.0	01.5	30.3	00.0	00.0	20.5
support	38.761	26.056	67.2	62.6	67.3	48.4	59.7	22.5	12.4
Technicians and related support .	4,617	3,462	75.0	58.5	70.4	52.3	59.3	29.5	27.0
Sales occupations	15,905	9,173	57.7	59.9	69.3	48.6	60.1	25.6	11.1
Administrative support, inc.									
clerical	18,238	13,421	73.6	65.6	65.1	47.2	59.6	18.5	9.6
Service occupations	18,279	4,259	23.3	52.6	51.1	45.7	43.8	17.2	8.9
Precision production, craft,									
and repair	14,850	4,447	29.9	46.5	59.9	45.4	51.7	23.7	17.4
Operators, fabricators, and									
laborers	17,737	3,465	19.5	35.7	43.1	32.4	41.2	17.1	9.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,527	675	19.1	60.9	67.1	43.7	61.3	21.7	10.6

¹ Or desktop publishing. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Computer and Internet Use at Work, 2001, News*, USDL 02-601, October 23, 2002. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS

No. 618. Annual Total Compensation and Wages and Salary Accruals Per Full-Time Equivalent Employee by Industry: 1999 to 2002

[In dollars. Wage and salary accruals include executives' compensation, bonuses, tips, and payments-in-kind; total compensation includes in addition to wages and salaries, employer contributions for social insurance, employer contributions to private and welfare funds, director's fees, jury and witness fees, etc. Based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section]

In all cations	Ann	ual total c	ompensati	on	An	nual wage	s and sala	ry
Industry	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002
Domestic industries	43,918	46,407	47,542	48,652	36,664	38,762	39,565	40,216
	42,684	45,240	46,201	47,085	36,294	38,446	39,106	39,603
hunting Mining Utilities Construction Manufacturing Wholesale trade Retail trade	28,075	29,332	26,253	26,244	24,767	25,847	23,137	23,064
	65,576	70,413	73,258	74,425	54,451	58,291	60,599	61,041
	71,405	78,147	81,237	83,978	58,731	64,271	66,473	68,311
	42,598	44,764	47,822	48,966	35,375	37,196	39,646	40,373
	50,114	54,219	54,134	56,154	40,930	44,216	43,786	44,873
	54,448	56,264	59,885	61,061	46,601	48,017	50,973	51,549
	28,747	30,225	30,038	31,005	25,013	26,307	26,027	26,687
Transportation and warehousing	46,058	48,336	48,625	49,963	37,612	39,463	39,439	40,138
	68,102	74,196	71,948	71,279	57,920	63,217	60,902	59,716
	67,626	74,821	77,969	77,446	57,822	64,049	66,566	65,664
	38,892	41,906	42,124	43,661	33,579	36,178	36,229	37,392
services	62,100	68,436	72,075	72,832	53,242	58,886	61,756	61,984
	83,932	89,496	85,947	86,033	71,330	75,984	72,238	71,744
Administrative and waste management services	30,505	28,540	30,424	31,396	27,216	25,181	26,785	27,597
	31,130	32,736	34,119	35,507	27,579	28,974	30,081	31,166
	39,044	40,897	42,072	43,848	33,520	35,127	36,009	37,399
	34,107	35,898	35,842	37,143	29,682	31,259	31,098	32,079
Accommodation and food services Other services, except government	18,234	19,092	20,449	21,041	16,065	16,830	17,951	18,375
	27,470	28,630	29,449	31,085	24,492	25,495	26,121	27,510
	50,682	52,845	54,852	56,886	38,692	40,501	42,071	43,436
	66,566	70,004	73,493	77,076	44,225	46,646	48,672	50,895
	46,174	48,020	49,822	51,465	37,122	38,773	40,290	41,433

¹ Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional managing offices.

No. 619. Average Hourly Earnings by Private Industry Group: 1990 to 2003

[In dollars. Average earnings include overtime. Data are for production workers in natural resources and mining, manufacturing, and construction, and nonsupervisory employees in other industries. See headnote, Table 611]

Drivete industry avera		Cu	rrent doll	ars			Constar	nt (1982)	dollars 1	
Private industry group	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS Total private. Natural resources and mining. Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation and utilities.	10.19 13.40 13.42 10.78 9.83	14.00 16.55 17.48 14.32 13.31	14.53 17.00 18.00 14.76 13.70	14.95 17.19 18.52 15.29 14.02	15.35 17.58 18.95 15.74 14.34	7.66 10.07 10.08 8.10 7.39	8.03 9.50 10.03 8.22 7.64	8.11 9.49 10.05 8.24 7.65	8.24 9.47 10.20 8.42 7.72	8.27 9.47 10.21 8.48 7.73
Information Financial activities ² Professional and business services ² Education and health services ² Leisure and hospitality ² Other services	13.40 9.99 11.14 10.00 5.88 9.08	19.07 14.98 15.52 13.95 8.11 12.73	19.80 15.59 16.33 14.64 8.35 13.27	20.20 16.17 16.81 15.21 8.58 13.72	21.01 17.13 17.20 15.64 8.76 13.84	10.07 7.51 8.37 7.51 4.42 6.82	10.94 8.59 8.90 8.00 4.65 7.30	11.06 8.70 9.12 8.17 4.66 7.41	11.13 8.91 9.26 8.38 4.73 7.56	11.32 9.23 9.27 8.43 4.72 7.46
AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS Total private. Natural resources and mining. Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation and utilities.	349.29 602.54 513.43 436.16 331.55	480.41 734.92 685.78 590.65 449.88	493.20 757.92 695.89 595.19 459.53	711.82	517.36 766.83 727.11 636.07 481.10	262.43 452.70 385.75 327.69 249.10	275.62 421.64 393.45 338.87 258.11	275.38 423.18 388.55 332.32 256.58	278.83 408.80 392.19 340.91 259.65	278.75 413.16 391.76 342.71 259.21
Information Financial activities ² Professional and business services ² Education and health services ² Leisure and hospitality ² Other services	479.50 354.65 380.61 319.27 152.47 297.91	700.89 537.37 535.07 449.29 211.79 413.41	215.19	492.74	761.13 608.87 586.68 505.76 224.35 434.49	360.26 266.45 285.96 239.87 114.55 223.82	402.12 308.30 306.98 257.77 121.51 237.18	408.21 311.57 311.47 264.32 120.15 239.33	406.71 317.09 316.62 271.48 121.91 242.29	410.09 328.05 316.10 272.50 120.88 234.10

¹ Earnings in current dollars divided by the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) on a 1982 base; see text, Section 14, Prices. ² For composition of industries, see Table 612.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, March and April 2004. See also http://www.bea.gov/bea/dn/nipaweb/selecttable.asp.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, monthly, March 2004 issue; and the Current Employment Statistics program. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm

No. 620. Mean Hourly Earnings and Weekly Hours for Metro and Nonmetro Areas by Selected Characteristics: 2002

[Covers civilian workers in private industry establishments and state and local governments in the 50 states and DC. Excludes private households, federal government and agriculture. Based on establishment survey; see source and Apendix III for details

	Mean hourly earnings (dol.) ¹			Mear	n weekly ho	urs
Item	Total	Metro areas ²	Nonmetro areas	Total	Metro areas ²	Nonmetro areas
Total	17.18	17.56	14.20	35.8	35.7	36.4
	16.40	16.79	12.91	35.6	35.6	36.3
	21.54	22.37	18.02	36.7	36.7	36.8
WORKER CHARACTERISTIC						
White-collar occupations Professional specialty and technical Professional Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support Blue-collar occupations Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and	21.09 27.18 29.34 19.89 31.16 14.50 13.41 14.51 18.20	21.43 27.71 29.80 20.54 31.56 14.75 13.60 14.71 18.46	17.75 22.73 25.34 15.08 25.94 11.38 11.61 13.25 16.25	36.1 36.2 35.9 40.0 32.6 36.4 38.2 39.6	36.1 36.2 36.2 35.9 40.0 32.6 36.3 38.1 39.6	36.4 36.0 36.1 35.8 40.0 33.5 36.9 38.5 40.0
inspectors	12.94	13.07	12.38	39.2	39.1	39.6
	14.25	14.22	14.53	37.5	37.5	37.7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers and laborer. Service occupations. Protective service. Food service Health service. Cleaning and building service. Personal service	10.98	11.14	10.02	35.6	35.6	35.9
	10.32	10.49	9.31	31.6	31.3	33.4
	16.83	17.23	14.26	37.0	36.7	38.6
	7.41	7.41	7.37	28.4	28.2	29.5
	10.54	10.73	9.54	34.1	34.2	33.7
	10.23	10.41	9.10	34.7	34.6	35.2
	10.28	10.74	8.46	29.2	28.0	35.2
Full time	18.14	18.59	14.78	39.6	39.6	39.6
	9.66	9.76	8.80	20.5	20.5	20.7
Union ³	20.65	21.01	17.59	36.9	36.8	37.8
Nonunion	16.42	16.80	13.52	35.6	35.5	36.1
Time ⁴	16.89	17.25	14.11	35.7	35.6	36.2
	22.52	23.41	15.79	38.3	37.9	41.1
ESTABLISHMENT CHARACTERISTIC						
Goods producing ⁵	17.74	(NA)	(NA)	39.5	(NA)	(NA)
	15.88	(NA)	(NA)	34.3	(NA)	(NA)
1 to 99 workers ⁶	14.43	14.59	12.60	34.6	34.7	34.3
100 to 499 workers.	16.73	17.24	14.21	36.3	36.2	36.7
500 to 999 workers.	18.80	19.55	15.77	37.2	37.1	37.9
1,000 to 2,499 workers	20.75	21.55	16.27	36.5	36.2	38.0
2,500 workers or more.	23.30	23.66	14.33	37.4	37.3	39.5
GEOGRAPHIC REGION 7						
New England . Middle Atlantic . East North Central . West North Central . South Atlantic . East South Central . West South Central . West South Central . Mountain . Pacific	18.61	18.99	14.66	34.4	34.4	34.5
	19.79	19.97	15.83	34.8	34.8	34.9
	17.42	17.73	15.11	35.7	35.6	36.3
	16.11	16.82	13.38	35.3	35.3	35.3
	15.97	16.26	13.83	36.4	36.3	37.1
	14.19	15.06	12.37	37.1	36.5	38.5
	15.39	15.49	14.45	36.6	36.7	36.3
	15.67	15.67	15.70	35.5	35.5	35.7
	19.08	19.22	16.10	35.8	35.9	34.8

NA Not available.

1 Earnings are straight time hourly wages or salary, including incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excludes premium pay for overtime, vacations and holidays, nonproduction bonuses and tips.

2 Metropolitan areas defined as of 1994.

3 Workers whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

4 Time worker wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary. Incentive workers wages are based at least in part on productivity payments such as piece rates or commissions.

5 For private industry only.

6 Private establishments employing 1 to 99 workers and state and local government establishments employing 50 to 99 workers.

7 Composition of regions: NEW ENGLAND: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, MIDDLE ATLANTIC: New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. EAST NORTH CENTRAL: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin. WEST NORTH CENTRAL: Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas. SOUTH ATLANTIC: Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, Worth Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, EAST SOUTH CENTRAL: Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississispip. WEST SOUTH CENTRAL: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas. MOUNTAIN: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada. PACIFIC: Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, and Hawaii.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey: Occupational Wages in the United States, July 2002, Bulletin 2561, September 2003. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm.

No. 621. Average Annual Pay by State: 2001 and 2002

[In dollars, except percent change. For workers covered by state unemployment insurance laws and for federal civilian workers covered by unemployment compensation for federal employees, approximately 99 percent of wage and salary civilian employment in 2002. Excludes most agricultural workers on small farms, all Armed Forces, elected officials in most states, railroad employees, most domestic workers, most student workers at school, employees of certain nonprofit organizations, and most self-employed individuals. Pay includes bonuses, cash value of meals and lodging, and tips and other gratuities. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease!

State	Average ann	nual pay	Percent	State	Average ann	nual pay	Percent
State	2001	2002	change, 2001-02	State	2001	2002	change, 2001-02
United States	36,219	36,764	1.5	Missouri	32,421	33,118	2.1
Alabama	30,102	31,163	3.5	Montana	25,195	26,001	3.2
Alaska	36,170	37,134	2.7	Nebraska	28,377	29,448	3.8
Arizona	33,411	34,036	1.9	Nevada	33,121	33,993	2.6
Arkansas	27,260	28,074	3.0	New Hampshire	35,481	36,176	2.0
California	41,327	41,419	0.2	New Jersey	44,320	45,182	1.9
Colorado	37,952	38,005	0.1	New Mexico	28,702	29,431	2.5
Connecticut	46,993	46,852	-0.3	New York	46,727	46,328	-0.9
Delaware	38,427	39,684	3.3	North Carolina	32,024	32,689	2.1
District of Columbia	55,908	57,914	3.6	North Dakota	25,707	26,550	3.3
Florida	31,553	32,426	2.8	Ohio	33,283	34,214	2.8
Georgia	35,136	35,734	1.7	Oklahoma	28,016	28,654	2.3
Hawaii	31,253	32,671	4.5	Oregon	33,204	33,684	1.4
Idaho	27,768	28,163	1.4	Pennsylvania	34,978	35,808	2.4
Illinois	39,083	39,688	1.5	Rhode Island	33,603	34,810	3.6
Indiana	31,779	32,603	2.6	South Carolina	29,255	30,003	2.6
lowa	28,837	29,668	2.9	South Dakota	25,601	26,360	3.0
Kansas	30,153	30,825	2.2	Tennessee	31,520	32,531	3.2
Kentucky	30,021	30,904	2.9	Texas	36,045	36,248	0.6
Louisiana	29,131	30,115	3.4	Utah	30,077	30,585	1.7
Maine	28,815	29,736	3.2	Vermont	30,238	31,041	2.7
Maryland	38,253	39,382	3.0	Virginia	36,733	37,222	1.3
Massachusetts	44,975	44,954	(Z)	Washington	37,459	38,242	2.1
Michigan	37,391	38,135	2. 0	West Virginia	27,981	28,612	2.3
Minnesota	36,587	37,458	2.4	Wisconsin	31,540	32,464	2.9
Mississippi	25,923	26,665	2.9	Wyoming	28,043	28,975	3.3

Z Less than 0.5.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. "Annual Wages for All Covered Workers by State". See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cew/home.htm.

No. 622. Average Annual Pay by Selected Metropolitan Area: 2001 and 2002

[In dollars. Metropolitan areas ranked by average pay 2002. Includes data for Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas defined as of June 1999; see Appendix II. In the New England areas, the New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA) definitions were used. See source for details. See also headnote, Table 621]

Metropolitan area	2001	2002	Metropolitan area	2001	2002
Metropolitan areas	37,908	38,423	Rochester, MN	37,753	39,036
San Jose, ČA	65,931	63,056	Baltimore, MD	37,495	38,718
New York, NY	59,097	57,708	New London-Norwich, CT	38,505	38,650
San Francisco, CA	59,654	56,602	Huntsville, AL	36,727	38,571
New Haven-Bridgeport-Stamford-			Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	37,267	38,413
Waterbury-Danbury, CT	52,198	51,170	Dutchess County, NY	38,748	38,221
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	49,950	50,457	Ventura, CA	37,783	38,195
Jersey City, NJ	47,638	49,562	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	37,056	37,710
Newark, NJ	47,715	48,781	Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA	37,285	37,650
Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV	47,589	48,430	Springfield, IL	36,061	37,336
Trenton, NJ	46,831	47,969	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	36,379	37,195
Oakland, CA	45,920	46,877	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	36,050	37,168
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA	45,299	46,093	Corvallis, OR	35,525	36,766
Boston-Worcester-Lawrence-Lowell-			Richmond-Petersburg, VA	35,879	36,751
Brockton, MA-NH	45,766	45,685	Kansas City, MO-KS	35,794	36,731
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	44,701	45,185	Saint Louis, MO-IL	35,928	36,712
Hartford, CT	43,880	44,387	Indianapolis, IN	35,989	36,608
Boulder-Longmont, CO	44,310	44,037	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL	35,957	36,550
Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD	42,177	43,401	Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI	35,617	36,523
Chicago, IL	42,685	43,239	Flint, MI	35,995	36,507
Detroit, MI	42,704	43,224	Santa Rosa, CA	36,145	36,494
Dallas, TX	42,706	43,000	Brazoria, TX	35,655	36,253
Houston, TX	42,784	42,712	Columbus, OH	35,028	36,144
Denver, CO	42,351	42,133	Bloomington-Normal, IL	35,111	36,133
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	40,868	41,722	Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH	35,514	36,102
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	40,891	41,709	Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	35,514	36,045
Orange County, CA	40,252	41,219	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	35,355	35,994
Atlanta, GA	40,559	41,123	Birmingham, AL	34,519	35,940
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	40,231	41,121	Memphis, TN-AR-MS	34,603	35,922
Kokomo, IN	39,599	40,778	Lansing-East Lansing, MI	34,724	35,785
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	39,662	40,396	Santa Čruz-Watsonville, CA	35,022	35,721
Austin-San Marcos, TX	40,831	39,540	Miami, FL	34,524	35,694
Sacramento, CA	38,016	39,354	Des Moines, IA	34,303	35,641
San Diego, CA	38,418	39,305	Pittsburgh, PA	35,024	35,625
Ann Arbor, MI	37,582	39,220	Yolo, CĂ	35,352	35,591
Anchorage, AK	37,998	39,112	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI	35,429	35,444
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC	38,691	39,056	Madison, WI	34,097	35,410

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. "Annual Wages for All Covered Workers by Metropolitan Area". See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cew/home.htm.

No. 623. Full-Time Wage and Salary Workers—Number and Earnings: 2000 to 2003

[In current dollars of usual weekly earnings. Data represent annual averages (101,210 represents 101,210,000). Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census; see text this section. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation]

Characteristic	Number	of workers	(1,000)	Median w	eekly earnii	ngs (dol.)
	2000	2002	2003 ¹	2000	2002	2003 ¹
All workers ² SEX	101,210	100,081	100,302	576	608	620
Male	57,107	56,345	56,227	641	679	695
	6,770	6,317	6,158	375	391	398
	50,337	50,027	50,069	693	732	744
Female	44,103	43,737	44,076	493	529	552
	5,094	4,804	4,632	344	367	371
	39,009	38,933	39,444	516	568	584
RACE/ETHNICITY						
White ³ . Male. Female.	83,228	82,324	81,916	590	623	636
	48,085	47,417	47,001	662	702	715
	35,143	34,908	34,916	502	547	567
Black ³ . Male. Female.	12,410	12,109	11,887	474	498	514
	5,911	5,789	5,585	510	524	555
	6,500	6,319	6,301	429	473	491
Asian ^{3 4}	4,598	4,613	4,314	615	658	693
	2,538	2,556	2,442	685	756	772
	2,060	2,058	1,872	547	566	598
Hispanic origin ⁵	12,761	13,137	13,634	399	424	440
	8,077	8,272	8,677	417	451	464
	4,684	4,865	4,957	366	397	410
OCCUPATION						
Management, professional, and related occupations	34,831	35,441	35,680	810	859	887
	14,240	14,537	14,493	877	922	961
	9,952	10,180	10,115	937	982	1,023
	4,288	4,357	4,378	760	797	842
Professional and related occupations Computer and mathematical occupations Architecture and engineering occupations Life, physical, and social science occupations Community and social services occupations Legal occupations Education, training, and library occupations Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	20,590	20,904	21,186	770	823	845
	3,051	2,778	2,790	938	1,026	1,049
	2,781	2,465	2,487	949	1,009	1,053
	989	1,041	1,085	811	873	891
	1,641	1,824	1,814	629	658	686
	1,039	1,068	1,024	919	996	1,051
	5,467	5,708	5,884	704	740	754
	1,488	1,504	1,473	724	740	745
	4,134	4,517	4,630	727	794	816
Service occupations Healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Food preparation and serving related occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance Personal care and service occupations	12,595	13,136	13,333	365	396	403
	1,731	1,878	2,023	358	393	400
	2,281	2,390	2,405	591	659	630
	3,483	3,598	3,819	317	334	349
	3,354	3,360	3,280	351	378	390
	1,746	1,909	1,806	351	383	391
Sales and office occupations Sales and related occupations. Office and administrative support occupations.	25,606	24,983	25,108	492	527	545
	9,650	9,772	9,924	525	592	598
	15,956	15,211	15,184	480	511	523
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations . Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations . Construction and extraction occupations . Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .	10,958	10,780	11,082	582	597	608
	842	819	778	310	340	369
	5,852	5,974	5,973	580	589	599
	4,263	3,987	4,331	628	663	673
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations . Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations.	17,221	15,741	15,100	475	511	519
	10,378	9,055	8,599	471	508	519
	6,843	6,685	6,501	481	514	520

 $^{^2}$ Includes other races, not shown separately. 4 Prior to 2003, includes Pacific Islanders. 5 Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of ¹ See footnote 2, Table 569. only. See footnote 3, table 570. any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307, and Employment and Earnings, monthly, January 2004 issue. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 624. Workers With Earnings by Occupation of Longest Held Job and Sex: 2002

[Covers persons 15 years old and over as of March 2003. (71,411 represents 71,411,000). Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation]

		All wo	orkers		Full-time, year-round				
Major occupation of	Woi	men	Men		Woi	men	Men		
longest job held in 2002	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	
Total ¹	71,411	21,429	80,500	31,647	41,876	30,203	58,761	39,429	
occupations Professional and related occupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations	9,053 16,556 14,665 25,382	36,861 31,791 11,883 20,362	12,101 12,493 10,936 14,169	53,044 50,966 16,752 30,684	6,896 10,106 6,575 14,836	41,276 40,080 20,008 26,950	10,402 9,848 6,303 10,156	59,716 56,438 26,105 37,400	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	806 4,880	16,489 17,953	14,915 15,214	27,758 26,202	411 2,993	25,901 21,907	10,559 10,893	32,618 31,144	

¹ Includes people whose longest job in 2002 was in the Armed Forces.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P60-221. See Internet site http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/income02.html.

No. 625. Employment Cost Index (ECI)—Total Compensation by Occupation and Industry: 1985 to 2003

[As of December. The ECI is a measure of the rate of change in employee compensation (wages, salaries, and employer costs for employee benefits). Data are not seasonally adjusted: 1985 based on fixed employment counts from 1970 Census of Population; 1990 based on fixed employment counts from the 1980 Census of Population; beginning 1995 based primarily on 1990 Occupational Employment Survey]

Item		Index	es (Jun	e 1989=	=100)				change ending		
	1985	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	1985	1990	1995	2000	2003
Civilian workers ¹ Workers, by occupational group:	86.8	107.6	127.2	150.6	162.2	168.4	4.3	4.9	2.7	4.1	3.8
White-collar occupations	85.8	108.3	128.0	152.5	164.3	170.7	4.9	5.2	2.9	4.2	3.9
	88.4	106.5	125.8	146.5	157.5	163.7	3.3	4.4	2.5	4.2	3.9
	87.2	108.0	127.4	150.0	162.2	167.9	3.9	5.1	2.5	3.6	3.5
Manufacturing 2 Nonmanufacturing 2 Service industries Public administration 3	87.8	107.2	128.3	149.3	160.5	167.1	3.3	5.1	2.6	4.0	4.1
	86.4	107.8	126.8	150.7	162.4	168.6	4.7	4.9	2.8	4.1	3.8
	84.1	110.2	129.4	152.4	163.9	169.5	4.7	6.3	2.4	4.0	3.4
	85.4	108.7	128.3	148.3	161.7	168.1	4.9	5.3	3.3	2.7	4.0
State and local government	84.6	110.4	129.3	148.9	161.5	166.8	5.6	5.8	2.9	3.0	3.3
Workers, by occupational group: White-collar occupations Blue-collar workers. Workers, by industry division:	84.2	110.9	129.1	148.3	160.7	165.7	5.8	6.0	2.9	3.0	3.1
	86.7	108.7	128.0	147.2	159.8	165.2	5.3	4.8	2.6	3.3	3.4
Service industries: Schools. Elementary and secondary Colleges and universities Services, excluding schools ⁴ Public administration ³ .	84.0	111.3	129.6	148.9	160.9	165.7	5.9	6.3	2.8	3.0	3.0
	83.6	111.6	129.8	149.0	160.7	165.3	6.2	6.0	2.8	3.0	2.9
	83.6	112.1	130.1	148.1	158.8	163.7	6.4	6.3	2.8	2.8	3.1
	(NA)	110.2	128.7	151.7	165.8	170.0	(NA)	5.3	2.5	3.5	2.5
	85.2	110.2	129.4	148.8	162.8	168.2	4.7	6.8	3.0	3.5	3.3
	85.4	108.7	128.3	148.3	161.7	168.1	4.9	5.3	3.3	2.7	4.0
Private industry workers 5 Workers, by occupational group:	87.3	107.0	126.7	150.9	162.3	168.8	3.9	4.6	2.6	4.4	4.0
White-collar occupations	86.4	107.4	127.6	153.6	165.2	172.0	4.9	4.9	2.8	4.6	4.1
	88.5	106.4	125.6	146.4	157.3	163.6	3.1	4.4	2.4	4.2	4.0
	88.4	107.3	125.2	148.1	159.8	164.9	3.0	4.7	1.9	3.9	3.2
Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing ² Service industries ² Business services Health services Hospitals	87.8	107.2	128.3	149.3	160.5	167.1	3.3	5.1	2.6	4.0	4.1
	87.0	106.9	125.9	151.1	162.5	169.0	4.3	4.5	2.7	4.6	4.0
	84.1	109.3	129.4	154.1	165.4	171.4	(NA)	6.2	2.2	4.4	3.6
	(NA)	107.4	126.3	158.4	167.5	172.6	(NA)	6.0	2.7	4.3	3.0
	83.7	110.8	132.2	150.6	164.4	170.8	(NA)	6.8	2.7	4.4	3.9
	(NA)	110.7	131.3	151.1	168.1	175.9	(NA)	7.0	2.1	4.5	4.6
Workers by bargaining status: Union	86.3	106.2 107.3	127.7 126.5	146.9 151.6	159.5 162.8	166.8 169.1	2.6 4.6	4.3 4.8	2.8 2.7	4.0 4.4	4.6 3.9

NA Not available.

¹ Includes private industry and state and local government workers and excludes farm, household, and federal government workers.

² Includes other industries, not shown separately.

³ Consists of executive, legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.

⁴ Includes library, social, and health services. Formerly called hospitals and other services.

⁵ Excludes farm and household workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News, Employment Cost Index, quarterly; and Internet site http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm.

No. 626. Federal Minimum Wage Rates: 1950 to 2000

Year	Current dollars	Year	Current dollars
1950	0.75	1976	2.30
1951	0.75	1977	2.30
1952	0.75	1978	2.65
1953	0.75	1979	2.90
1954	0.75	1980	3.10
1955	0.75	1981	3.35
1956	1.00	1982	3.35
1957	1.00	1983	3.35
1958	1.00	1984	3.35
1959	1.00	1985	3.35
1960	1.00	1986	3.35
1961	1.15	1987	3.35
1962	1.15	1988	3.35
1963	1.25	1989	3.35
1964	1.25		
1965	1.25	1990	3.80
1966	1.25	1991	4.25
1967	1.40	1992	4.25
1968	1.60	1993	4.25
1969	1.60	1994	4.25
1970	1.60	1995	4.25
1971	1.60	1996	4.75
1972	1.60	1997	5.15
1973	1.60	1998	5.15
1974	2.00	1999	5.15
1975	2.10	2000	5.15

Source: U.S. Employment Standards Administration, Internet site: http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/flsa/>.

No. 627. Workers Paid Hourly Rates by Selected Characteristics: 2003

[Data are annual averages (72,946 represents 72,946,000). For employed wage and salary workers. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

	1	Number of (1,0			Percent h	s paid	Median hourly	
Characteristic	Takal maid	At c	r below \$5.1	15	At c	r below \$5.1	5	earnings of workers paid hourly rates ²
	Total paid — hourly rates	Total	At \$5.15	Below \$5.15	Total	At \$5.15	Below \$5.15	
Total, 16 years and over 3 16 to 24 years 16 to 19 years 25 years and over	72,946	2,100	545	1,555	2.9	. 7	2.1	10.85
	15,871	1,106	330	776	7.0	2.1	4.9	7.90
	5,412	534	212	322	9.9	3.9	5.9	6.93
	57,075	995	215	780	1.7	.4	1.4	12.05
Male, 16 years and over	35,853	706	213	493	2.0	.6	1.4	11.89
	8,031	391	154	237	4.9	1.9	3.0	8.14
	2,608	205	109	96	7.9	4.2	3.7	7.02
	27,823	314	58	256	1.1	.2	.9	13.25
Women, 16 years and over	37,093	1,394	332	1,062	3.8	.9	2.9	10.08
	7,841	713	175	538	9.1	2.2	6.9	7.59
	2,804	329	103	226	11.7	3.7	8.1	6.85
	29,252	681	157	524	2.3	.5	1.8	11.01
White ⁴	59,109	1,746	421	1,325	3.0	.7	2.2	10.97
	9,419	250	105	145	2.7	1.1	1.5	7.89
	2,528	51	5	46	2.0	.2	1.8	11.12
Hispanic origin ⁵	11,462	308	94	214	2.7	.8	1.9	9.76
Full-time workers	54,887	796	156	639	1.5	.3	1.2	11.96
	17,932	1,299	388	910	7.2	2.2	5.1	8.03
Private sector industries	63,945	1,986	492	1,494	3.1	.8	2.3	10.53
	16,702	112	32	80	.7	.2	.5	(NA)
	47,243	1,874	460	1,413	4.0	1.0	3.0	(NA)
	9,001	114	52	62	1.3	.6	.7	12.97

² For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular ¹ Excludes the incorporated self-employed. NA Not available. Na Not available. Excludes the incorporated self-employed. For definition of infliciality, see Gaudie to fability Presentation. Includes races not shown separately. Also includes a small number of multiple jobholders whose full-part-time status can not be determined for their principal job. For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. Working fewer than 35 hours per week. Includes agriculture, mining construction, and manufacturing. Includes wholesale and retail trade; transportation and utilities; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management, administrative and waste services; education services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodations and food services; and other services

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, January 2004 and unpublished data. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

No. 628. Employer Costs for Employee Compensation Per Hour Worked: 2004

[In dollars. As of March, for private industry workers. Based on a sample of establishments from the National Compensation Survey; see source for details. See also Appendix III]

Compensation component	Total	Goods produc- ing 1	Service produc- ing ²	Metro- politan areas 3	Non- metro- politan areas 3	Union mem- bers	Non- union mem- bers	Full- time workers	Part- time workers
Total compensation Wages and salaries Total benefits Paid leave Vacation Holiday Sick Other Supplemental pay Premium pay Shift pay Nonproduction bonuses	23.29 16.64 6.65 1.50 0.74 0.52 0.18 0.06 0.66 0.24 0.06 0.36	27.19 18.12 9.06 1.68 0.86 0.61 0.13 0.07 1.12 0.56 0.08 0.48	22.33 16.28 6.05 1.45 0.71 0.49 0.19 0.06 0.54 0.16 0.05 0.33	23.66 16.93 6.73 1.53 0.75 0.53 0.19 0.06 0.67 0.23 0.06 0.38	19.00 13.30 5.70 1.16 0.61 0.39 0.11 0.05 0.56 0.30 0.07	31.94 20.32 11.61 2.22 1.12 0.72 0.27 0.10 1.07 0.65 0.17 0.24	22.28 16.21 6.06 1.41 0.69 0.49 0.17 0.06 0.61 0.19 0.04 0.38	26.50 18.62 7.88 1.84 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	12.63 10.07 2.56 0.37 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Insurance	1.65 1.53 0.80 0.37 0.43	2.26 2.11 1.32 0.82 0.49	1.50 1.39 0.67 0.26 0.41	1.65 1.53 0.81 0.38 0.44	1.63 1.52 0.61 0.28 0.33	3.27 3.08 2.15 1.67 0.48	1.46 1.35 0.64 0.22 0.42	2.01 (NA) 0.98 (NA) (NA)	0.47 (NA) 0.18 (NA) (NA)
Legally required . Social Security and Medicare . Social Security. Medicare Federal unemployment . State unemployment . Workers compensation . Other benefits 4	2.01 1.39 1.12 0.27 0.03 0.13 0.45 0.04	2.59 1.56 1.26 0.30 0.03 0.17 0.84 0.08	1.86 1.35 1.09 0.27 0.03 0.12 0.35 0.02	2.03 1.42 1.14 0.28 0.03 0.13 0.45 0.04	1.73 1.15 0.93 0.22 0.03 0.13 0.42	2.79 1.76 1.42 0.34 0.03 0.18 0.82 0.10	1.92 1.35 1.08 0.27 0.03 0.13 0.40 0.03	2.20 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) 0.05	1.38 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)

⁻ Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. ¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS). See text, this section. Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming and hunting sector is excluded. ² Based on the 2002 NAICS. Includes utilities; wholesale and retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and enterprises, administrative and waste services; education services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodations and food services; and other services, except public administration. ³ Based on Office of Management and Budget definitions as of June 1994; see Appendix II. ⁴ Includes severance pay, and supplemental unemployment benefits.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, News*, USDL 04-1105, June 24, 2004. See Intenet site http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm.

No. 629. Employees With Employer- or Union-Provided Pension Plans or Group Health Plans: 2001

[Total in thousands (151,608 represents 151,608,000). For wage and salary workers 15 years old and over as of March 2002. Based on Current Population Survey, Annual Demographic Survey, March Supplement; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Data based on 1990 population controls]

		Perce	nt—			Perce	nt—
Occupation	Total (1,000)	Included in pen- sion plan	With group health plan	Characteristic	Total (1,000)	Included in pen- sion plan	With group health plan
Total Executive, admin., managerial Professional specialty	151,608 21,951 23,078	43.2 58.5 60.8	53.7 68.9 67.3	AGE Total	151,608 24,593 71,281	43.2 12.7 47.0	53.7 21.9 58.5
Technical/related support Sales workers	4,894 18,236 20,449	55.3 32.7 47.3	65.4 43.8 56.2	45 to 64 years	50,230 5,504	54.7 23.6	63.7 42.6
Precision prod., craft/repair	16,040	41.9		Worked	151,608 122,001 100,379	43.2 50.1 54.5	53.7 62.4 67.1
Mach. operators, assemblers ¹ Transportation/material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners ²	7,601 6,397 6,516	44.3 40.3 25.5	60.5 55.8 38.8	26 weeks or fewer Part time	13,177 8,445 29,607	36.7 19.0 14.4	49.8 26.2 17.9
Service workers	21,941 860 21,080	22.8 3.5 23.5	33.4 9.6 34.4	50 weeks or more	14,094 6,187 9,326	19.1 15.8 6.4	22.9 19.2 9.6
Farming, forestry and fishing		11.9		Under 25 persons	44,717 19,311 19,777	17.2 37.4 50.2	29.6 54.1 62.9
Armed Forces	653	70.2	36.2	500 to 999 persons Over 1,000 persons	8,467 59,336	56.4 60.4	65.9 67.0

¹ Includes inspectors. ² Includes helpers and laborers.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Pension Plan Coverage of Workers by Selected Characteristics, Sex, Race and Hispanic Origin and Proverty Status: 2001" and "All Workers and Poor Workers With Their Own Employment-Based Health Insurance Policy, by Employer Contribution and Selected Characteristics: 2001". See Internet site http://ferret.bls.census.gov/macro/032002/noncash/toc.htm.

Census

No. 630. Percent of Workers With Access to Selected Employee Benefits in Private Industry: 2003

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 2,924 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 103 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Tables 142 and 144]

					Emplo	oyer assistar	nce for child	care					
Characteristic	Paid holidays	Paid vacation	Paid jury duty	Paid military leave	Total	Employer provided funds	On-site and off-site child care	Child care resource and referral services	Adoption assistance	Long-term care insurance	Flexible work plans ¹	Employer provided home personal computer	Subsidized commuting ²
Total WORKER CHARACTERISTICS	79	79	70	50	18	3	5	10	9	11	4	2	5
White-collar occupations Blue-collar occupations Service occupations	86 85 54	84 84 61	79 69 46	59 46 34	26 10 10	5 1 2	7 2 4	15 6 5	13 6 2	16 7 4	6 1 1	3 1 1	7 4 2
Full time ³	91 43	91 40	77 45	56 33	21 11	4 2	5 4	12 5	10 5	13 4	4 3	3 1	6 2
Union ⁴	91 78	90 78	85 68	56 50	25 18	3 3	7 5	15 10	13 9	16 11	3 4	2 2	8 5
Average wage less than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or more	72 91	73 90	60 84	42 64	11 31	2 5	3 8	5 18	5 16	6 19	2 7	1 4	3 9
ESTABLISHMENT CHARACTERISTICS													
Goods producing	90 76 74 86	87 77 73 87	76 68 57 84	56 48 38 64	16 19 7 32	3 3 2 5	2 6 2 8	11 10 3 19	9 9 3 16	11 11 3 20	3 4 2 5	3 2 1 3	5 5 2 9
GEOGRAPHIC AREAS 5	70	70	74	F-1	04	4	-	10	10	10	4	0	0
Metropolitan areas	79 80	79 79	71 61	51 44	21 5	4 2	5 2	12 2	10 2	12 4	1	2 1	1
New England division Middle Atlantic division East North Central division West North Central division South Atlantic division East South Central division West South Central division West South Central division Mountain division Pacific division	77 83 83 74 79 81 77 75 80	79 85 81 71 80 79 79 73 79	69 72 73 70 71 72 68 71 62	54 54 53 50 50 45 53 51 41	22 24 21 17 15 16 14 19	2 4 3 4 4 2 2	8 6 6 6 3 4 3 5 3	12 14 11 8 9 7 8 12	11 12 10 7 9 4 8 7 8	11 12 10 7 14 7 10 7	4 4 5 2 2 4 2 5 5 5	2 3 2 2 1 1 2 1 3	8 8 2 3 2 5 6 6 10

¹ Arrangements permitting employees to work at home several days of the workweek. ² Employers subsidize employees' cost of commuting to and from work via public transportation, company sponsored van pool, discounted subway fares, etc. ³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. ⁵ Metropolitan areas as defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget in 1994; see Appendix II. For composition of divisions, see map, inside front cover.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employee Benefits in Private Industry, 2003, News, USDL 03-489, September 17, 2003. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm

No. 631. Workers Killed or Disabled on the Job: 1970 to 2002

[Data for 2002 are preliminary estimates (13.8 represents 13,800). Excludes homicides and suicides. Estimates based on data from the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, state vital statistics departments, state industrial commissions and beginning 1995, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Occupational Fatalities. Numbers of workers based on data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics]

			Dea	iths					Deaths	, 2001	
Year	Tot	al	Manufa	cturing	No manufa		Dis- abling	Year and industry group			Dis- abling injur-
	Num- ber (1,000)	Rate ¹	Num- ber (1,000)	Rate ¹	Num- ber (1,000)	Rate ¹	injur- ies ² (mil.)		Num- ber	Rate ¹	ies 2001 ² (1,000)
1970 1975	13.8 13.0	18 15	1.7 1.6	9	12.1 11.4	21 17	2.2	Total ³	4,900 730	3.6 21.0	3,700 150
1975	13.0	13	1.7	8	11.4	15	2.2	Mining and quarrying 5	150	29.1	10
1985	11.5	11	1.2	6	10.3	12	2.0	Construction	1.150	12.6	460
1990	10.1	9	1.0	5	9.1	9		Manufacturing	510	2.8	520
1995	5.0	4	0.6	3	4.4	4	3.6				
1998	5.1	4	0.6	3	4.5	4	3.8		810	10.1	390
1999	5.2	4	0.6	3	4.6	4	3.8		420	1.5	710
2000	5.0	4	0.6	3	4.4	4	3.9		630	1.3	900
2001	5.0	4	0.5	3	4.5	4	3.9	Government	500	2.4	560
2002	4.9	4	0.5	3	4.4	4	3.7				

¹ Per 100,000 workers. ² Disabling injury defined as one which results in death, some degree of physical impairment, or renders the person unable to perform regular activities for a full day beyond the day of the injury. Due to change in methodology, data beginning 1990 not comparable with prior years. ³ Includes deaths where industry is not known. ⁴ Includes forestry and fishing. ⁵ Includes oil and gas extraction. ⁶ Includes wholesale and retail trade. ⁷ Includes finance, insurance, and real Includes oil and gas extraction. estate.

No. 632. Worker Deaths, Injuries, and Production Time Lost: 1995 to 2002

[45.7 represents 45,700. Data may not agree with Table 631 because data here are not revised]

		Deaths (1,000)		Disab	ling injui (mil.)	ies 1		Pr		n time lo days)	st	
Item							In the	current	year	In future years		rs ²
	1995	2000	2002	1995	2000	2002	1995	2000	2002	1995	2000	2002
All accidents On the job Off the job. Motor vehicle Public nonmotor vehicle Home	45.7 5.3 40.4 22.9 7.5 10.0	47.0 5.2 41.8 22.8 8.3 10.7	49.6 4.9 44.7 23.1 7.8 13.8	9.9 3.6 6.3 1.2 2.3 2.8	10.5 3.9 6.6 1.2 2.8 2.6	10.8 3.7 7.1 1.2 2.6 3.3	225 75 150 (NA) (NA) (NA)	80 160 (NA) (NA) (NA)	250 80 170 (NA) (NA) (NA)	455 65 390 (NA) (NA) (NA)	460 60 400 (NA) (NA) (NA)	495 65 430 (NA) (NA) (NA)

¹ See footnote 2, Table 631 for a definition of disabling injuries. NA Not available. ² Based on an average of 5,850 days

No. 633. Industries With the Highest Total Case Incidence Rates for Nonfatal Injuries and Illnesses: 2002

[4,700.6 represents 4,700,600. Rates per 100 full-time employees. Industries shown are those with the highest rates for 2002. Rates refer to any OSHA-recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer, or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: Number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	1987 SIC ¹ code	Num- ber (1,000)	Rate	Industry	1987 SIC ¹ code	Num- ber (1,000)	Rate
Private industry ²	(X)	4,700.6	5.3	Aluminum foundries	3365	2.8	12.8
Malleable iron foundries	3322	0.4	18.3	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. 3.	3799	3.9	12.6
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	11.8	17.4	Nursing and personal care facili-			
Mobile homes	2451	8.5	17.0	ties		187.0	12.6
Ship building and repairing	3731	16.6	16.6	Electron tubes	3671	2.0	12.5
Aluminum die-castings	3363	5.4	15.9	Heating equipment, except electric.	3433	2.2	12.3
Truck trailers	3715	4.2	15.6	Air transportation, scheduled	451	97.0	12.3
Meat packing plants	2011	23.4	14.9	Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	12.5	12.0
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	48.5	14.8	Automotive stampings	3465	13.2	12.0
Structural wood member, n.e.c. 3	2439	7.0	14.1	Steel pipe and tubes	3317	3.2	11.9
Steel foundries, n.e.c. 3	3325	2.9	14.1	Livestock, except dairy and poultry.	021	5.1	11.8
Partitions and fixtures, except				Miscellaneous metal work	3449	1.9	11.8
wood	2542	4.3	13.9	Vitreous china table and kitchen-			
Fabricated structural metal	3441	11.7	13.7	ware	3262	0.5	11.7
Metal sanitary ware	3431	1.8	13.6	Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	375	2.1	11.6
Public building and related furni-				Concrete products, n.e.c. 3'	3272	9.8	11.4
ture	253	6.6	13.5	Steel wire and related products	3315	1.7	11.4
Truck and bus bodies	3713	5.9	13.4	Machine tools, metal forming types.	3542	1.4	11.4
Prefabricated wood buldings	2452	3.4	13.3	Travel trailers and campers	3792	2.7	11.4

¹ 1987 Standard Industrial Classification; see text, this section. ² Includes other industries not shown X Not applicable. separately. 13 N.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Workplace Injuries and Illnesses in 2002. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/iiif/

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, Accident Facts, annual through 1998 edition; thereafter, Injury Facts, annual-(copyright).

lost in future years per fatality and 565 days lost in future years per permanent injury.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, Accident Facts, annual through 1998 edition; thereafter, Injury Facts, annual-(copyright).

No. 634. Nonfatal Occupational Injury and Illness Incidence Rates: 2002

[Rates per 100 full-time employees. Except as noted, rates refer to any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer, or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: Number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time équivalent workers (working 40 hours, per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	1987 SIC ¹	Num- ber (1,000)	Rate	Industry	1987 SIC ¹	Num- ber (1,000)	Rate
Private sector ²	(X) A B	4,701 96 23	5.3 6.4 4.0	Local passenger transit Trucking and warehousing	41 42 44	29 125 12	7.9 7.0 6.8
Mining 3	10	1	4.1	Transportation by air		112	11.8
Coal mining 3	12	6	6.8	Transportation services	47	11	2.9
Oil and gas extraction	13	12	3.4	Communications	48	45	3.0
Nonmetallic minerals, exc. fuels 3.	14	5	3.8	Electric, gas, sanitary services	49	42	5.0
Construction		418		Wholesale and retail trade	F, G	1,228	5.3
General building contractors	15	80	6.2	Wholesale trade	F	322	5.2
Heavy construction, except	4.0	_,		Retail trade	G	906	5.3
building		54		Finance, insurance, real estate		115	1.7
Special trade contractors	17 D	285 1.160	7.5 7.2	Depository institutions	60 61	28 7	1.5 1.0
Manufacturing		758	7.9	Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers	62	3	.5
Lumber and wood products		736	10.1	Insurance carriers	63	21	1.6
Furniture and fixtures	25	45	9.9	Insurance agents, brokers, and	03		1.0
Stone, clay, and glass products		51	9.4	service	64	6	.9
Primary metal industries		60	10.3		65	46	3.5
Fabricated metal products		131	9.8	Holding and other investment	00	10	0.0
Industrial machinery and equip		119	6.7		67	4	1.8
Electronic/other electric equip		61		Services 5		1.278	4.6
Transportation equipment		170	10.1	Hotels and other lodging		-,	
Instruments/related products		26	3.3	places	70	88	6.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing				Personal services	72	29	3.0
industries		21	6.2	Business services	73	149	2.7
Nondurable goods	(X)	402	6.2	Auto repair, services, and			
Food and kindred products		156	9.3	parking	75	50	4.5
Tobacco products		1	4.0	Miscellaneous repair services	76	16	4.9
Textile mill products	22	21	5.2	Motion pictures	78	8	2.2
Apparel and other textile				Amusement and recreation			
products	23	21	4.6	services	79	69	6.3
Paper and allied products		34 50	5.6 4.0	Health services	80 81	624 7	7.4
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products		33	3.3	Legal services		38	.8 2.8
Petroleum and coal products		5	3.6	Social services		131	5.5
Rubber and misc. plastics	29	3	3.0	Museums, botanical, zoological	00	131	5.5
products	30	78	8.8	gardens	84	4	4.9
Leather and leather products	31	4	7.3	Membership organizations	86	18	2.6
Transportation/public utilities 4	F	383	6.1	Engineering and management	30	10	2.0
Railroad transportation 4		7	3.0	services	87	48	1.5
			0.0				1.0

X Not applicable. 1987 Standard Industrial Classification; see text, this section. Excludes farms with lewer unait in loyees. 3 Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health employees. Administration (MHSA), U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. Data provided by MSHA do not reflect 2002 OSHA recordkeeping requirements; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

4 Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Data do not reflect the 2002 OSHA recordkeeping requirements; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

5 Includes industries not shown seperately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Workplace Injuries and Illnesses in 2002. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/iif/>.

No. 635. Fatal Work Injuries by Event or Exposure: 2002

[See headnote, Table 636]

Cause	Number of fatalities	Percent distribu- tion	Cause	Number of fatalities	Percent distribu- tion
Total	5,534	100	Struck by object 1	505	9
Transportation accidents ¹	2,385 1,373	43 25	Struck by falling objects	302 38	5 1
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	636 373	11 7	Caught in or compressed by— Equipment or objects Collapsing materials	231	4
Nonhighway accident (farm, industrial premises)	323 194	6 4	Falls	719	13
Workers struck by a vehicle	356 71 64	6 1 1	Exposure to harmful substances or environments 1	539 289	10 5
Assaults and violent acts ¹	840 609 469 58	15 11 8	Exposure to caustic, noxious or allergenic substances	99 90 60	2 2 1
Stabbing	199	4	Fires and explosions	165	3
Contacts with objects and equipment 1 .	872	16	Other events and exposures	14	(Z)

¹ Includes other causes, not shown separately. Z Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)-Revised Data". See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoil.htm.

No. 636. Fatal Occupational Injuries by Industry and Event or Exposure: 2002

[For the 50 states and DC. Based on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. For details, see source. Due to methodological differences, data differ from those in Table 631]

		Event or exposure—Percent distribution								
Industry	1987 SIC ¹ code	Fatali- ties ²	Trans- portation incidents		Contact with objects ³	Falls	Expo- sure 4	Rate ⁵		
Total	(X)	5,534	43	15	16	13	10	4		
Private industry Agriculture, forestry, fishing Mining 6 Coal mining Oil and gas extraction Construction General building contractors Heavy construction, except	A B 12 13 C	4,978 790 122 25 72 1,125 189	42 49 31 - 35 26 25	14 8 - - 3 4	17 23 34 60 25 18 16	14 8 8 10 33 42	10 10 14 - 13 17	4 23 24 29 23 12		
building. Special trade contractors Manufacturing ⁶ Food and kindred products Lumber and wood products Transportation and public utilities ⁶ Local passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Transportation by air Electric, gas, sanitary services	17 D 20 24 E 41 42 45	246 665 564 64 142 910 60 584 71 81	45 19 30 30 34 72 43 77 96 48	3 7 13 - 7 52 5	25 16 36 23 58 8 - 10	13 38 12 16 - 5 - 4	14 21 8 9 - 7 - 4 - 26	3 4 20 11 9 21		
Wholesale trade Retail trade ⁶ Food stores Automotive dealer and	G	205 488 100	54 27 -	14 58 82	20 5 5	4 6 -	5 3 -	4 2 -		
service stations Eating and drinking places Finance, insurance, real estate Services ⁶ Business services. Auto repair, services, and	58 H I 73	68 126 88 682 165	50 17 35 39 40	43 71 40 25 25	10 7	6 14 12 18	6 12 10	2 1 2 2		
parking	75	114	42	20	21	-	9	7		
Government	J	556	54	22	6	6	5	3		

⁻ No data reported or data do not meet publication standards. X Not applicable. ¹ 1987 Standard Industrial Classification code, see text this section. ² Includes 4 fatalities in private industry in 2002 for which there was insufficient information to determine industry classification. Includes fatalities caused by other events and exposures, not shown separately. ³ Includes equipment. ⁴ Exposure to harmful substances or environments. ⁵ Rate per 100,000 employed civilians 16 years old and over. ⁶ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

No. 637. Work Stoppages: 1960 to 2003

[896 represents 896,000. Excludes work stoppages involving fewer than 1,000 workers and lasting less than 1 day. Information is based on reports of labor disputes appearing in daily newspapers, trade journals, and other public sources. The parties to the disputes are contacted by telephone, when necessary, to clarify details of the stoppages]

			Days	idle				Days	idle
Year	Number of stoppages 1	Workers involved ² (1,000)	Number ³ (1,000)	Percent estimated working time 4	Year	Number of stoppages 1	Workers involved ² (1,000)	Number ³ (1,000)	Percent estimated working time 4
1960	222	896	13,260	0.09	1986	69	533	11,861	0.05
1965	268	999	15,140	0.10	1987	46	174	⁵ 4,481	0.02
1970	381	2,468	52,761	0.29	1988	40	118	⁵ 4,381	0.02
1971	298	2,516	35,538	0.19	1989	51	452	16,996	0.07
1972	250	975	16,764	0.09	1990	44	185	5,926	0.02
1973	317	1,400	16,260	0.08	1991	40	392	4,584	0.02
1974	424	1,796	31,809	0.16	1992	35	364	3,989	0.01
1975	235	965	17,563	0.09	1993	35	182	3,981	0.01
1976	231	1,519	23,962	0.12	1994	45	322	5,020	0.02
1977	298	1,212	21,258	0.10	1995	31	192	5,771	0.02
1978	219	1,006	23,774	0.11	1996	37	273	4,889	0.02
1979	235	1,021	20,409	0.09	1997	29	339	4,497	0.01
1980	187	795	20,844	0.09	1998	34	387	5,116	0.02
1981	145	729	16,908	0.07	1999	17	73	1,996	0.01
1982	96	656	9,061	0.04	2000	39	394	20,419	0.06
1983	81	909	17,461	0.08	2001	29	99	1,151	(Z) (Z)
1984	62	376	8,499	0.04	2002	19	46	660	(Z)
1985	54	324	7,079	0.03	2003	14	129	4,091	0.01

Z Less than 0.005 percent.

Beginning in year indicated.

Workers counted more than once if involved in more than one stoppage during the year.

Resulting from all stoppages in effect in a year, including those that began in an earlier year.

Agricultural and government employees are included in the total working time; private household and forestry and fishery employees are excluded.

Revised since originally published.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)—Revised Data". See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoi1.htm.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Major Work Stoppages in 2003*, News, USDL 04-418, March 19, 2004. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cba/>.

No. 638. Labor Union Membership by Sector: 1983 to 2003

[See headnote, Table 640. (17,717.4 represents 17,717,400)]

Sector	1983	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL (1,000)									
Wage and salary workers: Union members Covered by unions	17,717.4	16,996.1	16,739.8	16,359.6	16,476.7	16,258.2	16,288.8	15,978.7	15,776.0
	20,532.1	19,358.1	19,057.8	18,346.3	18,182.3	17,944.1	17,878.1	17,501.6	17,448.4
Public sector workers: Union members. Covered by unions. Private sector workers:	5,737.2	5,743.1	6,485.0	6,927.4	7,058.1	7,110.5	7,147.5	7,327.2	7,324.1
	7,112.2	6,920.6	7,691.4	7,986.6	7,966.3	7,975.6	7,975.4	8,131.9	8,184.7
Union members Covered by unions	11,980.2	11,253.0	10,254.8	9,432.1	9,418.6	9,147.7	9,141.3	8,651.5	8,451.8
	13,419.9	12,437.5	11,366.4	10,359.8	10,216.0	9,968.5	9,902.7	9,369.7	9,263.7
PERCENT									
Wage and salary workers: Union members Covered by unions	20.1	18.0	16.1	14.9	13.9	13.5	13.5	13.3	12.9
	23.3	20.5	18.3	16.7	15.3	14.9	14.8	14.6	14.3
Public sector workers: Union members. Covered by unions. Private sector workers:	36.7	35.7	36.5	37.7	37.3	37.5	37.4	37.8	37.2
	45.5	43.1	43.3	43.5	42.1	42.0	41.7	41.9	41.5
Union members Covered by unions	16.5	14.3	11.9	10.3	9.4	9.0	9.0	8.6	8.2
	18.5	15.9	13.2	11.3	10.2	9.8	9.7	9.3	9.0

Source: The Bureau of National Affairs, Inc., Washington, DC, *Union Membership and Earnings Data Book: Compilations from the Current Population Survey (2004 edition)*, (copyright by BNA PLUS); authored by Barry Hirsch of Trinity University, San Antonio, TX and David Macpherson of Florida State University. Internet site http://www.bna.com/bnaplus/laborrpts.html>.

No. 639. Union Members by Selected Characteristics: 2003

[Annual averages of monthly data (122,358 represents 122,358,000). Covers employed wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Excludes self-employed workers whose businesses are incorporated although they technically qualify as wage and salary workers. Based on Current Population Survey, see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

		oyed wage lary worker		Median usual weekly earnings ³ (dol.)					
Characteristic		Per	cent						
	Total (1,000)	Union mem- bers ¹	Represented by unions 2	Total	Union mem- bers ¹	Represented by unions 2	Not repre- sented by unions		
Total ⁴ . 16 to 24 years old 25 to 34 years old 35 to 44 years old 45 to 54 years old 55 to 64 years old 55 to 64 years old 65 years and over	122,358 18,904 28,179 30,714 27,567 13,633 3,361	12.9 5.1 11.0 14.0 17.6 16.9 7.7	14.3 5.9 12.3 15.4 19.3 18.7 8.8	620 387 594 687 723 708 516	760 497 707 787 812 797 619	755 494 701 783 807 798 624	599 381 580 665 695 678 504		
Men. Women White 5 Men Women Black 5 Men Women Asian 5 Men Women Hispanic 6 Men Women Women	63,236 59,122 100,589 52,827 47,762 13,928 6,302 7,626 5,096 2,699 2,397 16,068 9,567 6,501	14.3 11.4 12.5 14.0 10.8 16.5 18.3 15.0 11.4 11.0 11.9 10.7	15.6 12.9 13.8 15.2 18.2 19.8 16.9 12.9 12.1 11.9	695 552 636 715 567 514 555 491 693 772 598 440 464	805 696 779 827 711 665 693 633 759 783 710 632 664 586	802 691 774 825 707 654 687 622 760 775 723 622 652 584	667 523 612 688 539 491 518 467 681 771 587 419 437		
Private sector industry ⁷ Agriculture and related industries. Mining. Construction Manufacturing Wholesale and retail trade Transportation and utilities Information Financial activities. Professional and business services Education and health services. Leisure and hospitality Other services Public sector	102,648 1,089 504 7,126 16,130 18,343 4,942 3,297 8,360 10,588 16,635 10,207 5,425 19,710	8.2 1.6 9.1 16.0 13.5 6.2 26.2 13.6 2.1 2.3 8.0 2.8 3.3 37.2	9.0 2.1 10.5 16.7 14.3 14.6 27.3 14.6 2.8 2.9 9.4 3.3 3.7 41.5	603 397 797 615 637 533 704 776 691 692 598 400 515 728	717 (B) (B) 884 689 590 817 868 618 699 670 497 726 801	713 (B) 783 873 689 586 816 862 625 691 684 485 709 795	592 396 799 580 626 528 653 758 694 692 590 395 510 656		

B Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.

Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a labor union.

Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

For full-time employed wage and salary workers.

Includes races not shown separately. Also includes a small number of multiple jobholders whose full- and part- time status can not be determined for their principal job.

For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570.

Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race.

See headnote, Table 586.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, January 2004. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

No. 640. Labor Union Membership by State: 1983 and 2003

[Annual averages of monthly figures (17,717.4 represents 17,717,400). For wage and salary workers in agriculture and non-agriculture. Data represent union members by place of residence. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error. For methodological details, see source]

				Percent of workers—						
State	Union m (1,0	nembers 100)		covered s (1,000)	Union me	mbers	Covered by	unions	Priva sector u memb	ınion
	1983	2003	1983	2003	1983	2003	1983	2003	1983	2003
United States	17,717.4	15,776.0	20,532.1	17,448.4	20.1	12.9	23.3	14.3	16.5	8.2
Alabama ¹	228.2	147.0	268.2	172.4	16.9	8.1	19.8	9.5	15.3	5.2
	41.7	59.1	49.2	65.0	24.9	22.3	29.3	24.6	17.3	11.4
	125.0	113.1	156.4	139.7	11.4	5.2	14.3	6.4	8.6	3.4
	82.2	49.8	103.2	60.6	11.0	4.8	13.8	5.9	10.2	3.4
	2,118.9	2,414.2	2,505.2	2,646.9	21.9	16.8	25.9	18.4	17.7	9.6
Colorado	177.9	155.9	209.6	180.2	13.6	7.8	16.0	9.0	11.2	5.2
	314.0	228.7	345.1	244.0	22.7	15.4	25.0	16.4	16.7	8.3
	49.2	41.9	54.1	45.7	20.1	11.4	22.1	12.5	15.9	6.6
	52.4	39.0	69.4	46.0	19.5	14.6	25.9	17.2	15.2	9.8
	393.7	407.2	532.9	557.0	10.2	6.1	13.8	8.4	7.1	3.3
Georgia ¹	267.0	249.2	345.1	298.0	11.9	6.7	15.3	8.0	11.1	4.5
	112.6	121.7	124.9	126.7	29.2	23.8	32.4	24.8	21.9	16.1
	41.3	38.6	53.7	47.0	12.5	7.0	16.2	8.6	10.3	4.5
	1,063.8	966.9	1,205.1	1,003.4	24.2	17.9	27.4	18.6	21.5	12.9
	503.3	327.4	544.5	352.0	24.9	11.8	27.0	12.7	25.0	9.3
lowa ¹	185.9	156.8	231.3	196.3	17.2	11.5	21.5	14.4	14.6	7.8
	125.2	95.5	170.4	123.9	13.7	7.9	18.7	10.3	12.2	6.2
	223.7	175.0	259.8	215.9	17.9	10.4	20.8	12.8	18.2	8.7
	204.2	109.2	267.8	132.4	13.8	6.5	18.1	7.9	11.0	4.4
	88.0	72.5	100.4	81.1	21.0	12.8	24.0	14.3	14.2	6.7
Maryland	346.5	354.1	423.1	410.0	18.5	14.3	22.6	16.5	14.4	9.2
	603.2	415.5	661.4	454.4	23.7	14.2	26.0	15.5	17.6	7.9
	1,005.4	919.0	1,084.6	968.2	30.4	21.9	32.8	23.1	25.3	16.6
	393.9	414.0	439.4	440.7	23.2	17.0	25.9	18.1	17.1	10.1
	79.4	55.4	99.7	73.1	9.9	5.0	12.5	6.6	9.0	4.5
Missouri	374.4	336.5	416.7	362.7	20.8	13.2	23.2	14.2	21.5	10.8
Montana	49.5	50.3	55.5	53.7	18.3	14.0	20.5	14.9	14.8	7.7
Nebraska ¹	80.6	64.4	94.8	87.2	13.6	7.9	16.0	10.6	9.7	4.4
Nevada ¹	90.0	136.1	106.7	148.5	22.4	14.4	26.6	15.8	19.6	11.9
New Hampshire	48.5	56.5	60.8	68.8	11.5	9.3	14.4	11.3	7.5	4.7
New Jersey	822.1	737.1	918.2	800.7	26.9	19.5	30.0	21.2	21.1	11.7
New Mexico	52.6	56.7	70.6	70.5	11.8	7.6	15.8	9.5	10.1	4.8
New York	2,155.6	1,935.8	2,385.9	2,017.2	32.5	24.6	36.0	25.6	24.0	14.8
North Carolina 1	178.7	111.4	238.1	134.6	7.6	3.1	10.2	3.8	5.4	2.1
North Dakota 1	28.4	20.9	35.1	25.7	13.2	7.3	16.3	9.0	9.5	3.5
Ohio Oklahoma ² Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	1,011.0	850.3	1,125.0	922.8	25.1	16.7	27.9	18.1	22.5	11.2
	131.5	96.2	168.2	111.1	11.5	6.8	14.7	7.9	9.1	3.9
	222.9	229.9	261.9	240.1	22.3	15.7	26.2	16.4	16.4	8.9
	1,195.7	794.3	1,350.0	847.3	27.5	15.1	31.1	16.1	23.2	9.4
	85.8	84.0	93.7	86.5	21.5	17.0	23.5	17.5	13.7	9.0
South Carolina 1 South Dakota 1 Tennessee 1 Texas 1 Utah 1	69.6	71.3	100.6	89.7	5.9	4.2	8.6	5.3	3.9	2.7
	26.8	19.1	34.8	22.7	11.5	5.4	14.9	6.4	8.0	3.1
	252.4	178.8	300.9	218.4	15.1	7.5	18.0	9.2	12.4	5.2
	583.7	508.2	712.8	620.9	9.7	5.6	11.9	6.8	8.1	3.4
	81.6	53.0	100.9	68.7	15.2	5.2	18.9	6.8	11.3	2.2
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming 1	25.9	27.2	31.5	32.9	12.6	9.7	15.3	11.7	6.7	4.7
	268.3	209.9	346.1	251.0	11.7	6.5	15.1	7.7	10.2	4.1
	419.9	501.5	499.7	530.7	27.1	19.7	32.3	20.9	22.0	13.1
	142.7	87.8	160.6	95.3	25.3	13.1	28.5	14.2	26.1	10.3
	465.5	414.4	526.7	437.9	23.8	15.9	26.9	16.8	19.8	10.0
	27.1	17.8	31.8	22.0	13.9	8.0	16.2	9.8	10.4	5.1

¹ Right to work state. ² Passed right to work law in 2001.

Source: The Bureau of National Affairs, Inc., Washington, DC, *Union Membership and Earnings Data Book: Compilations from the Current Population Survey (2004 edition)*, (copyright by BNA PLUS); authored by Barry Hirsch of Trinity University, San Antonio, TX, and David Macpherson of Florida State University. Internet site http://www.bna.com/bnaplus/laborrpts.html.